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# ***Military Grade IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA***

***DS0120 Datasheet***



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# IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Military Grade AC/DC Electrical Characteristics

## 1. Introduction

Microsemi®’s military grade SmartFusion®2 system-on-chip (SoC) field programmable gate array (FPGA) and IGLOO®2 FPGA families integrate an industry standard 4-input lookup table-based (LUT) FPGA fabric with integrated mathblocks, multiple embedded memory blocks, and high-performance SERDES communications interfaces on a single chip. Both families benefit from low power flash technology and are the most secure and reliable FPGAs in the industry. These next generation devices offer up to 150K Logic Elements, up to five MB of embedded RAM, up to 16 SERDES lanes, and up to four PCI Express Gen 1 endpoints, as well as integrated hard DDR3 memory controllers with error correction.

SmartFusion2 military grade devices integrate an entire low power real time Microcontroller Subsystem with a rich set of Industry standard peripherals including Ethernet, USB, and CAN, while the IGLOO2 military devices integrate a high-performance memory subsystem with on-chip flash, 32 Kbyte embedded SRAM, and multiple DMA controllers.

## 2. Device Status

For more information on device status, refer to the "[Datasheet Categories](#)".

**Table 1 • IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Device Status**

<b>Design Security Device Densities</b>	<b>Status</b>
010T	Production
025T	Production
050T	Production
060T	Preliminary
090T	Production
150T	Production
<b>Data Security Device Densities</b>	<b>Status</b>
010TS	Production
025TS	Production
050TS	Production
060TS	Preliminary
090TS	Production
150TS	Production

### 3. Product Briefs and Pin Descriptions

The product brief and pin descriptions are published separately:

- PB0121: IGLOO2 Product Brief
- DS0124: IGLOO2 Pin Descriptions
- PB0115: SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Product Brief
- DS0115: SmartFusion2 Pin Descriptions

### 4. General Specifications

#### 4.1 Operating Conditions

Stresses beyond those listed in Table 2 may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under the recommended operating conditions specified in Table 2 is not implied.

**Table 2 • Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Units	Notes
		Min	Max		
VDD	DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin.	-0.3	1.32	V	-
VPP	Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming). Must always power this pin.	-0.3	3.63	V	-
MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	-0.3	3.63	V	-
HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	-0.3	3.63	V	-
FDDR_PLL_VDDA	Analog power pad for FDDR PLL	-0.3	3.63	V	-
PLL0_PLL1_MSS_MDDR_VDDA	Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	-0.3	3.63	V	-
PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_VDDA	Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	-0.3	3.63	V	-
CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA	Analog power pad for PLL0-5	-0.3	3.63	V	-
SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA	High supply voltage for PLL SERDES[01]	-0.3	3.63	V	-
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAPLL	Analog power for SERDES[01] PLL lane0 to lane3. This is a +2.5 V SERDES internal PLL supply.	-0.3	2.75	V	-
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAIO	TX/RX analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for the lanes of SERDESIF0. This is a +1.2 V SERDES PMA supply.	-0.3	1.32	V	-
SERDES_[01]_VDD	PCIe®/PCS power supply	-0.3	1.32	V	-
VDDIx	DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIO I/O Bank	-0.3	3.63	V	-
	DC FPGA I/O buffer supply voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O Banks	-0.3	2.75	V	-
VI	I/O Input voltage for MSIO I/O Bank	-0.3	3.63	V	-
	I/O Input voltage for MSIOD/DDRIO I/O Bank	-0.3	2.75	V	-
VPPNVM	Analog sense circuit supply of embedded nonvolatile memory (eNVM). Must be shorted to VPP.	-0.3	3.63	V	-

**Table 2 • Absolute Maximum Ratings (continued)**

Symbol	Parameter	Limits		Units	Notes
		Min	Max		
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C	*
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction temperature	-	135	°C	-

*Note:* \* For flash programming and retention maximum limits, refer to Table 4 on page 14. For recommended operating conditions, refer to Table 3.

**Table 3 • Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating Junction Temperature	Military	-55	25	125	°C	-
	Programming Junction Temperature	-	0	25	85	°C	-
		-	-40	25	100	°C	1
VDD	DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin.	-	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	-
VPP	Power Supply for Charge Pumps (for Normal Operation and Programming) for 010, 025, 050 Devices	2.5 V Range	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	-
		3.3 V Range	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	-
	Power Supply for Charge Pumps (for Normal Operation and Programming) for 090, and 150 devices	3.3 V Range	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	-
MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	2.5 V Range	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	-
		3.3 V Range	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	-
HPMS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA	Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	2.5 V Range	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	-
		3.3 V Range	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	-
FDDR_PLL_VDDA	Analog power pad for FDDR PLL	2.5 V Range	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	-
		3.3 V Range	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	-
PLL0_PLL1_MSS_MDDR_VDDA	Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	2.5 V Range	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	-
		3.3 V Range	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	-

**Table 3 • Recommended Operating Conditions (continued)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
PLL0_PLL1_HPMS_MDDR_VDDA	Analog power pad for MDDR PLL	2.5 V Range	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	–
		3.3 V Range	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	–
CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA	Analog power pad for PLL0-5	2.5 V Range	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	–
		3.3 V Range	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	–
SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA	High supply voltage for PLL SERDES[01]	2.5 V Range	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	2
		3.3 V Range	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	2
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAPLL	Analog power for SERDES[01] PLL lanes 0-3. It is a +2.5 V SERDES internal PLL supply.	–	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	–
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAIO	TX/RX analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for the lanes of SERDESIF0. It is a +1.2 V SERDES PMA supply.	–	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	–
SERDES_[01]_VDD	PCIe/PCS Power supply	–	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	–
VDDIx	1.2 V DC supply voltage	–	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	–
	1.5 V DC supply voltage	–	1.425	1.5	1.575	V	–
	1.8 V DC supply voltage	–	1.71	1.8	1.89	V	–
	2.5 V DC supply voltage	–	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	–
	3.3 V DC supply voltage	–	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	–
	LVDS differential I/O	–	2.375	2.5	3.45	V	–
	BLVDS, MLVDS, Mini-LVDS, RSDS differential I/O	–	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	–
VREFx	Reference Voltage Supply for FDDR (Bank0) and MDDR(Bank5)	–	$0.49 \times$	$0.5 \times$	$0.51 \times$	V	–
			VDDIx	VDDIx	VDDIx		

**Table 3 • Recommended Operating Conditions (continued)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
VPPNVM	Analog sense circuit supply of embedded nonvolatile memory (eNVM). Must be shorted to VPP	2.5 V Range	2.375	2.5	2.625	V	–
		3.3 V Range	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	–
<i>Notes:</i> 1. Programming at this temperature range is available only with VPP in 3.3 V Range 2. Power supply ramps must all be strictly monotonic, without plateaus.							

**Table 4 • FPGA Operating Limits**

Product Grade	Element	Programming Temperature	Operating Temperature	Programming Cycles	Retention (Biased/Unbiased)	Note
Military	FPGA	Min T <sub>J</sub> = 0°C Max T <sub>J</sub> = 85°C	Min T <sub>J</sub> = -55°C Max T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	500	10 Years	–
		Min T <sub>J</sub> = -40°C Max T <sub>J</sub> = 100°C	Min T <sub>J</sub> = -55°C Max T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	500	10 Years	*
<i>Note:</i> *: Programming at this temperature range is available only with VPP in 3.3 V Range						

**Table 5 • Embedded Flash Limits**

Product Grade	Element	Programming Temperature	Maximum Operating Temperature	Programming Cycles	Retention (Biased/Unbiased)
Military	Embedded flash	Min T <sub>J</sub> = -55°C Max T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	Min T <sub>J</sub> = -55°C Max T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	< 10,000 cycles per pages, up to one million cycles per eNVM array	10 Years

**Table 6 • Device Storage Temperature and Retention**

Product Grade	Storage Temperature (Tstg)	Retention
Military	Min T <sub>J</sub> = -55°C Max T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	10 Years

## 4.2 Overshoot/Undershoot Limits

For AC signals, the input signal may undershoot during transitions to -1.0 V for no longer than 10% or the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100mA.

For AC signals, the input signal may overshoot during transitions to VCCI + 1.0 V for no longer than 10% of the period. The current during the transition must not exceed 100mA.

**Note:** The above specification does not apply to the PCI standard. The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 PCI I/Os are compliant to the PCI standard including the PCI overshoot/undershoot specifications.

## 4.3. Thermal Characteristics

### 4.3.1 Introduction

The temperature variable in the Microsemi SoC Products Group Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient, case, or board temperatures. This is an important distinction because dynamic and static power consumption will cause the chip's junction temperature to be higher than the ambient, case, or board temperatures.

EQ 1 through EQ 3 give the relationship between thermal resistance, temperature gradient, and power.

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P}$$

EQ 1

$$\theta_{JB} = \frac{T_J - T_B}{P}$$

EQ 2

$$\theta_{JC} = \frac{T_J - T_C}{P}$$

EQ 3

where

$\theta_{JA}$  = Junction-to-air thermal resistance

$\theta_{JB}$  = Junction-to-board thermal resistance

$\theta_{JC}$  = Junction-to-case thermal resistance

$T_J$  = Junction temperature

$T_A$  = Ambient temperature

$T_B$  = Board temperature (measured 1.0 mm away from the package edge)

$T_C$  = Case temperature

$P$  = Total power dissipated by the device

**Table 7 • Package Thermal Resistance**

Product M2GL/M2S	$\theta_{JA}$			$\theta_{JB}$	$\theta_{JC}$	Units
	Still Air	1.0 m/s	2.5 m/s			
<b>010</b>						
FG484	18.22	14.83	13.62	8.83	4.92	°C/W
<b>025</b>						
FG484	17.03	13.66	12.45	7.66	4.18	°C/W
<b>050</b>						
FG484	15.29	12.19	10.99	6.27	3.24	°C/W
<b>060</b>						
FG484	15.40	12.06	10.85	6.14	3.15	°C/W
<b>090</b>						
FG484	14.64	11.37	10.16	5.43	2.77	°C/W
<b>150</b>						
FC1152	9.08	6.81	5.87	2.56	0.38	°C/W

### 4.3.2 Theta-JA

Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) is determined under standard conditions specified by JEDEC (JESD-51), but it has little relevance in actual performance of the product. It must be used with caution, but it is useful for comparing the thermal performance of one package to another.

The maximum power dissipation allowed is calculated using EQ 4.

$$\text{Maximum Power Allowed} = \frac{T_{J(\text{MAX})} - T_{A(\text{MAX})}}{\theta_{JA}}$$

EQ 4

The absolute maximum junction temperature is 100°C. EQ 5 shows a sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for the M2GL050-FG484 package at Military temperature and in still air, where:

$$\theta_{JA} = 15.29^{\circ}\text{C/W (taken from Table 7 on page 15)}$$

$$T_A = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$\text{Maximum Power Allowed} = \frac{100^{\circ}\text{C} - 85^{\circ}\text{C}}{15.29^{\circ}\text{C/W}} = 0.981 \text{ W}$$

EQ 5

The power consumption of a device can be calculated using the Microsemi SoC Products Group power calculator. The device's power consumption must be lower than the calculated maximum power dissipation by the package.

If the power consumption is higher than the device's maximum allowable power dissipation, a heat sink can be attached on top of the case, or the airflow inside the system must be increased.

### 4.3.3 Theta-JB

Junction-to-board thermal resistance ( $\theta_{JB}$ ) measures the ability of the package to dissipate heat from the surface of the chip to the PCB. As defined by the JEDEC (JESD-51) standard, the thermal resistance from junction to board uses an isothermal ring cold plate zone concept. The ring cold plate is simply a means to generate an isothermal boundary condition at the perimeter. The cold plate is mounted on a JEDEC standard board with a minimum distance of 5.0 mm away from the package edge.

### 4.3.4 Theta-JC

Junction-to-case thermal resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ ) measures the ability of a device to dissipate heat from the surface of the chip to the top or bottom surface of the package. It is applicable for packages used with external heat sinks. Constant temperature is applied to the surface in consideration and acts as a boundary condition.

This only applies to situations where all or nearly all of the heat is dissipated through the surface in consideration.



## 5. Power Consumption

### 5.1 Quiescent Supply Current

**Table 8 • Quiescent Supply Current Characteristics**

Power Supplies/Blocks	Modes and Configurations		Notes
	Non-Flash*Freeze Mode	Flash*Freeze Mode	
FPGA Core	On	Off	–
VDD / SERDES_[01]_VDD	On	On	1
VPP / VPPNVM	On	On	–
MDDR_PLL_VDDA CCC_XX[01]_PLL_VDDA PLL0_PLL1_MDDR_VDDA FDDR_PLL_VDDA	0 V	0 V	–
SERDES_[01]_PLL_VDDA	0 V	0 V	3
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAPLL / VDD_2V5	On	On	3
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAIIO	On	On	3
VDDIx	On	On	2, 4
VREFx	On	On	–
MSSDDR CLK	32 kHz	32 kHz	–
RAM	On	Sleep state	–
HPMS Controller	50 MHz	50 MHz	–
50 MHz Oscillator (enable/disable)	Enabled	Disabled	–
1 MHz Oscillator (enable/disable)	Disabled	Disabled	–
Crystal Oscillator (enable/disable)	Disabled	Disabled	–

**Notes:**

- SERDES\_[01]\_VDD Power Supply is shorted to VDD.
- VDDIx has been set to ON for test conditions as described. Banks on the east side should always be powered with the appropriate VDDI Bank supplies. For details on bank power supplies, refer to the “Recommendation for Unused Bank Supplies” table in the AC393: SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Board Design Guidelines Application Note.
- SERDES and DDR blocks to be unused.
- No Differential (that is to say, LVDS) I/O’s or ODT attributes to be used.

**Table 9 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current – Typical Process**

Parameter	Modes	Conditions	010	025	050	090	150	Units
			VDD=1.2 V	VDD=1.2 V	VDD=1.2 V	VDD=1.2 V	VDD=1.2 V	
IDC1	Non-Flash*Freeze	Typical (T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C)	6.9	8.9	13.1	15.4	27.5	mA
		Military (T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C)	73.0	106.4	180.9	217.5	390.5	mA
IDC2	Flash*Freeze	Typical (T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C)	2.6	3.7	5.1	5.1	8.9	mA
		Military (T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C)	55.6	74.2	98.5	99.5	161.0	mA

**Table 10 • SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current – Worst-Case Process**

Parameter	Modes	Conditions	010	025	050	090	150	Units
			VDD=1.26 V	VDD=1.26 V	VDD=1.26 V	VDD=1.26 V	VDD=1.26 V	
IDC1	Non-Flash*Freeze	Military (T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C)	151.5	227.4	358.9	443.1	660.4	mA
IDC2	Flash*Freeze	Military (T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C)	127.2	144.2	174.6	195.0	236.3	mA

## 5.2 Programming Currents

The tables below represent programming, verify and Inrush currents for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGA devices.

**Table 11 • Currents During Program Cycle, 0°C ≤ T<sub>J</sub> ≤ 85°C, Typical Process**

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	010	025	050	090	150	Units	Notes
VDD	1.26	53	55	58	42	52	mA	–
VPP	3.46	11	6	10	12	12	mA	–
VPPNVM	3.46	2	2	3	3	–	mA	*
VDDI	2.62	16	17	1	12	81	mA	**
	3.46	31	36	1	17	84	mA	**
Number of banks		8	8	10	9	19	–	–

*Notes:*

\* VPP and VPPNVM are internally shorted.

\*\* The current for 050 represents JTAG I/O Bank only.

**Table 12 • Currents During Verify Cycle, 0°C ≤ T<sub>J</sub> ≤ 85°C, Typical Process**

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	010	025	050	090	150	Units	Notes
VDD	1.26	53	55	58	41	51	mA	–
VPP	3.46	5	3	15	11	12	mA	–
VPPNVM	3.46	0	0	1	1	–	mA	*
VDDI	2.62	16	17	1	11	81	mA	**
	3.46	32	36	1	17	84	mA	**
Number of banks		8	8	10	9	19	–	–

*Notes:*

\* VPP and VPPNVM are internally shorted.

\*\* The current for 050 represents JTAG I/O Bank only.

**Table 13 • Inrush Currents at Power up, –55°C ≤ T<sub>J</sub> ≤ 125°C, Typical Process**

Power Supplies	Voltage (V)	010	025	050	090	150	Units
VDD	1.26	53	78	57	98	140	mA
VPP	3.46	57	50	180	36	51	mA

**Table 13 • Inrush Currents at Power up,  $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Typical Process**

VDDI	2.62	141	161	187	283	404	mA
Number of banks		8	8	10	9	19	–

## 6. Average Fabric Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

**Table 14 • Average Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors for Fabric Timing Delays**  
(Normalized to  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Worst-Case VDD = 1.14 V)

Core Voltage VDD (V)	Junction Temperature ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )							
	$-55^{\circ}\text{C}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$	$0^{\circ}\text{C}$	$25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$70^{\circ}\text{C}$	$85^{\circ}\text{C}$	$100^{\circ}\text{C}$	$125^{\circ}\text{C}$
1.14	0.91	0.91	0.93	0.94	0.96	0.97	0.98	1.00
1.2	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.90
1.26	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.77	0.79	0.80	0.81	0.75

## 7. Timing Model

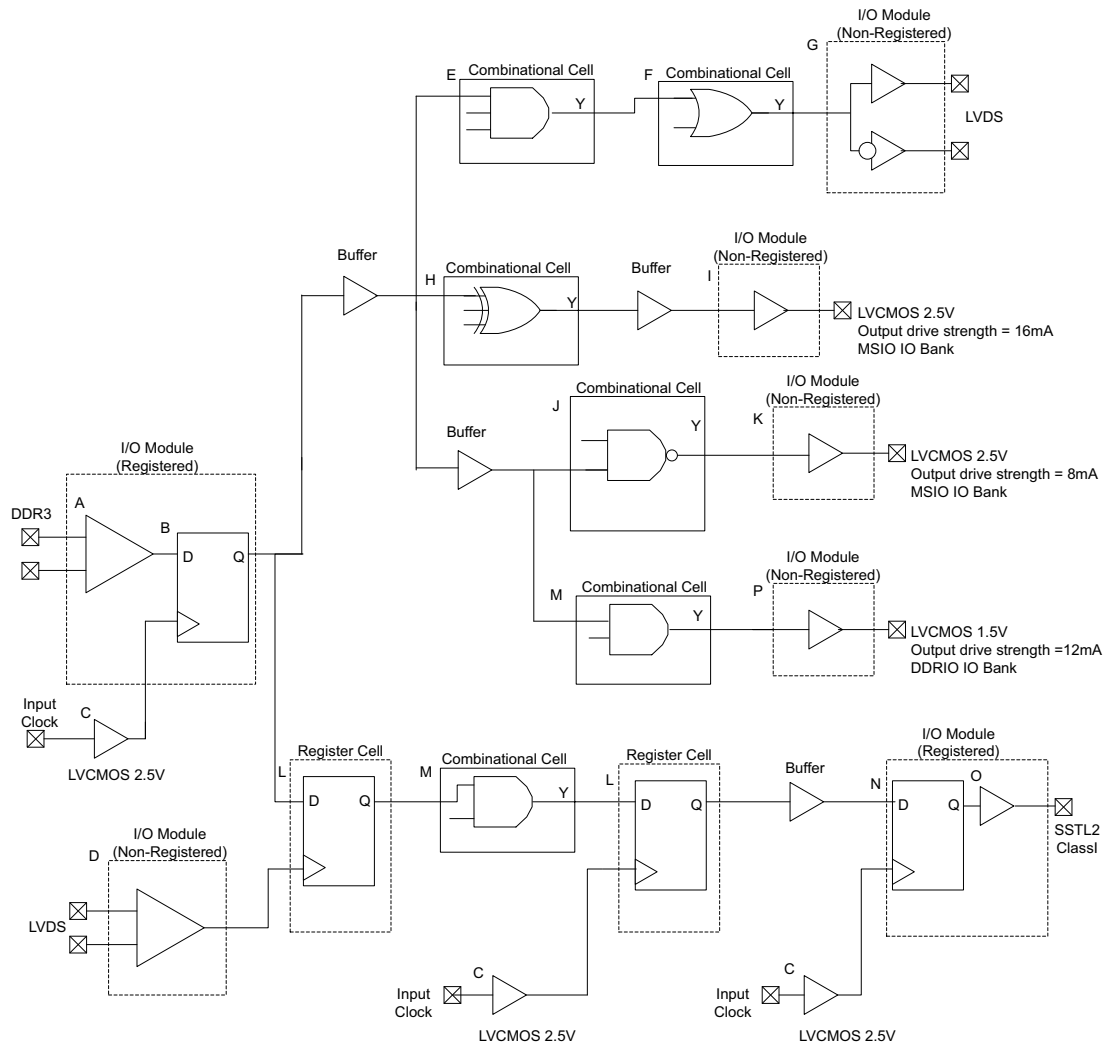


Figure 1 • Timing Model

**Table 15 • Timing Model Parameters**

Index	Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1	Units	Notes
A	$t_{PY}$	Propagation Delay of DDR3 Receiver	1.672	ns	Refer to page 52 for more information
B	$t_{CLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Input Data Register	0.165	ns	Refer to page 67 for more information
	$t_{SUD}$	Setup Time of the Input Data Register	0.369	ns	Refer to page 67 for more information
C	$t_{RCKH}$	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.55	ns	Refer to page 78 for more information
	$t_{RCKL}$	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.861	ns	Refer to page 78 for more information
D	$t_{PY}$	Input Propagation Delay of LVDS Receiver	3.061	ns	Refer to page 58 for more information
E	$t_{DP}$	Propagation Delay of a three input AND Gate	0.217	ns	Refer to page 76 for more information
F	$t_{DP}$	Propagation Delay of a OR Gate	0.17	ns	Refer to page 76 for more information
G	$t_{DP}$	Propagation Delay of a LVDS Transmitter	2.299	ns	Refer to page 58 for more information
H	$t_{DP}$	Propagation Delay of a three input XOR Gate	0.236	ns	Refer to page 76 for more information
I	$t_{DP}$	Propagation Delay of LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter, Drive strength of 16mA on the MSIO Bank	2.717	ns	Refer to page 31 for more information
J	$t_{DP}$	Propagation Delay of a two input NAND Gate	0.17	ns	Refer to page 76 for more information
K	$t_{DP}$	Propagation Delay of LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter, Drive strength of 8mA on the MSIO Bank	2.594	ns	Refer to page 31 for more information
L	$t_{CLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Data Register	0.112	ns	Refer to page 67 for more information
	$t_{SUD}$	Setup Time of the Data Register	0.262	ns	Refer to page 67 for more information
M	$t_{DP}$	Propagation Delay of a two input AND gate	0.17	ns	Refer to page 76 for more information
N	$t_{OCLKQ}$	Clock-to-Q of the Output Data Register	0.272	ns	Refer to page 69 for more information
	$t_{OSUD}$	Setup Time of the Output Data Register	0.196	ns	Refer to page 69 for more information

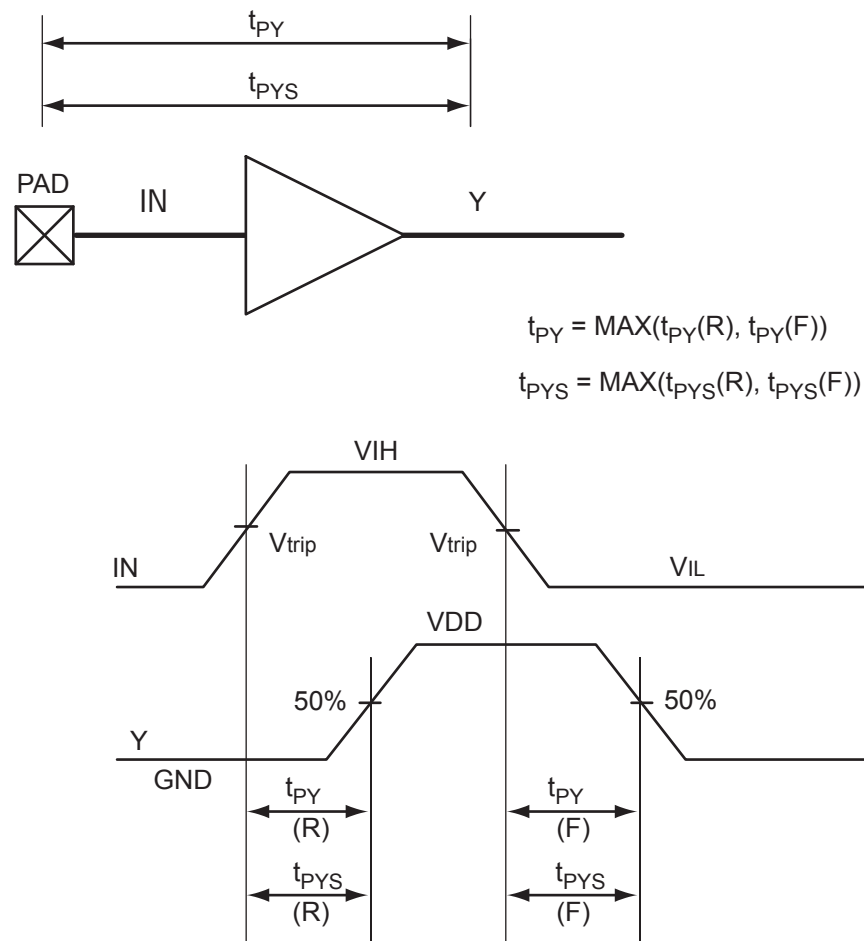
**Table 15 • Timing Model Parameters (continued)**

Index	Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1	Units	Notes
O	$t_{DP}$	Propagation Delay of SSTL2, Class I Transmitter on the MSIO Bank	2.283	ns	Refer to page 47 for more information
P	$t_{DP}$	Propagation Delay of LVCMOS 1.5 V Transmitter, Drive strength of 12mA, fast slew on the DDRIO Bank	3.703	ns	Refer to page 38 for more information

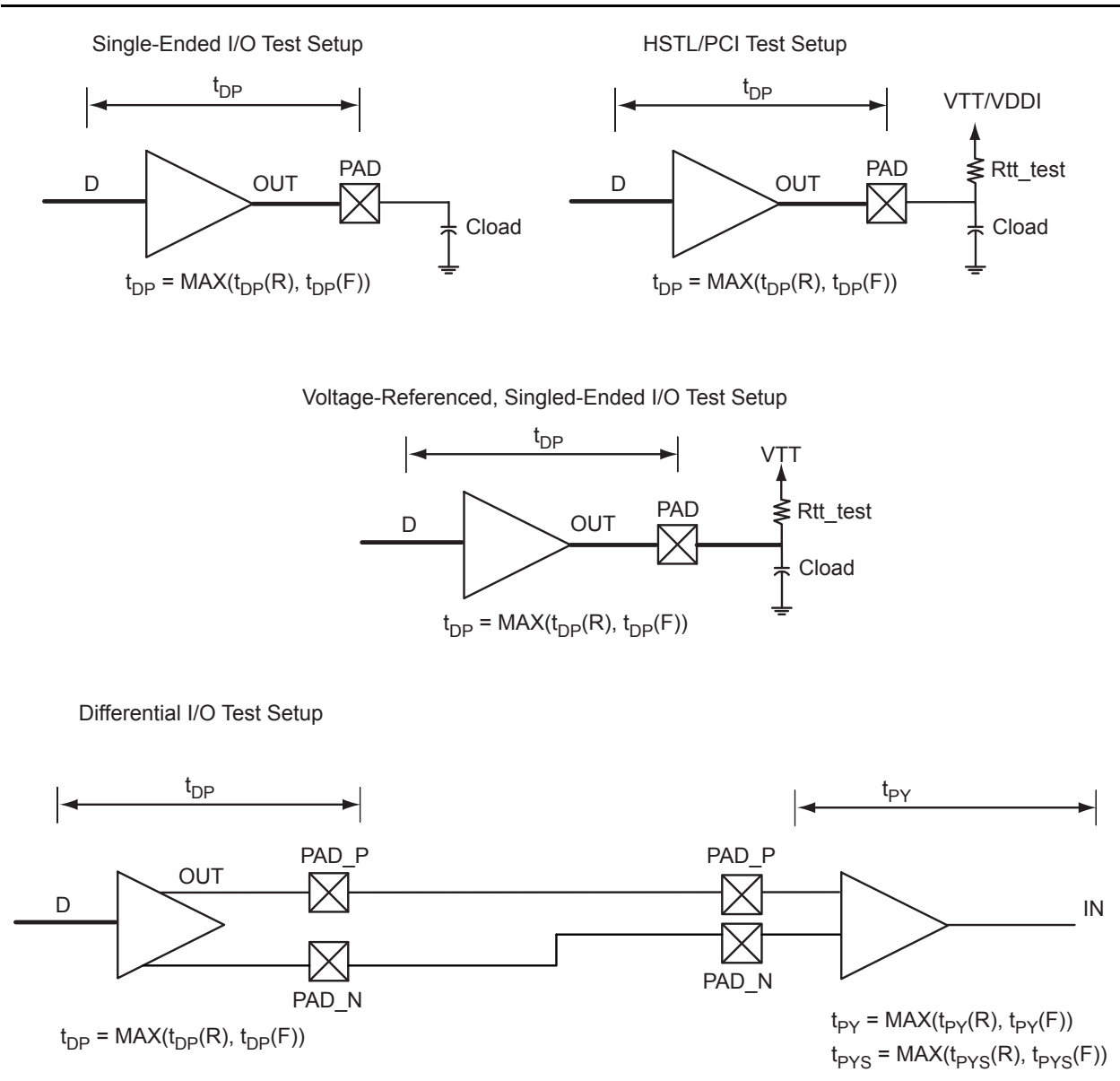
## 8. User I/O Characteristics

There are three types of I/Os supported in the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA families: MSIO, MSIOD, and DDRIO I/O banks. The I/O standards supported by the different I/O banks is described in the “I/Os” section of the [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#).

### 8.1 Input Buffer and AC Loading


**Figure 2 • Input Buffer AC Loading**

## 8.2. Output Buffer and AC Loading



**Figure 3 • Output Buffer AC Loading**

### 8.3. Tristate Buffer and AC Loading

The tristate path for enable path loadings is described in the respective specifications. The methodology of characterization is illustrated by the enable path test point shown in Figure 4.

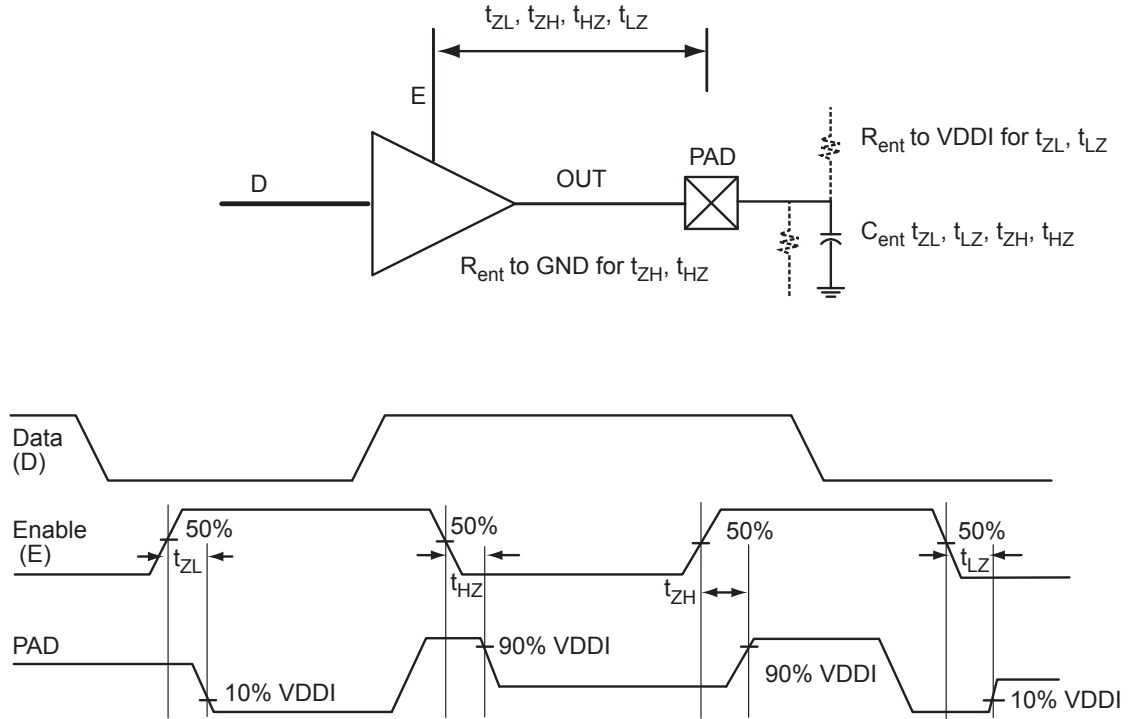


Figure 4 • Tristate Buffer for Enable Path Test Point



## 8.4 I/O Speeds

**Table 16 • Maximum Data Rate Summary for Worst-Case Military Conditions**

<b>Single-Ended I/O</b>	<b>MSIO</b>	<b>MSIOD</b>	<b>DDRIO</b>	<b>Units</b>
PCI 3.3 V	560	–	–	Mbps
LVTTL 3.3 V	540	–	–	Mbps
LVC MOS 3.3 V	540	–	–	Mbps
LVC MOS 2.5 V	360	370	360	Mbps
LVC MOS 1.8 V	260	360	360	Mbps
LVC MOS 1.5 V	140	190	210	Mbps
LVC MOS 1.2 V	100	140	180	Mbps
LPDDR – LVC MOS 1.8 V Mode	–	–	360	Mbps
<b>Voltage-Referenced I/O</b>	<b>MSIO</b>	<b>MSIOD</b>	<b>DDRIO</b>	<b>Units</b>
LPDDR	–	–	360	Mbps
HSTL 1.5 V	–	–	360	Mbps
SSTL 2.5 V	450	480	360	Mbps
SSTL 1.8 V	–	–	600	Mbps
<b>Voltage-Referenced I/O</b>	<b>MSIO</b>	<b>MSIOD</b>	<b>DDRIO</b>	<b>Units</b>
SSTL 1.5 V	–	–	600	Mbps
<b>Differential I/O</b>	<b>MSIO</b>	<b>MSIOD</b>	<b>DDRIO</b>	<b>Units</b>
LVPECL (input only)	810	–	–	Mbps
LVDS 3.3 V	480	480	–	Mbps
LVDS 2.5 V	480	480	–	Mbps
RS DS	460	480	–	Mbps
BLVDS	450	–	–	Mbps
MLVDS	450	–	–	Mbps
Mini-LVDS	460	480	–	Mbps

**Table 17 • Maximum Frequency Summary for Worst-Case Military Conditions**

<b>Single-Ended I/O</b>	<b>MSIO</b>	<b>MSIOD</b>	<b>DDRIO</b>	<b>Units</b>
PCI 3.3 V	280	–	–	MHz
LVTTL 3.3 V	270	–	–	MHz
LVC MOS 3.3 V	270	–	–	MHz
LVC MOS 2.5 V	180	185	180	MHz
LVC MOS 1.8 V	130	180	180	MHz
LVC MOS 1.5 V	70	95	105	MHz
LVC MOS 1.2 V	50	70	90	MHz
LPDDR - LVC MOS 1.8 V mode	–	–	180	MHz
<b>Voltage-Referenced I/O</b>	<b>MSIO</b>	<b>MSIOD</b>	<b>DDRIO</b>	<b>Units</b>
LPDDR	–	–	180	MHz
HSTL 1.5 V	–	–	180	MHz
SSTL 2.5 V	225	240	180	MHz
SSTL 1.8 V	–	–	300	MHz
SSTL 1.5 V	–	–	300	MHz
<b>Differential I/O</b>	<b>MSIO</b>	<b>MSIOD</b>	<b>DDRIO</b>	<b>Units</b>
LVPECL (input only)	405	–	–	MHz
LVDS 3.3 V	240	240	–	MHz
LVDS 2.5 V	240	240	–	MHz
RS DS	230	240	–	MHz
BLVDS	225	–	–	MHz
MLVDS	225	–	–	MHz
Mini-LVDS	230	240	–	MHz

## 8.5 Detailed I/O Characteristics

**Table 18 • Input Capacitance**

Symbol	Definition	Min	Max	Units
CIN	Input Capacitance	–	10	pF

**Table 19 • I/O Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistance Values for DDRIO, MSIO, and MSIOD Banks**  
 Minimum and Maximum Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistance Values at VOH/VOL Level

VDDI Domain	DDRIO I/O Bank				MSIO I/O Bank				MSIOD I/O Bank				Notes
	R <sub>(WEAK PULL-UP)</sub> at VOH (Ω)		R <sub>(WEAK PULL-DOWN)</sub> at VOL (Ω)		R <sub>(WEAK PULL-UP)</sub> at VOH (Ω)		R <sub>(WEAK PULL-DOWN)</sub> at VOL (Ω)		R <sub>(WEAK PULL-UP)</sub> at VOH (Ω)		R <sub>(WEAK PULL-DOWN)</sub> at VOL (Ω)		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
3.3 V	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.9K	14.5K	9.98K	14.9K	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
2.5 V	10K	15.1K	9.98K	15.3K	10K	15K	10.1K	15.6K	9.6K	14.1K	9.5K	13.9K	1,2
1.8 V	10.3K	16.2K	10.3K	16.6K	10.4K	16.2K	10.4K	17.3K	9.7K	14.7K	9.7K	14.5K	1,2
1.5 V	10.6K	17.2K	10.6K	17.9K	10.7K	17.3K	10.8K	18.9K	9.9K	15.3K	9.8K	15K	1,2
1.2 V	11.1K	19.3K	11.2K	20.9K	11.3K	19.7K	11.5K	22.7K	10.3K	16.7K	10K	16.2K	1,2

**Notes:**

- $R_{(WEAK\ PULL-DOWN)} = (VOL_{spec}) / I_{(WEAK\ PULL-DOWN\ MAX)}$
- $R_{(WEAK\ PULL-UP)} = (VDDI_{max} - VOH_{spec}) / I_{(WEAK\ PULL-UP\ MIN)}$

**Table 20 • Schmitt Trigger Input Hysteresis**  
 Hysteresis Voltage Value for Schmitt Trigger Mode Input Buffers

Input Buffer Configuration	Hysteresis Value (Typical, unless otherwise noted)
3.3 V LVTTTL / LVCMOS / PCI / PCI-X	0.05 × VDDI (Worst-case)
2.5 V LVCMOS	0.05 × VDDI (Worst-case)
1.8 V LVCMOS	0.1 × VDDI (Worst-case)
1.5 V LVCMOS	60 mV
1.2 V LVCMOS	20 mV

## 8.6 Single-Ended I/O Standards

### 8.6.1 Low Voltage Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (LVCMOS)

LVCMOS is a widely used switching standard implemented in CMOS transistors. This standard is defined by JEDEC (JESD 8-5). The LVCMOS standards supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs are: LVCMOS12, LVCMOS15, LVCMOS18, LVCMOS25, and LVCMOS33.

## 8.6.2 3.3 V LVCMOS/LVTTL

LVCMOS 3.3 V or Low-Voltage Transistor-Transistor Logic (LVTTL) is a general standard for 3.3 V applications.

### 8.6.2.1 Minimum and Maximum AC/DC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 21 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V DC Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
<b>LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>							
VDDI	Supply voltage		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	–
<b>LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V DC Input Voltage Specification</b>							
VIH (DC)	DC input logic High		2.0	–	3.45	V	–
VIL (DC)	DC input logic Low		–0.3	–	0.8	V	–
IIH (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	μA	–
IIL (DC)	Input current Low		–	–	10	μA	–
<b>LVCMOS 3.3 V DC Output Voltage Specification</b>							
VOH	DC output logic High		2.4	–	–	V	*
VOL	DC output logic Low		–	–	0.4	V	*
<b>LVTTL 3.3 V DC Output Voltage Specification</b>							
VOH	DC output logic High		2.4	–	–	V	–
VOL	DC output logic Low		–	–	0.4	V	–
<i>Note: * The VOH/VOL test points selected ensure compliance with LVCMOS 3.3 V JESD8-B requirements.</i>							

**Table 22 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V Maximum Switching Speeds (Applicable to MSIO I/O Bank Only)**

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V Maximum Switching Speed</b>						
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	540	Mbps

**Table 23 • LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V AC Test Parameter Specifications (Applicable to MSIO Bank Only)**

<b>LVTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V AC Test Parameter Specifications</b>						
Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Vtrip	Measuring/trip point for data path		–	1.4	–	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	2k	–	Ω
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	5	–	pF
Cload	Capacitive loading for data path ( $t_{DP}$ )		–	5	–	pF

**Table 24 • LVTTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications  
(Applicable to MSIO Bank\* Only)**

Output Drive Selection	VOH (V)	VOL (V)	IOH (at VOH) mA	IOL (at VOL) mA
2 mA	2.4	0.4	2	2
4 mA	2.4	0.4	4	4
8 mA	2.4	0.4	8	8
12 mA	2.4	0.4	12	12
16 mA	2.4	0.4	16	16
20 mA	2.4	0.4	18	18

*Note:* \* Software Configurator GUI displays the Commercial/Industrial numeric values. The actual drive capability at temperature is defined in Table 24.

### 8.6.2.2 AC Switching Characteristics

Worst-case Military conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 3.15\text{ V}$

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 25 • LVTTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V Receiver Characteristics for MSIO I/O Banks (Input Buffers)**

Worst-case Military conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 3.15\text{ V}$

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	Speed Grade -1		Units
		$t_{PY}$	$t_{PYS}$	
LVTTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V (for MSIO I/O Bank)	None	2.416	2.443	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 26 • LVTTTL/LVCMOS 3.3 V Transmitter Characteristics for MSIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Worst-case Military conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 3.15\text{ V}$

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	Speed Grade -1					Units
		$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
2mA	slow	3.515	3.826	3.242	2.024	3.636	ns
4mA	slow	2.565	2.948	2.774	3.339	4.896	ns
8mA	slow	2.349	2.568	2.528	5.013	5.329	ns
12mA	slow	2.261	2.324	2.386	6.389	6.05	ns
16mA	slow	2.274	2.287	2.369	6.671	6.256	ns
20mA	slow	2.372	2.206	2.306	6.976	6.541	ns

### 8.6.3 2.5 V LVCMOS

LVCMOS 2.5 V is a general standard for 2.5 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-5A.

#### 8.6.3.1 Minimum and Maximum AC/DC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 27 • LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Voltage Specification**

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
<b>LVCMOS 2.5 V Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>							
VDDI	Supply voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V	–
<b>LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Input Voltage Specification</b>							
VIH (DC)	DC input logic High (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O Bank)		1.7	–	2.625	V	–
VIH (DC)	DC input logic High (for MSIO I/O Bank)		1.7	–	2.75	V	–
VIL (DC)	DC input logic Low		–0.3	–	0.7	V	–
IIH (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	μA	–
IIL (DC)	Input current Low		–	–	10	μA	–
<b>LVCMOS 2.5 V DC Output Voltage Specification</b>							
VOH	DC output logic High		1.7	–	–	V	*
VOL	DC output logic Low		–	–	0.7	V	*
<i>Note: * The VOH/VOL test points selected ensure compliance with LVCMOS 2.5 V JEDEC8-5A requirements.</i>							

**Table 28 • LVCMOS 2.5 V Maximum AC Switching Speeds**

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	360	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	360	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	370	Mbps

**Table 29 • LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Test Parameters and Driver Impedance Specifications**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVCMOS 2.5 V Calibrated Impedance Option</b>						
Rodt_cal	Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	–	–	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	–	Ω
<b>LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
Vtrip	Measuring/trip point for data path	–	–	1.2	–	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )	–	–	2k	–	Ω
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )	–	–	5	–	pF
Cload	Capacitive loading for data path (t <sub>DP</sub> )	–	–	5	–	pF

**Table 30 • LVCMOS 2.5 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection			VOH (V) Min	VOL (V) Max	IOH (at VOH) mA	IOL (at VOL) mA
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank (With Software Default Fixed Code)				
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	1.7	0.7	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	1.7	0.7	4	4
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA	1.7	0.7	6	6
8 mA	8 mA	8 mA	1.7	0.7	8	8
12 mA	12 mA	12 mA	1.7	0.7	12	12
16 mA	N/A	16 mA	1.7	0.7	16	16

*Note:* For board design considerations, output slew rates extraction, detailed output buffer resistances and I/V Curve use the corresponding IBIS models located at:  
<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/design-resources/ibis-models>.

### 8.6.3.2 AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 31 • LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-case Military conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ 

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	Speed Grade -1		Units
		$t_{PY}$	$t_{PYS}$	
LVCMOS 2.5 V (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	None	1.903	2.021	ns
LVCMOS 2.5 V (for MSIO I/O Bank)	None	2.689	2.698	ns
LVCMOS 2.5 V (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	None	2.447	2.46	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 32 • LVCMOS 2.5 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-case Military conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ 

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	Speed Grade -1					Units
		$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
LVCMOS 2.5 V (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code)							
2 mA	slow	3.967	3.664	3.986	4.172	3.811	ns
	medium	3.625	3.38	3.647	3.882	3.458	ns
	medium_fast	3.485	3.259	3.507	3.747	3.327	ns
	fast	3.458	3.253	3.48	3.74	3.31	ns
4 mA	slow	3.371	2.942	3.362	5.148	4.71	ns
	medium	3.063	2.701	3.059	4.874	4.381	ns
	medium_fast	2.925	2.566	2.92	4.686	4.248	ns
	fast	2.91	2.559	2.905	4.683	4.238	ns

**Table 32 • LVC MOS 2.5 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**  
 Worst-case Military conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$  (continued)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	Speed Grade -1					Units
		$t_{DP}$	$t_{zL}$	$t_{zH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
6 mA	slow	3.189	2.716	3.169	5.56	5.092	ns
	medium	2.886	2.473	2.876	5.273	4.752	ns
	medium_fast	2.749	2.355	2.738	5.127	4.167	ns
	fast	2.731	2.345	2.72	5.115	4.6	ns
8 mA	slow	3.132	2.646	3.109	5.686	5.207	ns
	medium	2.832	2.407	2.82	5.402	4.864	ns
	medium_fast	2.698	2.292	2.685	5.262	4.732	ns
	fast	2.684	2.282	2.671	5.252	4.724	ns
12 mA	slow	3.013	2.504	2.984	5.918	5.416	ns
	medium	2.72	2.284	2.707	5.657	5.074	ns
	medium_fast	2.592	2.176	2.578	5.537	4.949	ns
	fast	2.58	2.166	2.566	5.529	4.946	ns
16 mA	slow	2.936	2.415	2.902	6.136	5.577	ns
	medium	2.66	2.206	2.645	5.901	5.261	ns
	medium_fast	2.536	2.102	2.519	5.815	5.142	ns
	fast	2.523	2.093	2.506	5.81	5.137	ns
<b>LVC MOS 2.5 V (for MSIO I/O Bank)</b>							
2 mA	slow	3.933	4.352	4.22	2.358	3.838	ns
4 mA	slow	2.905	3.423	3.508	4.681	5.262	ns
6 mA	slow	2.687	2.995	3.155	5.561	5.73	ns
8 mA	slow	2.594	2.877	3.07	6.602	6.248	ns
12 mA	slow	2.623	2.732	2.944	6.974	6.478	ns
16 mA	slow	2.717	2.617	2.84	7.455	6.824	ns
<b>LVC MOS 2.5 V (for MSIOD I/O Bank)</b>							
2 mA	slow	2.403	2.922	2.89	5.397	5.202	ns
4 mA	slow	1.998	2.446	2.468	5.936	5.665	ns
6 mA	slow	1.861	2.329	2.375	6.391	6.068	ns
8 mA	slow	1.781	2.145	2.208	6.884	6.44	ns
12 mA	slow	1.804	2.039	2.108	7.23	6.685	ns



## 8.6.4 1.8 V LVCMOS

LVCMOS 1.8 is a general standard for 1.8 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-7A.

### 8.6.4.1 Minimum and Maximum AC/DC Input and Output Levels

**Table 33 • LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Voltage Specification**

Symbols	Parameters	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>					
VDDI	Supply Voltage	1.710	1.8	1.89	V
<b>LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Input Voltage Specification</b>					
VIH(DC)	DC input Logic HIGH (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O Banks)	0.65 x VDDI	–	1.89	V
VIH(DC)	DC input Logic HIGH (for MSIO I/O Bank)	0.65 x VDDI	–	2.75	V
VIL(DC)	DC input Logic LOW	-0.3	–	0.35 x VDDI	V
IIH(DC)	Input Current HIGH	–	–	10	uA
IIL(DC)	Input Current LOW	–	–	10	uA
<b>LVCMOS 1.8 V DC Output Voltage Specification</b>					
VOH	DC output Logic HIGH	VDDI - 0.45	–	–	V
VOL	DC output Logic LOW	–	–	0.45	V

**Table 34 • LVCMOS 1.8 V Maximum AC Switching Speeds**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVCMOS 1.8 V Maximum AC Switching Speed</b>						
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	360	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	260	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	360	Mbps
<i>Note: * Maximum data rate applies for drive strength 8mA and above, all slews</i>						

**Table 35 • LVCMOS 1.8 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection		VOH (V)	VOL (V)	IOH (at VOH) mA	IOL (at VOL) mA
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	Min	Max		
2 mA	2 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	4	4
6 mA	6 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	6	6
8 mA	8 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	8	8
10 mA	10 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	10	10
12 mA	N/A	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	12	12

**Table 36 • LVC MOS 1.8 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection	VOH (V)	VOL (V)			
DDRIO Bank*	Min	Max	IOH (at VOH) mA	IOL (at VOL) mA	Notes
2 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	2	2	–
4 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	4	4	–
6 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	6	6	**
8 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	6	6	**
10 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	8	8	–
12 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	10	10	–
16 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	12	12	–

**Notes:**

\* Software Configurator GUI will display the Commercial/Industrial numeric values. The actual drive capability at temperature is defined by Table 36.

\*\* DDRIO has two 6mA drive strength settings. The setting that corresponds to Output Drive Selection value of 8mA has a shorter propagation delay.

**Table 37 • LVC MOS 1.8 V AC Test Parameters and Driver Impedance Specifications**

LVC MOS 1.8 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option					
Symbols	Parameters	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Rodt_cal	Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	–	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	–	Ω
LVC MOS 1.8 V AC Test Parameters Specifications					
Vtrip	Measuring/trip point for data path	–	0.9	–	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )	–	2k	–	Ω
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )	–	5	–	pF
Cload	Capacitive loading for data path ( $t_{DP}$ )	–	5	–	pF

### 8.6.4.2 AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 38 • LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-case Military conditions:  $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 1.71\text{ V}$ 

	ODT (On Die Termination)	Speed Grade -1		Units
		$t_{PY}$	$t_{PYS}$	
LVCMOS 1.8 V (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes)	None	2.071	2.213	ns
	50	3.185	3.171	ns
LVCMOS 1.8 V (for MSIO I/O Bank)	50	3.394	3.397	ns
	75	3.322	3.316	ns
	150	3.252	3.239	ns
LVCMOS 1.8 V (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	None	2.827	2.813	ns
	50	3.043	3.053	ns
	75	2.968	2.963	ns
	150	2.898	2.886	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 39 • LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-case Military conditions:  $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 1.71\text{ V}$ 

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	Speed Grade -1					Units
		$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
<b>LVCMOS 1.8 V (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes)</b>							
2 mA	slow	4.681	4.017	4.69	5.388	4.852	ns
	medium	4.211	3.599	4.219	5.058	4.488	ns
	medium_fast	3.978	3.392	3.986	4.874	4.327	ns
	fast	3.953	3.373	3.961	4.858	4.316	ns
4 mA	slow	4.355	3.657	4.346	5.967	5.399	ns
	medium	3.886	3.246	3.879	5.628	5.01	ns
	medium_fast	3.656	3.05	3.647	5.461	4.845	ns
	fast	3.635	3.033	3.626	5.447	4.838	ns
6 mA	slow	4.105	3.422	4.092	6.221	5.599	ns
	medium	3.68	3.05	3.668	5.9	5.257	ns
	medium_fast	3.477	2.867	3.463	5.739	5.118	ns
	fast	3.451	2.849	3.437	5.72	5.104	ns
8 mA	slow	4.015	3.32	3.998	6.458	5.808	ns
	medium	3.59	2.947	3.574	6.129	5.449	ns
	medium_fast	3.383	2.761	3.366	5.963	5.304	ns
	fast	3.357	2.746	3.34	5.954	5.289	ns
10 mA	slow	3.888	3.18	3.864	6.739	6.045	ns
	medium	3.485	2.822	3.467	6.422	5.7	ns
	medium_fast	3.281	2.642	3.26	6.277	5.553	ns
	fast	3.258	2.627	3.238	6.27	5.546	ns

**Table 39 • LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**  
 Worst-case Military conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 1.71\text{ V}$  (continued)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	Speed Grade -1					Units
		$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
12 mA	slow	3.795	3.096	3.773	6.773	6.067	ns
	medium	3.408	2.764	3.389	6.47	5.743	ns
	medium_fast	3.215	2.599	3.194	6.346	5.61	ns
	fast	3.196	2.584	3.175	6.335	5.604	ns
16 mA	slow	3.744	3.035	3.719	6.944	6.207	ns
	medium	3.358	2.712	3.339	6.657	5.868	ns
	medium_fast	3.175	2.546	3.153	6.547	5.751	ns
	fast	3.156	2.531	3.133	6.541	5.747	ns
<b>LVCMOS 1.8 V (for MSIO I/O Bank)</b>							
2 mA	slow	3.957	4.784	5.023	5.643	5.866	ns
4 mA	slow	3.668	4.162	4.485	6.543	6.382	ns
6 mA	slow	3.586	3.994	4.358	7.622	6.941	ns
8 mA	slow	3.616	3.782	4.162	7.988	7.161	ns
10 mA	slow	3.662	3.732	4.121	8.396	7.423	ns
12 mA	slow	3.75	3.615	4.006	8.576	7.543	ns
<b>LVCMOS 1.8 V (for MSIOD I/O Bank)</b>							
2 mA	slow	3.048	3.692	3.898	5.818	5.609	ns
4 mA	slow	2.5	3.088	3.288	6.421	6.121	ns
6 mA	slow	2.225	2.747	2.937	7.18	6.753	ns
8 mA	slow	2.233	2.72	2.904	7.49	6.992	ns
10 mA	slow	2.263	2.577	2.759	7.851	7.253	ns

### 8.6.5 1.5 V LVCMOS

LVCMOS 1.5 is a general standard for 1.5 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-11A.

#### 8.6.5.1 Minimum and Maximum AC/DC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 40 • LVCMOS 1.5 V Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**

Symbols	Parameters	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVCMOS 1.5 V Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>					
VDDI	Supply voltage	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
<b>LVCMOS 1.5 V DC Input Voltage Specification</b>					
V <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	DC input logic High for (MSIOD and DDRIO I/O banks)	$0.65 \times V_{DDI}$	–	1.575	V
V <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	DC input logic High (for MSIO I/O Bank)	$0.65 \times V_{DDI}$	–	2.75	V
V <sub>IL</sub> (DC)	DC input logic Low	–0.3	–	$0.35 \times V_{DDI}$	V
I <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	Input current High	–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$
I <sub>IL</sub> (DC)	Input current Low	–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>LVCMOS 1.5 V DC Output Voltage Specification</b>					
V <sub>OH</sub>	DC output logic High	$V_{DDI} \times 0.75$	–	–	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	DC output logic Low	–	–	$V_{DDI} \times 0.25$	V

**Table 41 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Maximum AC Switching Speeds**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVC MOS 1.5 V Maximum AC Switching Speed</b>						
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	210	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	140	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	190	Mbps

**Table 42 • LVC MOS 1.5 V AC Test Parameters and Driver Impedance Specifications**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVC MOS 1.5 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option</b>						
Rodt_cal	Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O Bank)		–	75, 60, 50, 40	–	$\Omega$
<b>LVC MOS 1.5 V AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
Vtrip	Measuring/trip point for data path		–	0.75	–	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	2k	–	$\Omega$
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	5	–	pF
Cload	Capacitive loading for data path ( $t_{DP}$ )		–	5	–	pF

**Table 43 • LVC MOS 1.5 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection			VOH (V)	VOL (V)	IOH (at VOH) mA	IOL (at VOL) mA
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank (with Fixed Code)	Min	Max		
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	VDDI $\times$ 0.75	VDDI $\times$ 0.25	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	VDDI $\times$ 0.75	VDDI $\times$ 0.25	4	4
6 mA	6 mA	6 mA	VDDI $\times$ 0.75	VDDI $\times$ 0.25	6	6
8 mA	N/A	8 mA	VDDI $\times$ 0.75	VDDI $\times$ 0.25	8	8
N/A	N/A	10 mA	VDDI $\times$ 0.75	VDDI $\times$ 0.25	10	10
N/A	N/A	12 mA	VDDI $\times$ 0.75	VDDI $\times$ 0.25	12	12

### 8.6.5.2. AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 44 • LVCMOS 1.5 V AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD}=1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI}=1.425\text{ V}$ 

	ODT (On Die Termination)	Speed Grade -1		Units
		$t_{PV}$	$t_{PVS}$	
LVCMOS 1.5 V (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes)	none	2.19	2.216	ns
LVCMOS 1.5 V (for MSIO I/O Bank)	none	3.679	3.652	ns
	50	4.151	4.126	ns
	75	3.984	3.953	ns
	150	3.823	3.791	ns
LVCMOS 1.5 V (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	none	3.262	3.229	ns
	50	3.76	3.739	ns
	75	3.555	3.52	ns
	150	3.395	3.359	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 45 • LVCMOS 1.5 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD}=1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI}=1.425\text{ V}$ 

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	Speed Grade -1					Units
		$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
LVCMOS 1.5 V (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes)							
2 mA	slow	5.712	4.796	5.735	5.814	5.138	ns
	medium	5.094	4.274	5.114	5.484	4.779	ns
	medium_fast	4.793	4.013	4.81	5.288	4.625	ns
	fast	4.762	3.98	4.78	5.261	4.615	ns
4 mA	slow	4.966	4.133	4.956	6.763	6.05	ns
	medium	4.412	3.62	4.401	6.433	5.664	ns
	medium_fast	4.145	3.358	4.131	6.249	5.507	ns
	fast	4.116	3.338	4.103	6.238	5.498	ns
6 mA	slow	4.744	3.869	4.728	7.173	6.383	ns
	medium	4.212	3.382	4.195	6.837	6.004	ns
	medium_fast	3.951	3.135	3.93	6.668	5.861	ns
	fast	3.919	3.11	3.899	6.644	5.845	ns

**Table 45 • LVC MOS 1.5 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD}=1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI}=1.425\text{ V}$  (continued)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	Speed Grade -1					Units
		$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
8 mA	slow	4.603	3.691	4.585	7.397	6.553	ns
	medium	4.081	3.242	4.062	7.064	6.189	ns
	medium_fast	3.827	3.015	3.804	6.912	6.051	ns
	fast	3.804	2.994	3.781	6.903	6.051	ns
10 mA	slow	4.519	3.612	4.499	7.578	6.676	ns
	medium	4.026	3.177	4.005	7.264	6.335	ns
	medium_fast	3.775	2.948	3.75	7.11	6.198	ns
	fast	3.747	2.929	3.721	7.103	6.19	ns
12 mA	slow	4.456	3.562	4.433	7.704	6.795	ns
	medium	3.965	3.13	3.943	7.388	6.425	ns
	medium_fast	3.731	2.912	3.704	7.278	6.303	ns
	fast	3.703	2.893	3.676	7.275	6.294	ns
<b>LVC MOS 1.5 V (for MSIO I/O Bank)</b>							
2 mA	slow	5.118	6.263	6.53	6.524	6.388	ns
4 mA	slow	4.657	5.178	5.65	8.57	7.55	ns
6 mA	slow	4.693	4.89	5.389	8.928	7.766	ns
8 mA	slow	4.876	4.663	5.183	9.59	8.173	ns
<b>LVC MOS 1.5 V (for MSIOD I/O Bank)</b>							
2 mA	slow	3.085	3.795	4.086	6.838	6.477	ns
4 mA	slow	2.731	3.365	3.631	7.663	7.165	ns
6 mA	slow	2.742	3.162	3.417	8.126	7.52	ns

### 8.6.6 1.2 V LVC MOS

LVC MOS 1.2 is a general standard for 1.2 V applications and is supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs in compliance to the JEDEC specification JESD8-12A.

#### 8.6.6.1 Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 46 • LVC MOS 1.2 V Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVC MOS 1.2 V Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply voltage		1.140	1.2	1.26	V
<b>LVC MOS 1.2 V DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
VIH (DC)	DC input logic High (for MSIOD and DDRIO I/O Banks)		$0.65 \times V_{DDI}$	–	1.26	V
VIH (DC)	DC input logic High (for MSIO I/O Bank)		$0.65 \times V_{DDI}$	–	2.75	V
VIL (DC)	DC input logic Low		–0.3	–	$0.35 \times V_{DDI}$	V
I <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$

**Table 46 • LVCMOS 1.2 V Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**

IIL (DC)	Input current Low	–	–	10	μA
<b>LVCMOS 1.2 V DC Output Voltage Specification</b>					
VOH	DC output logic High	–	VDDI × 0.75	–	V
VOL	DC output logic Low	–	–	VDDI × 0.25	V

**Table 47 • LVCMOS 1.2 V Maximum AC Switching Speeds**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVCMOS 1.2 V Maximum AC Switching Speed</b>						
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	180	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	100	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17 pF load, maximum drive/slew	–	–	140	Mbps

**Table 48 • LVCMOS 1.2 V AC Calibrated Impedance and Test Parameters Specifications**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVCMOS 1.2 V AC Calibrated Impedance Option</b>						
Rodt_cal	Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O Bank)		–	75, 60, 50, 40	–	Ω
<b>LVCMOS 1.2 V AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
Vtrip	Measuring/trip point for data path		–	0.6	–	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )		–	2k	–	Ω
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )		–	5	–	pF
Cload	Capacitive loading for data path (t <sub>DP</sub> )		–	5	–	pF

**Table 49 • LVCMOS 1.2 V Transmitter Drive Strength Specifications**

Output Drive Selection			VOH (V)		VOL (V)	
MSIO I/O Bank	MSIOD I/O Bank	DDRIO I/O Bank (with Fixed Code)	Min	Max	IOH (at VOH) mA	IOL (at VOL) mA
2 mA	2 mA	2 mA	VDDI × 0.75	VDDI × 0.25	2	2
4 mA	4 mA	4 mA	VDDI × 0.75	VDDI × 0.25	4	4
N/A	N/A	6 mA	VDDI × 0.75	VDDI × 0.25	6	6



### 8.6.6.2. AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 50 • LVCMOS 1.2 V AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD}=1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI}=1.14\text{ V}$ 

	ODT (On Die Termination)	Speed Grade -1		Units
		$t_{PY}$	$t_{PYS}$	
LVCMOS 1.2 V (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes)	none	2.539	2.556	ns
LVCMOS 1.2 V (for MSIO I/O Bank)	none	4.888	4.845	ns
	50	6.683	6.605	ns
	75	5.923	5.847	ns
	150	5.29	5.235	ns
LVCMOS 1.2 V (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	none	4.281	4.235	ns
	50	6.806	6.721	ns
	75	5.643	5.564	ns
	150	4.813	4.753	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 51 • LVCMOS 1.2 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD}=1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI}=1.14\text{ V}$ 

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	Speed Grade -1					Units
		$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
LVCMOS 1.2 V (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code)							
2 mA	slow	6.938	5.599	6.948	7.568	6.612	ns
	medium	6.11	4.814	6.114	7.201	6.234	ns
	medium_fast	5.675	4.409	5.676	6.971	6.048	ns
	fast	5.633	4.379	5.634	6.958	6.037	ns
4 mA	slow	6.328	4.892	6.316	8.339	7.306	ns
	medium	5.538	4.192	5.521	7.961	6.923	ns
	medium_fast	5.119	3.832	5.097	7.76	6.741	ns
	fast	5.072	3.085	5.051	7.752	6.725	ns
6 mA	slow	6.092	4.681	6.075	8.685	7.589	ns
	medium	5.342	4.016	5.32	8.33	7.19	ns
	medium_fast	4.949	3.66	4.922	8.139	7.022	ns
	fast	4.903	3.622	4.876	8.107	7.006	ns
LVCMOS 1.2 V (for MSIO I/O Bank)							
2 mA	slow	7.051	7.856	8.541	10.387	8.768	ns
4 mA	slow	7.385	7.027	7.815	11.547	9.444	ns

**Table 51 • LVCMOS 1.2 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD}=1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI}=1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	Speed Grade -1					Units
		$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
<b>LVCMOS 1.2 V (for MSIOD I/O Bank)</b>							
2 mA	slow	4.048	5.123	5.552	8.401	7.824	ns
4 mA	slow	3.941	4.406	4.814	9.422	8.656	ns

### 8.6.7 3.3 V PCI/PCIX

Peripheral Component Interface (PCI) for 3.3 V standards specify support for 33 MHz and 66 MHz PCI bus applications.

#### 8.6.7.1 Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 52 • PCI/PCI-X DC Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>PCI/PCIX Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply voltage		3.15	3.3	3.45	V
<b>PCI/PCIX DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage		0	–	3.45	V
I <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	μA
I <sub>IL</sub> (DC)	Input current Low		–	–	10	μA
<b>PCI/PCIX DC Output Voltage Specification</b>						
V <sub>OH</sub>	DC output logic High		Per PCI Specification			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	DC output logic Low		Per PCI Specification			V

**Table 53 • PCI/PCI-X AC Specifications (Applicable to MSIO Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>PCI/PCI-X AC Specifications</b>						
D <sub>max</sub>	Maximum data rate (MSIO I/O Bank)	AC Loading: per JEDEC specifications	–	–	560	Mbps
<b>PCI/PCI-X AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
V <sub>trip</sub>	Measuring/trip point for data path (falling edge)		–	$0.615 \times V_{DDI}$	–	V
V <sub>trip</sub>	Measuring/trip point for data path (rising edge)		–	$0.285 \times V_{DDI}$	–	V
R <sub>tt_test</sub>	Resistance for data test path		–	25	–	Ω
R <sub>ent</sub>	Resistance for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	2k	–	Ω
C <sub>ent</sub>	Capacitive loading for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	5	–	pF
C <sub>load</sub>	Capacitive loading for data path ( $t_{DP}$ )		–	10	–	pF

### 8.6.7.2 AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 54 • PCI/PCIX AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 3.15\text{ V}$ 

	ODT (On Die Termination)	Speed Grade -1		Units
		$t_{PY}$	$t_{PYS}$	
PCI/PCIX (for MSIO I/O Bank)	None	2.379	2.387	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 55 • PCI/PCIX AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 3.15\text{ V}$ 

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
PCI/PCIX (for MSIO I/O Bank)	2.394	2.274	2.316	6.876	6.242	ns

## 8.7 Memory Interface and Voltage Referenced I/O Standards

### 8.7.1 High-Speed Transceiver Logic (HSTL)

The High-Speed Transceiver Logic (HSTL) standard is a general purpose high-speed bus standard sponsored by IBM (EIA/JESD8-6). IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices support two classes of the 1.5 V HSTL. These differential versions of the standard require a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

#### 8.7.1.1 Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 56 • HSTL DC Voltage Specification (Applicable to DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>HSTL Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply voltage		1.425	1.5	1.575	V
VTT	Termination voltage		0.698	0.750	0.803	V
VREF	Input reference voltage		0.698	0.750	0.803	V
<b>HSTL DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
VIH (DC)	DC input logic High		$V_{REF} + 0.1$	–	1.575	V
VIL (DC)	DC input logic Low		–0.3	–	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	V
IIH (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$
IIL (DC)	Input current Low		–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>HSTL DC Output Voltage Specification</b>						
<b>HSTL Class I</b>						
VOH	DC output logic High		$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	–	–	V
VOL	DC output logic Low		–	–	0.4	V
IOH at VOH	Output minimum source DC current		–7.0	–	–	mA
IOL at VOL	Output minimum sink current		7.0	–	–	mA
<b>HSTL Class II</b>						
VOH	DC output logic High		$V_{DDI} - 0.4$	–	–	V

**Table 56 • HSTL DC Voltage Specification (Applicable to DDRIO I/O Bank Only) (continued)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
VOL	DC output logic Low		–	–	0.4	V
IOH at VOH	Output minimum source DC current		–15.0	–	–	mA
IOL at VOL	Output minimum sink current		15.0	–	–	mA
<b>HSTL DC Differential Voltage Specifications</b>						
VID (DC)	DC input differential voltage		0.2	–	–	V

**Table 57 • HSTL AC Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>HSTL AC Differential Voltage Specifications</b>						
VDIFF	AC input differential voltage		0.4	–	–	V
Vx	AC differential cross point voltage		0.68	–	0.9	V
<b>HSTL Maximum AC Switching Speed</b>						
Dmax	Maximum data rate	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications	–	–	360	Mbps
<b>HSTL Impedance Specification</b>						
Rref	Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	Reference resistance = 191 $\Omega$	–	25.5, 47.8	–	$\Omega$
RTT	Effective impedance value (ODT for DDRIO I/O Bank only)	Reference resistance = 191 $\Omega$	–	47.8	–	$\Omega$
<b>HSTL AC Test Parameters Specification</b>						
Vtrip	Measuring/trip point for data path		–	0.75	–	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	2k	–	$\Omega$
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	5	–	pF
Rtt_test	Reference resistance for data test path for HSTL15 Class I ( $t_{DP}$ )		–	50	–	$\Omega$
Rtt_test	Reference resistance for data test path for HSTL15 Class II ( $t_{DP}$ )		–	25	–	$\Omega$
Cload	Capacitive loading for data path ( $t_{DP}$ )		–	5	–	pF

### 8.7.1.2 AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 58 • HSTL15 AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 1.425\text{ V}$ 

	ODT (On Die Termination)	$t_{py}$	Units
		Speed Grade –1	
<b>HSTL (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Code)</b>			
Pseudo-Differential	None	1.673	ns
True-Differential	None	1.693	ns

### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 59 • HSTL 15 AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 1.425\text{ V}$

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
<b>HSTL Class I (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>						
Single Ended	2.922	2.91	2.904	3.225	3.218	ns
Differential	2.907	2.757	2.755	2.662	2.66	ns
<b>HSTL Class II (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>						
Single Ended	2.817	2.735	2.735	2.644	2.644	ns
Differential	2.827	2.81	2.803	3.205	3.197	ns

### 8.7.2 Stub-Series Terminated Logic

Stub-Series Terminated Logic (SSTL) for 2.5 V (SSTL2), 1.8 V (SSTL18), and 1.5 V (SSTL15) is supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs. SSTL2 is defined by JEDEC standard JESD8-9B and SSTL18 is defined by JEDEC standard JESD8-15. IGLOO2 SSTL I/O configurations are designed to meet double data rate standards DDR/2/3 for general purpose memory buses. Double data rate standards are designed to meet their JEDEC specifications as defined by JEDEC standard JESD79F for DDR, JEDEC standard JESD79-2F for DDR, JEDEC standard JESD79-3D for DDR3, and JEDEC standard JESD209A for LPDDR.

### 8.7.3 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 2.5 V (SSTL2)

SSTL2 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs and also comply with reduced and full drive of double data rate (DDR) standards. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os supports both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL2. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

#### 8.7.3.1 Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 60 • DDR1/SSTL2 Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VTT	Termination voltage		1.164	1.250	1.339	V
VREF	Input reference voltage		1.164	1.250	1.339	V
<b>SSTL2 DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
VIH (DC)	DC input logic High		$V_{REF} + 0.15$	–	2.625	V
VIL (DC)	DC input logic Low		–0.3	–	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	V
IIH (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$
IIL (DC)	Input current Low		–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>SSTL2 DC Output Voltage Specification</b>						
<b>SSTL2 Class I (DDR Reduced Drive)</b>						
VOH	DC output logic High		$V_{TT} + 0.608$	–	–	V
VOL	DC output logic Low		–	–	$V_{TT} - 0.608$	V
IOH at VOH	Output minimum source DC current		8.1	–	–	mA

**Table 60 • DDR1/SSTL2 Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels (continued)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
IOL at VOL	Output minimum sink current		-8.1	-	-	mA
<b>SSTL2 Class II (DDR Full Drive) – Applicable to MSIO and DDRIO I/O Banks Only</b>						
VOH	DC output logic High		VTT + 0.81	-	-	V
VOL	DC output logic Low		-	-	VTT - 0.81	V
IOH at VOH	Output minimum source DC current		16.2	-	-	mA
IOL at VOL	Output minimum sink current		-16.2	-	-	mA
<b>SSTL2 DC Differential Voltage Specification</b>						
VID (DC)	DC input differential voltage		0.3	-	-	V

**Table 61 • DDR1/SSTL2 AC Specifications**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>SSTL2 Maximum AC Switching Speeds</b>						
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications	-	-	360	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17pF load	-	-	450	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	AC loading: 17pF load	-	-	480	Mbps
<b>SSTL2 AC Differential Voltage Specifications</b>						
VDIFF	AC Input Differential Voltage		0.7	-	-	V
Vx	AC Differential Cross Point Voltage		$0.5 \times VDDI - 0.2$	-	$0.5 \times VDDI + 0.2$	V
<b>SSTL2 Impedance Specifications</b>						
	Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	Reference resistor = 150 $\Omega$	-	20, 42	-	$\Omega$
<b>SSTL2 AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
Vtrip	Measuring/trip point for data path		-	1.25	-	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		-	2k	-	$\Omega$
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		-	5	-	pF
Rtt_test	Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class I ( $t_{DP}$ )		-	50	-	$\Omega$
Rtt_test	Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL2 Class II ( $t_{DP}$ )		-	25	-	$\Omega$
Cload	Capacitive loading for data path ( $t_{DP}$ )		-	5	-	pF

### 8.7.3.2 AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 62 • DDR1/SSTL2 AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ 

	ODT (On Die Termination)	Speed Grade -1	Units
		$t_{py}$	
<b>SSTL2 (DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>			
Pseudo-Differential	None	1.613	ns
True-Differential	None	1.647	ns
<b>SSTL2 (MSIO I/O Bank)</b>			
Pseudo-Differential	None	3.083	ns
True-Differential	None	3.028	ns
<b>SSTL2 (MSIOD I/O Bank)</b>			
Pseudo-Differential	None	2.721	ns
True-Differential	None	2.71	ns

**Table 63 • DDR1/SSTL2 AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ 

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
<b>SSTL2 Class I</b>						
<b>DDRIO I/O Bank</b>						
Single Ended	2.457	2.145	2.137	2.302	2.293	ns
Differential	2.454	2.38	2.375	2.589	2.584	ns
<b>MSIO I/O Bank</b>						
Single Ended	2.283	2.255	2.243	2.286	2.273	ns
Differential	2.434	2.702	2.691	2.39	2.381	ns
<b>MSIOD I/O Bank</b>						
Single Ended	1.646	1.59	1.589	1.82	1.818	ns
Differential	1.774	1.93	1.926	2.012	2.007	ns
<b>SSTL2 Class II</b>						
<b>DDRIO I/O Bank</b>						
Single Ended	2.317	2.06	2.053	2.229	2.221	ns
Differential	2.32	2.213	2.21	2.57	2.565	ns

**Table 63 • DDR1/SSTL2 AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$  (continued)

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
<b>MSIO I/O Bank</b>						
Single Ended	2.563	2.208	2.19	2.205	2.187	ns
Differential	2.703	2.566	2.555	2.363	2.353	ns

### 8.7.4 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 1.8 V (SSTL18)

SSTL18 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs, and also comply with the reduced and full drive double data rate (DDR2) standard. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os support both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL18. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

#### 8.7.4.1 Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 64 • DDR2/SSTL18 AC/DC Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels Specification**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
<b>Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>							
VDDI	Supply voltage		1.71	1.8	1.89	V	–
VTT	Termination voltage		0.838	0.900	0.964	V	–
VREF	Input reference voltage		0.838	0.900	0.964	V	–
<b>SSTL18 DC Input Voltage Specification</b>							
VIH (DC)	DC input logic High		$V_{REF} + 0.125$	–	1.89	V	–
VIL (DC)	DC input logic Low		–0.3	–	$V_{REF} - 0.125$	V	–
IIH (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$	–
IIL (DC)	Input current Low		–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$	–
<b>SSTL18 DC Output Voltage Specification</b>							
<b>SSTL18 Class I (DDR2 Reduced Drive)</b>							
VOH	DC output logic High		$V_{TT} + 0.603$	–	–	V	–
VOL	DC output logic Low		–	–	$V_{TT} - 0.603$	V	–
IOH at VOH	Output minimum source DC current (DDRIO I/O Bank only)		6.0	–	–	mA	–
IOL at VOL	Output minimum sink current (DDRIO I/O Bank only)		–6.0	–	–	mA	–
<b>SSTL18 Class II (DDR2 Full Drive)</b>							
VOH	DC output logic High		$V_{TT} + 0.603$	–	–	V	–
VOL	DC output logic Low		–	–	$V_{TT} - 0.603$	V	–
IOH at VOH	Output minimum source DC current (DDRIO I/O Bank only)		12.0	–	–	mA	–
<i>Note:</i> *To meet JEDEC Electrical Compliance, use DDR2 Full Drive Transmitter.							*



**Table 64 • DDR2/SSTL18 AC/DC Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels Specification (continued)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
IOL at VOL	Output minimum sink current (DDRIO I/O Bank only)		-12.0	-	-	mA	-
<b>SSTL18 DC Differential Voltage Specification</b>							
VID (DC)	DC input differential voltage		0.3	-	-	V	-
<i>Note: *To meet JEDEC Electrical Compliance, use DDR2 Full Drive Transmitter.</i>							

**Table 65 • DDR2/SSTL18 AC Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>SSTL18 AC Differential Voltage Specification</b>						
VDIFF (AC)	AC input differential voltage		0.5	-	-	V
Vx (AC)	AC differential cross point voltage		$0.5 \times VDDI - 0.175$	-	$0.5 \times VDDI + 0.175$	V
<b>SSTL18 Maximum AC Switching Speed</b>						
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: per JEDEC specification	-	-	600	Mbps
<b>SSTL18 Impedance Specifications</b>						
Rref	Supported output driver calibrated impedance (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	Reference resistor = 150 $\Omega$	-	20, 42	-	$\Omega$
RTT	Effective impedance value (ODT)	Reference resistor = 150 $\Omega$	-	50, 75, 150	-	$\Omega$
<b>SSTL18 AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
Vtrip	Measuring/trip point for data path		-	0.9	-	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		-	2k	-	$\Omega$
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		-	5	-	pF
Rtt_test	Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class I ( $t_{DP}$ )		-	50	-	$\Omega$
Rtt_test	Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL18 Class II ( $t_{DP}$ )		-	25	-	$\Omega$
Cload	Capacitive loading for data path ( $t_{DP}$ )		-	5	-	pF

### 8.7.4.2. AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 66 • DDR2/SSTL18 AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 1.71\text{ V}$ 

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	Speed Grade -1	Units
		$t_{py}$	
<b>SSTL18 (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes)</b>			
Pseudo differential	None	1.633	ns
True differential	None	1.65	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 67 • DDR2/SSTL18 AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 1.71\text{ V}$ 

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
<b>SSTL18 Class I (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>						
Single Ended	2.67	3.078	3.072	2.489	2.484	ns
Differential	2.645	2.431	2.434	2.396	2.398	ns
<b>SSTL18 Class II (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>						
Single Ended	2.564	2.973	2.965	2.45	2.444	ns
Differential	2.532	2.401	2.398	2.368	2.365	ns

### 8.7.5 Stub-Series Terminated Logic 1.5 V (SSTL15)

SSTL15 Class I and Class II are supported in IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs, and also comply with the reduced and full drive double data rate (DDR3) standard. IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os supports both standards for single-ended signaling and differential signaling for SSTL18. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

#### 8.7.5.1 Minimum and Maximum AC/DC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 68 • DDR3 SSTL15 DC Voltage Specification (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply voltage		1.425	1.5	1.575	V
VTT	Termination voltage		0.698	0.750	0.803	V
VREF	Input reference voltage		0.698	0.750	0.803	V
<b>SSTL15 DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
VIH(DC)	DC input logic High		$V_{REF} + 0.1$	–	1.575	V
VIL(DC)	DC input logic Low		–0.3	–	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	V
IIH (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$
IIL (DC)	Input current Low		–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$

**Table 68 • DDR3 SSTL15 DC Voltage Specification (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only) (continued)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>SSTL15 DC Output Voltage Specification</b>						
<b>DDR3/SSTL15 Class I (DDR3 Reduced Drive)</b>						
VOH	DC output logic High		0.8 x VDDI	–	–	V
VOL	DC output logic Low		–	–	0.2 x VDDI	V
IOH at VOH	Output minimum source DC current		6.5	–	–	mA
IOL at VOL	Output minimum sink current		–6.5	–	–	mA
<b>SSTL15 Class II (DDR3 Full Drive)</b>						
VOH	DC output logic High		0.8 x VDDI	–	–	V
VOL	DC output logic Low		–	–	0.2 x VDDI	V
IOH at VOH	Output minimum source DC current		7.6	–	–	mA
IOL at VOL	Output minimum sink current		–7.6	–	–	mA
<b>SSTL15 Differential Voltage Specification</b>						
VID	DC input differential voltage		0.2	–	–	V
<i>Note: *To meet JEDEC Electrical Compliance, use DDR3 Full Drive Transmitter.</i>						

**Table 69 • DDR3/SSTL15 AC Specifications**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>SSTL15 AC Differential Voltage Specification</b>						
VDIFF	AC input differential voltage		0.3	–	–	V
Vx	AC differential cross point voltage		0.5 x VDDI – 0.150	–	0.5 x VDDI + 0.150	V
<b>SSTL15 Maximum AC Switching Speed (for DDRIO I/O Banks Only)</b>						
Dmax	Maximum data rate	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications	–	–	600	Mbps
<b>SSTL15 AC Calibrated Impedance Option</b>						
Rref	Supported output driver calibrated impedance	Reference resistor = 240 Ω	–	34, 40	–	Ω
RTT	Effective impedance value (ODT)	Reference resistor = 240 Ω	–	20, 30, 40, 60, 120	–	Ω
<b>SSTL15 AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
Vtrip	Measuring/trip point for data path		–	0.75	–	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )		–	2k	–	Ω
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )		–	5	–	pF
Rtt_test	Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL15 Class I (t <sub>DP</sub> )		–	50	–	Ω
Rtt_test	Reference resistance for data test path for SSTL15 Class II (t <sub>DP</sub> )		–	25	–	Ω
Cload	Capacitive loading for data path (t <sub>DP</sub> )		–	5	–	pF

### 8.7.5.2 AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 70 • DDR3/SSTL15 AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 1.425\text{ V}$ 

	ODT (On Die Termination)	Speed Grade -1	Units
		$t_{PY}$	
<b>DDR3/SSTL15 (for DDRIO I/O Bank) – Calibration Mode Only</b>			
Pseudo-Differential	None	1.672	ns
True-Differential	None	1.694	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 71 • DDR3/SSTL15 AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 1.425\text{ V}$ 

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
<b>DDR3 Reduced Drive/SSTL15 Class I (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>						
Single Ended	2.832	2.766	2.767	2.658	2.659	ns
Differential	2.848	3.401	3.393	3.173	3.166	ns
<b>DDR3 Full Drive/SSTL15 Class II (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>						
Single Ended	2.832	2.76	2.759	2.655	2.655	ns
Differential	2.845	3.397	3.387	3.179	3.171	ns

### 8.7.6 Low Power Double Data Rate (LPDDR)

LPDDR reduced and full drive low power double data rate standards are supported in IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA I/Os. This standard requires a differential amplifier input buffer and a push-pull output buffer. This I/O standard is supported in DDRIO I/O Bank only.

#### 8.7.6.1 Minimum and Maximum AC/DC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 72 • LPDDR AC/DC Specifications (for DDRIO IO Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
<b>Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>							
VDDI	Supply voltage		1.71	1.8	1.89	V	–
VTT	Termination voltage		0.838	0.900	0.964	V	–
VREF	Input reference voltage		0.838	0.900	0.964	V	–
<b>LPDDR DC Input Voltage Specification</b>							
VIH (DC)	DC input logic High		$0.7 \times V_{DDI}$	–	1.89	V	–
VIL (DC)	DC input logic Low		–0.3	–	$0.3 \times V_{DDI}$	V	–
IIH (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$	–
IIL (DC)	Input current Low		–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$	–
<b>LPDDR DC Output Voltage Specification</b>							

**Table 72 • LPDDR AC/DC Specifications (for DDRIO IO Bank Only)**

LPDDR Reduced Drive						
VOH	DC output logic High	$0.9 \times VDDI$	–	–	V	–
VOL	DC output logic Low	–	–	$0.1 \times VDDI$	V	–
IOH at VOH	Output minimum source DC current	0.1	–	–	mA	–
IOL at VOL	Output minimum sink current	–0.1	–	–	mA	–
LPDDR Full Drive						
VOH	DC output logic High	$0.9 \times VDDI$	–	–	V	–
VOL	DC output logic Low	–	–	$0.1 \times VDDI$	V	–
IOH at VOH	Output minimum source DC current	0.1	–	–	mA	–
IOL at VOL	Output minimum sink current	–0.1	–	–	mA	–
LPDDR DC Differential Voltage Specification						
VID (DC)	DC input differential voltage	$0.4 \times VDDI$	–	–	V	–
<i>Note: *To meet JEDEC Electrical Compliance, use LPDDR Full Drive Transmitter.</i>						

**Table 73 • LPDDR Maximum AC Switching Speeds (for DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Dmax	Maximum data rate	AC loading: per JEDEC specifications	–	–	360	Mbps

**Table 74 • LPDDR AC Specifications (for DDRIO IO Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
LPDDR AC Differential Voltage Specification						
VDIFF (AC)	AC Input differential voltage	–	$0.6 \times VDDI$	–	–	V
Vx (AC)	AC Differential Cross Point Voltage	–	$0.4 \times VDDI$	–	$0.6 \times VDDI$	V
LPDDR Impedance Specifications						
Rref	Supported Output Driver Calibrated Impedance	Reference Resistor = $150 \Omega$	–	20,42	–	$\Omega$
RTT	Effective impedance Value - ODT	Reference Resistor = $150 \Omega$	–	50, 75, 150	–	$\Omega$
LPDDR AC Test Parameters Specifications						
Vtrip	Measuring/Trip Point for Data Path	–	–	0.9	–	V
Rent	Resistance for Enable Path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )	–	–	2k	–	$\Omega$
Cent	Capacitive Loading for Enable Path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )	–	–	5	–	pF
Rtt_test	Reference resistance for Data Test Path for LPDDR ( $t_{DP}$ )	–	–	50	–	$\Omega$
Cload	Capacitive Loading for Data Path ( $t_{DP}$ )	–	–	5	–	pF

### 8.7.6.2 AC Switching Characteristics

**Table 75 • LPDDR AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD}=1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI}=1.71\text{ V}$ 

	ODT (On Die Termination)	Speed Grade -1	Units
		$t_{PY}$	
<b>LPDDR (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes)</b>			
Pseudo-Differential	None	1.633	ns
True-Differential	None	1.65	ns

### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 76 • LPDDR AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD}=1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI}=1.71\text{ V}$ 

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
<b>LPDDR Reduced Drive (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>						
Single Ended	2.645	2.431	2.434	2.396	2.398	ns
Differential	2.652	3.044	3.038	2.46	2.455	ns
<b>LPDDR Full Drive (for DDRIO I/O Bank)</b>						
Single Ended	2.532	2.401	2.398	2.368	2.365	ns
Differential	2.546	2.509	2.503	2.852	2.845	ns

### 8.7.6.3 Minimum and Maximum AC/DC Input and Output Levels Specification using LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode

**Table 77 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode, Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels (Applicable to DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply Voltage	–	1.710	1.8	1.89	V
<b>LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
$V_{IH}(\text{DC})$	DC input Logic HIGH for (MSIOD and DDRIO I/O Banks)	–	$0.65 \times V_{DDI}$	–	1.89	V
$V_{IH}(\text{DC})$	DC input Logic HIGH (for MSIO I/O Bank)	–	$0.65 \times V_{DDI}$	–	3.45	V
$V_{IL}(\text{DC})$	DC input Logic LOW	–	-0.3	–	$0.35 \times V_{DDI}$	V
$I_{IH}(\text{DC})$	Input current HIGH	–	–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}(\text{DC})$	Input current LOW	–	–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode DC Output Voltage Specification</b>						
VOH	DC output Logic HIGH	–	$V_{DDI} - 0.45$	–	–	V
VOL	DC output Logic LOW	–	–	–	0.45	V

**Table 78 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Maximum AC Switching Speeds (Applicable to DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Dmax	Maximum Data Rate (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	AC Loading: 17pF Load, 8mA Drive and Above/All Slew	–	–	360	Mbps

**Table 79 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Test Parameters and Driver Impedance Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LPDDR - LVCMOS 1.8 V Calibrated Impedance Option</b>						
Rodt_cal	Supported Output Driver Calibrated Impedance (for DDRIO I/O Bank)	–	–	75, 60, 50, 33, 25, 20	–	$\Omega$
<b>LPDDR- LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
Vtrip	Measuring/Trip Point for Data Path	–	–	0.9	–	V
Rent	Resistance for Enable Path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )	–	–	2k	–	$\Omega$
Cent	Capacitive Loading for Enable Path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )	–	–	5	–	pF
Cload	Capacitive Loading for Data Path ( $t_{DP}$ )	–	–	5	–	pF

**Table 80 • LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 V Mode Transmitter Drive Strength Specification (Applicable to DDRIO I/O Bank Only)**

Output Drive Selection	VOH (V) Min	VOL (V) Max	IOH (at VOH) mA	IOL (at VOL) mA	Notes
2 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	2	2	–
4 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	4	4	–
6 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	6	6	–
8 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	8	8	–
10 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	10	10	–
12 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	12	12	–
16 mA	VDDI – 0.45	0.45	16	16	*

*Note:* \* 16mA Drive Strengths, All Slews, meet LPDDR JEDEC electrical compliance

#### 8.7.6.4 AC Switching Characteristics

**Table 81 • LPDDR - LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ , VDD = 1.14 V, VDDI = 1.71 V

	ODT (On Die Termination)	Speed Grade –1		Units
		$t_{PY}$	$t_{PYS}$	
LPDDR-LVCMOS 1.8 mode (for DDRIO I/O Bank with Fixed Codes)	None	2.071	2.213	ns

**AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**
**Table 82 • LPDDR - LVCMOS 1.8 V AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter DDRIO I/O Bank (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 1.71\text{ V}$ 

Output Drive Selection	Slew Control	Speed Grade -1					Units
		$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
2 mA	slow	4.681	4.017	4.69	5.388	4.852	ns
	medium	4.211	3.599	4.219	5.058	4.488	ns
	medium_fast	3.978	3.392	3.986	4.874	4.327	ns
	fast	3.953	3.373	3.961	4.858	4.316	ns
4 mA	slow	4.355	3.657	4.346	5.967	5.399	ns
	medium	3.886	3.246	3.879	5.628	5.01	ns
	medium_fast	3.656	3.05	3.647	5.461	4.845	ns
	fast	3.635	3.033	3.626	5.447	4.838	ns
6 mA	slow	4.105	3.422	4.092	6.221	5.599	ns
	medium	3.68	3.05	3.668	5.9	5.257	ns
	medium_fast	3.477	2.867	3.463	5.739	5.118	ns
	fast	3.451	2.849	3.437	5.72	5.104	ns
8 mA	slow	4.015	3.32	3.998	6.458	5.808	ns
	medium	3.59	2.947	3.574	6.129	5.449	ns
	medium_fast	3.383	2.761	3.366	5.963	5.304	ns
	fast	3.357	2.746	3.34	5.954	5.289	ns
10 mA	slow	3.888	3.18	3.864	6.739	6.045	ns
	medium	3.485	2.822	3.467	6.422	5.7	ns
	medium_fast	3.281	2.642	3.26	6.277	5.553	ns
	fast	3.258	2.627	3.238	6.27	5.546	ns
12 mA	slow	3.795	3.096	3.773	6.773	6.067	ns
	medium	3.408	2.764	3.389	6.47	5.743	ns
	medium_fast	3.215	2.599	3.194	6.346	5.61	ns
	fast	3.196	2.584	3.175	6.335	5.604	ns
16 mA	slow	3.744	3.035	3.719	6.944	6.207	ns
	medium	3.358	2.712	3.339	6.657	5.868	ns
	medium_fast	3.175	2.546	3.153	6.547	5.751	ns
	fast	3.156	2.531	3.133	6.541	5.747	ns



## 8.8. Differential I/O Standards

Configuration of the I/O modules as a differential pair is handled by Microsemi SoC Products Group Libero<sup>®</sup> System-on-Chip (SoC) software when the user instantiates a differential I/O macro in the design. Differential I/Os can also be used in conjunction with the embedded Input register (InReg), Output register (OutReg), Enable register (EnReg), and Double Data Rate registers (DDR).

### 8.8.1 LVDS

Low-Voltage Differential Signaling (ANSI/TIA/EIA-644) is a high-speed, differential I/O standard.

#### 8.8.1.1 Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 83 • LVDS DC Voltage Specification**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply voltage	2.5 V range	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
VDDI	Supply voltage	3.3 V range	3.15	3.3	3.45	V
<b>LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
VI	DC Input voltage	2.5 V range	0	–	2.925	V
VI	DC input voltage	3.3 V range	0	–	3.45	V
IIH (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	μA
IIL (DC)	Input current Low		–	–	10	μA
<b>LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification</b>						
VOH	DC output logic High		1.25	1.425	1.6	V
VOL	DC output logic Low		0.9	1.075	1.25	V
<b>LVDS Differential Voltage Specification</b>						
VOD	Differential output voltage swing		250	350	450	mV
VOCM	Output common mode voltage		1.125	1.25	1.375	V
VICM	Input common mode voltage		0.05	1.25	2.35	V
VID	Input differential voltage		100	350	600	mV

**Table 84 • LVDS AC Specifications**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVDS Maximum AC Switching Speed</b>						
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 12 pF / 100 Ω differential load	–	–	480	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	AC loading: 10 pF / 100 Ω differential load	–	–	480	Mbps
<b>LVDS Impedance Specification</b>						
Rt	Termination resistance	–	–	100	–	Ω
<b>LVDS AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
Vtrip	Measuring/trip point for data path		–	Cross point	–	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )		–	2k	–	Ω
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )		–	5	–	pF

### 8.8.1.2 LVDS25 AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 85 • LVDS25 Receiver Characteristics**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ 

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	Speed Grade -1	Units
		$t_{PY}$	
LVDS (for MSIO I/O Bank)	None	3.061	ns
	100	3.057	ns
LVDS (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	None	2.792	ns
	100	2.787	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 86 • LVDS25 Transmitter Characteristics**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ 

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
LVDS (for MSIO I/O Bank)	2.299	2.602	2.589	2.305	2.32	ns
LVDS (for MSIOD I/O Bank)						
No pre-emphasis	1.656	1.845	1.838	1.992	1.969	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.583	1.868	1.866	2.018	1.998	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.559	1.893	1.886	2.045	2.021	ns

### 8.8.1.3 LVDS33 AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 87 • LVDS33 Receiver Characteristics**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 3.15\text{ V}$ 

	On Die Termination (ODT)	Speed Grade -1	Units
		$t_{PY}$	
LVDS33 (for MSIO I/O Bank)	None	2.763	ns
	100	2.76	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 88 • LVDS33 Transmitter Characteristics**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 3.15\text{ V}$ 

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
LVDS33 (for MSIO I/O Bank)	2.069	2.112	2.106	2.078	2.09	ns

## 8.8.2 B-LVDS

Bus LVDS (B-LVDS) specifications extend the existing LVDS standard to high-performance multipoint bus applications. Multidrop and multipoint bus configurations may contain any combination of drivers, receivers, and transceivers.

### 8.8.2.1 Minimum and Maximum AC/DC Input and Output Levels Specification

**Table 89 • B-LVDS DC Voltage Specification**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Bus-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
<b>Bus-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
VI	DC input voltage		0	–	2.925	V
I <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	μA
I <sub>IL</sub> (DC)	Input current Low		–	–	10	μA
<b>Bus-LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification (for MSIO I/O Bank only)</b>						
VOH	DC output logic High		1.25	1.425	1.6	V
VOL	DC output logic Low		0.9	1.075	1.25	V
<b>Bus-LVDS Differential Voltage Specification</b>						
VOD	Differential output voltage swing (for MSIO I/O Bank only)		65	–	460	mV
VOCM	Output common mode voltage (for MSIO I/O Bank only)		1.1	–	1.5	V
VICM	Input common mode voltage		0.05	–	2.4	V
VID	Input differential voltage		0.1	–	VDDI	V

**Table 90 • B-LVDS AC Specifications**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Bus-LVDS Maximum AC Switching Speed</b>						
D <sub>max</sub>	Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load	–	–	450	Mbps
<b>Bus-LVDS Impedance Specifications</b>						
R <sub>t</sub>	Termination resistance		–	27	–	Ω
<b>Bus-LVDS AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
V <sub>trip</sub>	Measuring/trip point for data path		–	Cross point	–	V
R <sub>ent</sub>	Resistance for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )		–	2k	–	Ω
C <sub>ent</sub>	Capacitive loading for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )		–	5	–	pF

### 8.8.2.2. AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 91 • B-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ 

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	Speed Grade -1	Units
		$t_{PY}$	
Bus-LVDS (for MSIO I/O Bank)	None	3.011	ns
	100	3.006	ns
Bus-LVDS (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	None	2.722	ns
	100	2.725	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 92 • B-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$ 

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
Bus-LVDS (for MSIO I/O Bank)	2.78	2.632	2.617	2.448	2.436	ns

### 8.8.3 M-LVDS

M-LVDS specifications extend the existing LVDS standard to high-performance multipoint bus applications. Multidrop and multipoint bus configurations may contain any combination of drivers, receivers, and transceivers.

#### 8.8.3.1 Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 93 • M-LVDS DC Voltage Specification**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
<b>M-LVDS Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>							–
V <sub>DDI</sub>	Supply voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V	*
<b>M-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification</b>							–
V <sub>I</sub>	DC input voltage		0	–	2.925	V	–
I <sub>IH</sub> (DC)	Input current High		–	–	10	μA	–
I <sub>IL</sub> (DC)	Input current Low		–	–	10	μA	–
<b>M-LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification (for MSIO I/O Bank Only)</b>							–
V <sub>OH</sub>	DC output logic High		1.25	1.425	1.6	V	–
V <sub>OL</sub>	DC output logic Low		0.9	1.075	1.25	V	–
<b>M-LVDS Differential Voltage Specification</b>							–
V <sub>OD</sub>	Differential output voltage Swing (for MSIO I/O Bank only)		300	–	650	mV	–
V <sub>OCM</sub>	Output common mode voltage (for MSIO I/O Bank only)		0.3	–	2.1	V	–
V <sub>ICM</sub>	Input common mode voltage		0.3	–	1.2	V	–

**Table 93 • M-LVDS DC Voltage Specification (continued)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
VID	Input differential voltage		50	–	2400	mV	–
<i>Note: *Only M-LVDS TYPE I is supported</i>							

**Table 94 • M-LVDS AC Specifications**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
<b>M-LVDS Maximum AC Switching Speeds</b>							
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 Ω differential load	–	–	450	Mbps	
<b>M-LVDS Impedance Specification</b>							
Rt	Termination resistance	–	–	50	–	Ω	
<b>M-LVDS AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>							
VTrip	Measuring/trip point for data path		–	Cross point	–	V	
Rent	Resistance for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )		–	2k	–	Ω	
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path (t <sub>ZH</sub> , t <sub>ZL</sub> , t <sub>HZ</sub> , t <sub>LZ</sub> )		–	5	–	pF	

### 8.8.3.2 AC Switching Characteristics

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 95 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

 Worst-case Military conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 125°C, VDD = 1.14 V, VDDI = 2.375 V

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	Speed Grade –1	Units
		t <sub>py</sub>	
M-LVDS (for MSIO I/O Bank)	None	3.011	ns
	100	3.006	ns
M-LVDS (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	None	2.722	ns
	100	2.725	ns

#### AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 96 • M-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

 Worst-case Military conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 125°C, VDD = 1.14 V, VDDI = 2.375 V

	Speed Grade –1					Units
	t <sub>DP</sub>	t <sub>ZL</sub>	t <sub>ZH</sub>	t <sub>HZ</sub>	t <sub>LZ</sub>	
M-LVDS (for MSIO I/O Bank)	2.78	2.632	2.616	2.447	2.436	ns

## 8.8.4 Mini-LVDS

Mini-LVDS is an unidirectional interface from the timing controller to the column drivers and is designed to the Texas Instruments Standard SLDA007A.

### 8.8.4.1 Mini-LVDS Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 97 • Mini-LVDS DC Voltage Specification**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
<b>Mini-LVDS DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
VI	DC Input voltage		0	–	2.925	V
<b>Mini-LVDS DC Output Voltage Specification</b>						
VOH	DC output logic High		1.25	1.425	1.6	V
VOL	DC output logic Low		0.9	1.075	1.25	V
<b>Mini-LVDS Differential Voltage Specification</b>						
VOD	Differential output voltage swing		300	–	600	mV
VOCM	Output common mode voltage		1	–	1.4	V
VICM	Input common mode voltage		0.3	–	1.2	V
VID	Input differential voltage		100	–	600	mV

**Table 98 • Mini-LVDS AC Specifications**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Mini-LVDS Maximum AC Switching Speed</b>						
Dmax	Maximum data rate (MSIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load	–	–	460	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (MSIOD I/O Bank)	AC loading: 10 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load	–	–	480	Mbps
<b>Mini-LVDS Impedance Specification</b>						
Rt	Termination resistance		–	100	–	$\Omega$
<b>Mini-LVDS AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
VTrip	Measuring/trip point for data path		–	Cross point	–	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	2k	–	$\Omega$
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	5	–	pF

### 8.8.4.2 AC Switching Characteristics

AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 99 • Mini-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

Worst-case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	Speed Grade -1	Units
		$t_{pY}$	
Mini-LVDS (for MSIO I/O Bank)	None	3.112	ns
	100	2.995	ns
Mini-LVDS (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	None	2.612	ns
	100	2.612	ns

AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 100 • Mini-LVDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Worst-case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
Mini-LVDS (for MSIO I/O Bank)	2.3	2.602	2.59	2.306	2.32	ns
<b>Mini-LVDS (for MSIOD I/O Bank)</b>						
No pre-emphasis	1.652	1.84	1.833	1.988	1.965	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.652	1.84	1.833	1.988	1.965	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.577	1.868	1.86	2.02	1.994	ns
Max pre-emphasis	1.555	1.894	1.883	2.048	2.019	ns

## 8.8.5 RSDS

Reduced Swing Differential Signaling (RSDS) is similar to an LVDS high-speed interface using differential signaling. RSDS has a similar implementation to LVDS devices and is only intended for point-to-point applications.

### 8.8.5.1 Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 101 • RSDS DC Voltage Specification**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
<b>RSDS DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
VI	DC input voltage		0	–	2.925	V
<b>RSDS DC Output Voltage Specification</b>						
VOH	DC output logic High		1.25	1.425	1.6	V
VOL	DC output logic Low		0.9	1.075	1.25	V
<b>RSDS Differential Voltage Specification</b>						
VOD	Differential output voltage swing		100	–	600	mV
VOCM	Output common mode voltage		0.5	–	1.5	V
VICM	Input common mode voltage		0.3	–	1.5	V
VID	Input differential voltage		100	–	600	mV

**Table 102 • RSDS AC Specifications**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>RSDS Maximum AC Switching Speed</b>						
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O Bank)	AC loading: 2 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load	–	–	460	Mbps
Dmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	AC loading: 10 pF / 100 $\Omega$ differential load	–	–	480	Mbps
<b>RSDS Impedance Specification</b>						
Rt	Termination resistance		–	100	–	$\Omega$
<b>RSDS AC Test Parameters Specifications</b>						
VTrip	Measuring/trip point for data path		–	Cross point	–	V
Rent	Resistance for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	2k	–	$\Omega$
Cent	Capacitive loading for enable path ( $t_{ZH}$ , $t_{ZL}$ , $t_{HZ}$ , $t_{LZ}$ )		–	5	–	pF



### 8.8.5.2. AC Switching Characteristics

AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

**Table 103 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)**

Worst-case Military conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$

	On-Die Termination (ODT)	Speed Grade -1	Units
		$t_{pY}$	
RSDS (for MSIO I/O Bank)	None	3.112	ns
	100	3.108	ns
RSDS (for MSIOD I/O Bank)	None	2.832	ns
	100	2.821	ns

AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)

**Table 104 • RSDS AC Switching Characteristics for Transmitter (Output and Tristate Buffers)**

Worst-case Military conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDI} = 2.375\text{ V}$

	Speed Grade -1					Units
	$t_{DP}$	$t_{ZL}$	$t_{ZH}$	$t_{HZ}$	$t_{LZ}$	
RSDS (for MSIO I/O Bank)	2.256	2.484	2.472	2.111	2.096	ns
RSDS (for MSIOD I/O Bank)						
No pre-emphasis	1.661	1.648	1.645	1.675	1.665	ns
Min pre-emphasis	1.651	1.84	1.833	1.988	1.964	ns
Med pre-emphasis	1.577	1.868	1.859	2.019	1.993	ns
Max pre-emphasis	1.555	1.894	1.883	2.047	2.018	ns

### 8.8.6 LVPECL

Low-Voltage Positive Emitter-Coupled Logic (LVPECL) is another differential I/O standard. It requires that one data bit be carried through two signal lines. Similar to LVDS, two pins are needed. It also requires external resistor termination. IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs support only LVPECL receivers and do not support LVPECL transmitters.

#### 8.8.6.1 Minimum and Maximum Input and Output Levels

**Table 105 • LVPECL DC Voltage Specification (Applicable to MSIO I/O Banks Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply voltage		3.15	3.3	3.45	V
<b>LVPECL DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
VI	DC input voltage		0	–	3.45	V
<b>LVPECL Differential Voltage Specification</b>						
VICM	Input common mode voltage		0.3		2.8	V
VIDIFF	Input differential voltage		100	300	1,000	mV

**Table 106 • LVPECL Maximum AC Switching Speeds (Applicable to MSIO I/O Banks Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>LVPECL AC Specifications</b>						
Fmax	Maximum data rate (for MSIO I/O Bank)		–	–	810	Mbps

**8.8.6.2 AC Switching Characteristics**

AC Switching Characteristics for Receiver (Input Buffers)

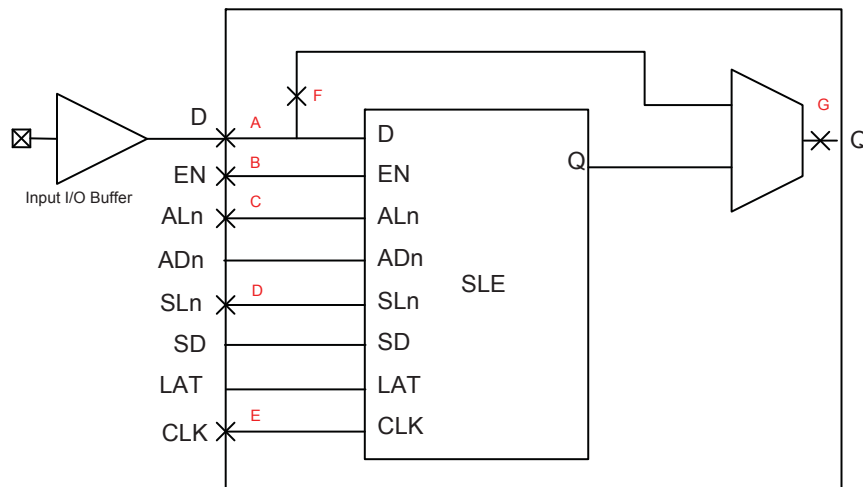
**Table 107 • LVPECL Receiver Characteristics**

Worst-case Military conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 125°C, VDD = 1.14 V, VDDI = 3.15 V

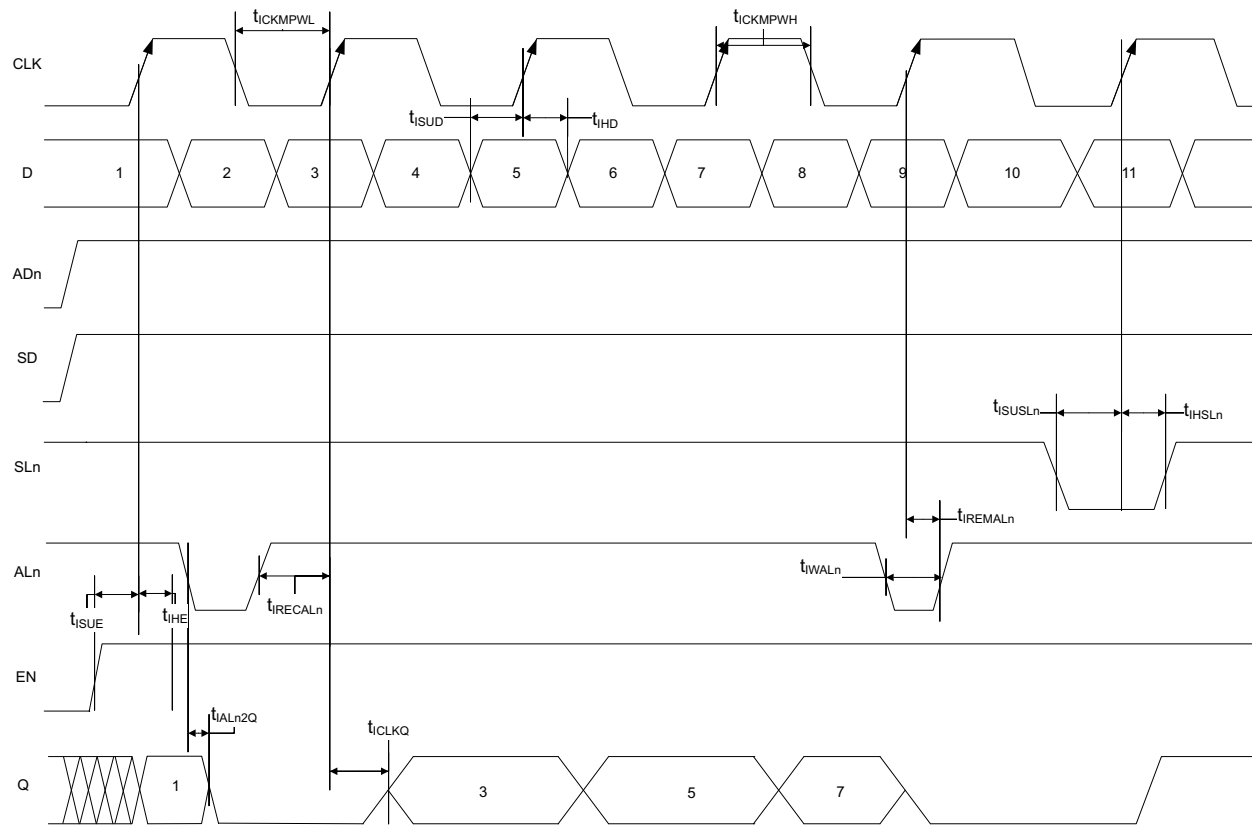
	On-Die Termination (ODT)	t <sub>py</sub>	Units
		Speed Grade -1	
LVPECL (for MSIO I/O Bank)	None	2.71	ns
	100	2.71	ns

**8.9 I/O Register Specifications**

**8.9.1 Input Register**



**Figure 5 • Timing Model for Input Register**

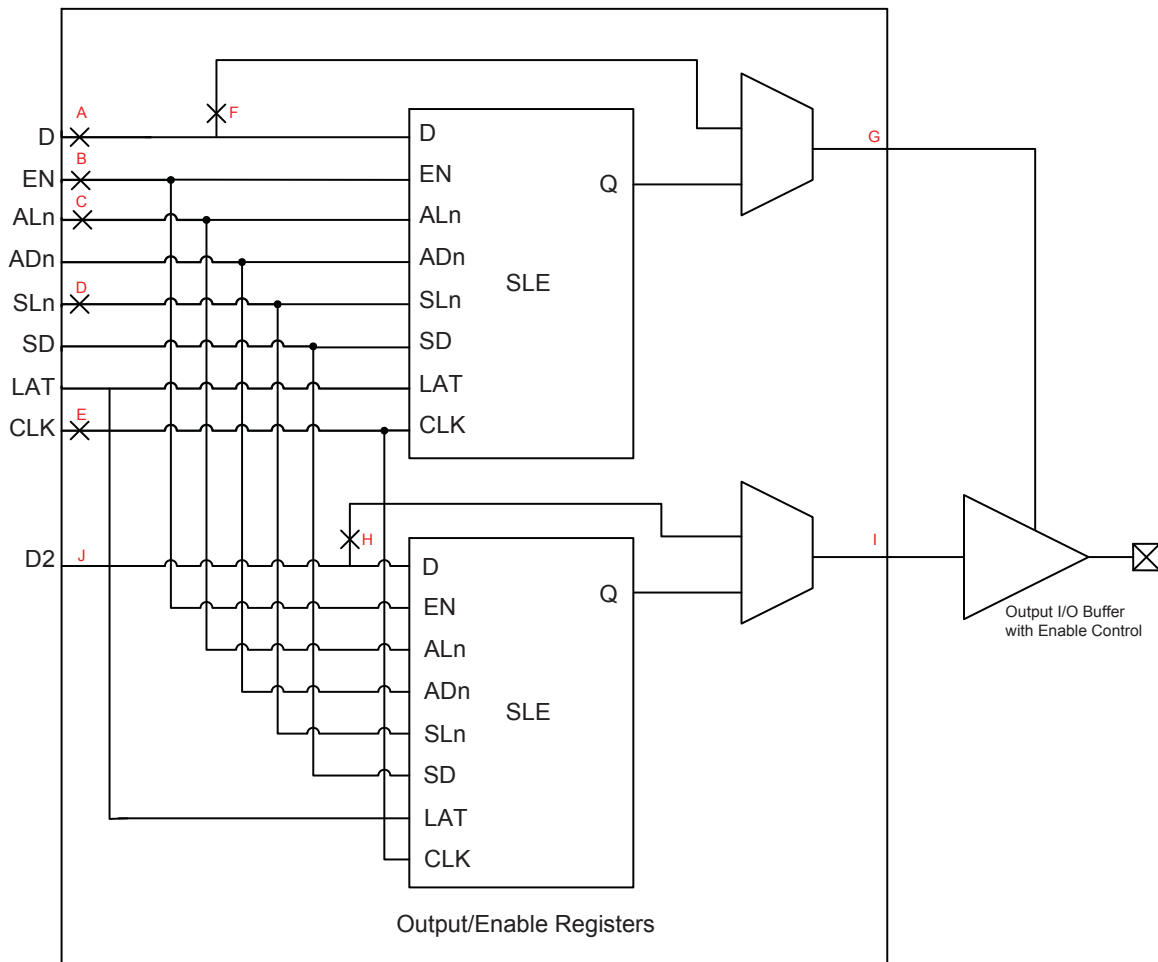

**Figure 6 • I/O Register Input Timing Diagram**
**Table 108 • Input Data Register Propagation Delays**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*	Speed Grade -1	Units
$t_{\text{BYP}}$	Bypass Delay of the Input Register	F,G	0.364	ns
$t_{\text{CLKQ}}$	Clock-to-Q of the Input Register	E,G	0.165	ns
$t_{\text{SUD}}$	Data Setup Time for the Input Register	A,E	0.369	ns
$t_{\text{IHD}}$	Data Hold Time for the Input Register	A,E	0	ns
$t_{\text{ISUE}}$	Enable Setup Time for the Input Register	B,E	0.475	ns
$t_{\text{IHE}}$	Enable Hold Time for the Input Register	B,E	0	ns
$t_{\text{SUSL}}$	Synchronous Load Setup Time for the Input Register	D,E	0.475	ns
$t_{\text{IHSL}}$	Synchronous Load Hold Time for the Input Register	D,E	0	ns
$t_{\text{ALn2Q}}$	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Input Register ( $\text{ADn}=1$ )	C,G	0.648	ns
	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Input Register ( $\text{ADn}=0$ )	C,G	0.606	ns

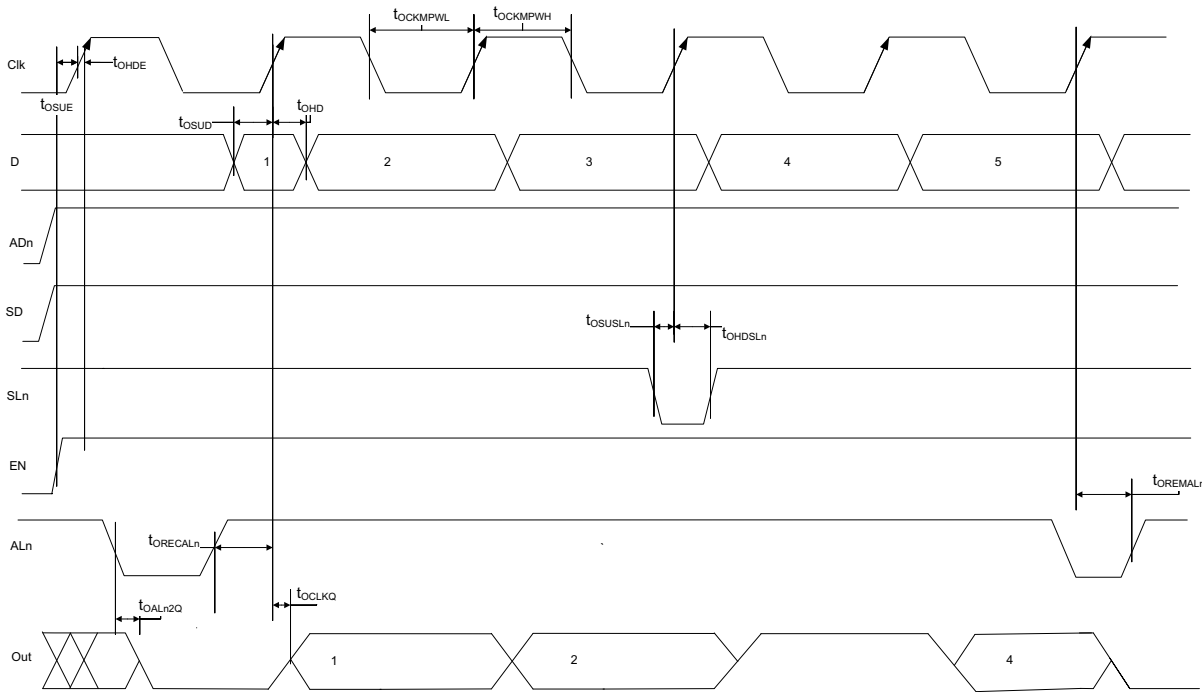
**Table 108 • Input Data Register Propagation Delays (continued)**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*	Speed Grade -1	Units
$t_{IREMALn}$	Asynchronous Load Removal Time for the Input Register	C,E	0	ns
$t_{IRECALn}$	Asynchronous Load Recovery Time for the Input Register	C,E	0.076	ns
$t_{IWALn}$	Asynchronous Load Minimum Pulse Width for the Input Register	C,C	0.313	ns
$t_{CKMPWH}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Input Register	E,E	0.078	ns
$t_{CKMPWL}$	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Input Register	E,E	0.164	ns

### 8.9.2 Output/Enable Register



**Figure 7 • Timing Model for Output/Enable Register**


**Figure 8 • I/O Register Output Timing Diagram**
**Table 109 • Output/Enable Data Register Propagation Delays**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

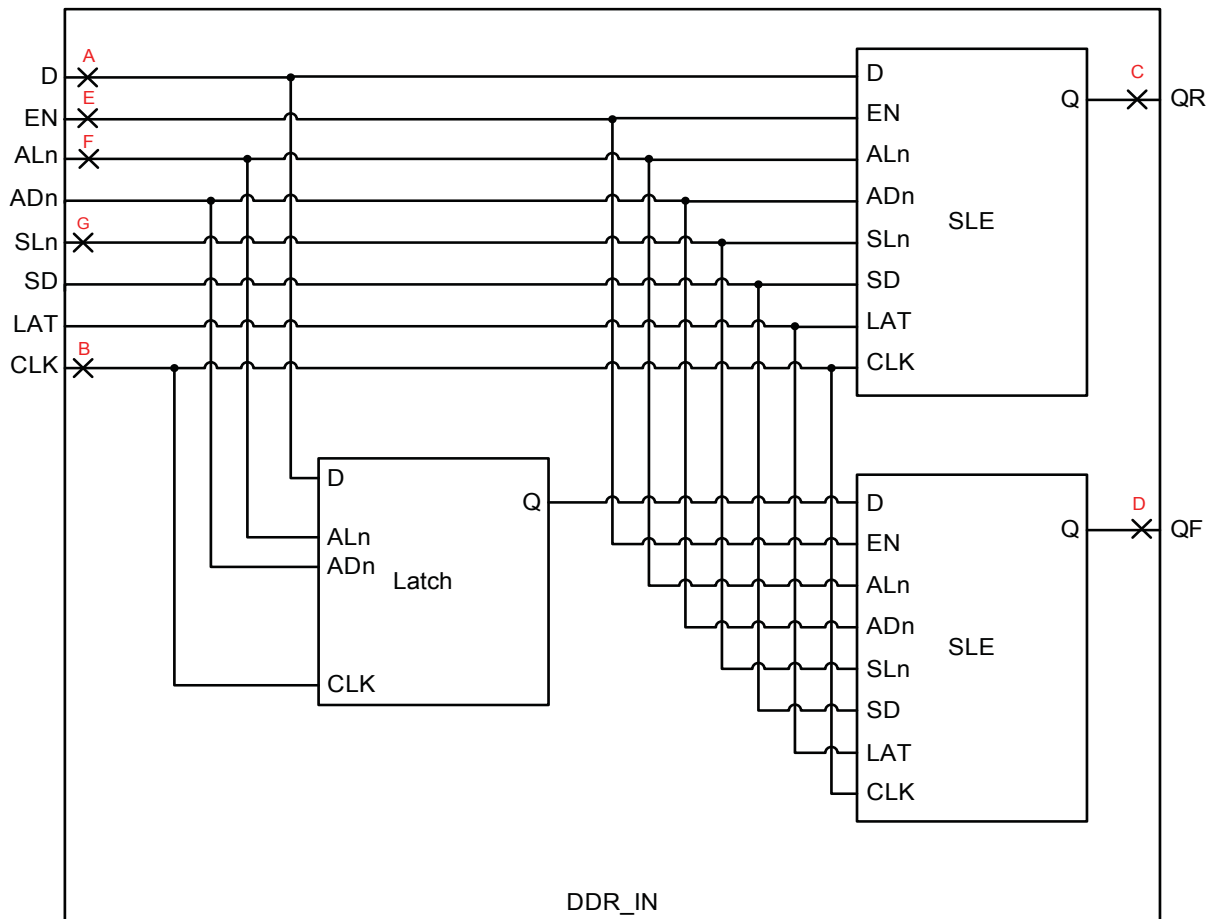
Parameter	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*	Speed Grade -1	Units
tOBYP	Bypass Delay of the Output/Enable Register	F,G or H,I	0.364	ns
tOCLKQ	Clock-to-Q of the Output/Enable Register	E,G or E,I	0.272	ns
tOSUD	Data Setup Time for the Output/Enable Register	A,E or J,E	0.196	ns
tOHD	Data Hold Time for the Output/Enable Register	A,E or J,E	0	ns
tOSUE	Enable Setup Time for the Output/Enable Register	B,E	0.433	ns
tOHE	Enable Hold Time for the Output/Enable Register	B,E	0	ns
tOSUSL	Synchronous Load Setup Time for the Output/Enable Register	D,E	0.203	ns
tOHSL	Synchronous Load Hold Time for the Output/Enable Register	D,E	0	ns
tOALn2Q	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Output/Enable Register (ADn=1)	C,G or C,I	0.523	ns
	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Output/Enable Register (ADn=0)	C,G or C,I	0.545	ns
tOREMALn	Asynchronous Load Removal Time for the Output/Enable Register	C,E	0	ns

**Table 109 • Output/Enable Data Register Propagation Delays**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)*	Speed Grade -1	Units
tORECALn	Asynchronous Load Recovery Time for the Output/Enable Register	C,E	0.035	ns
tOWALn	Asynchronous Load Minimum Pulse Width for the Output/Enable Register	C,C	0.266	ns
tOCKMPWH	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output/Enable Register	E,E	0.065	ns
tOCKMPWL	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output/Enable Register	E,E	0.139	ns

## 8.10 DDR Module Specification

### 8.10.1 Input DDR Module



**Figure 9 • Input DDR Module**

### 8.10.2 Input DDR Timing Diagram

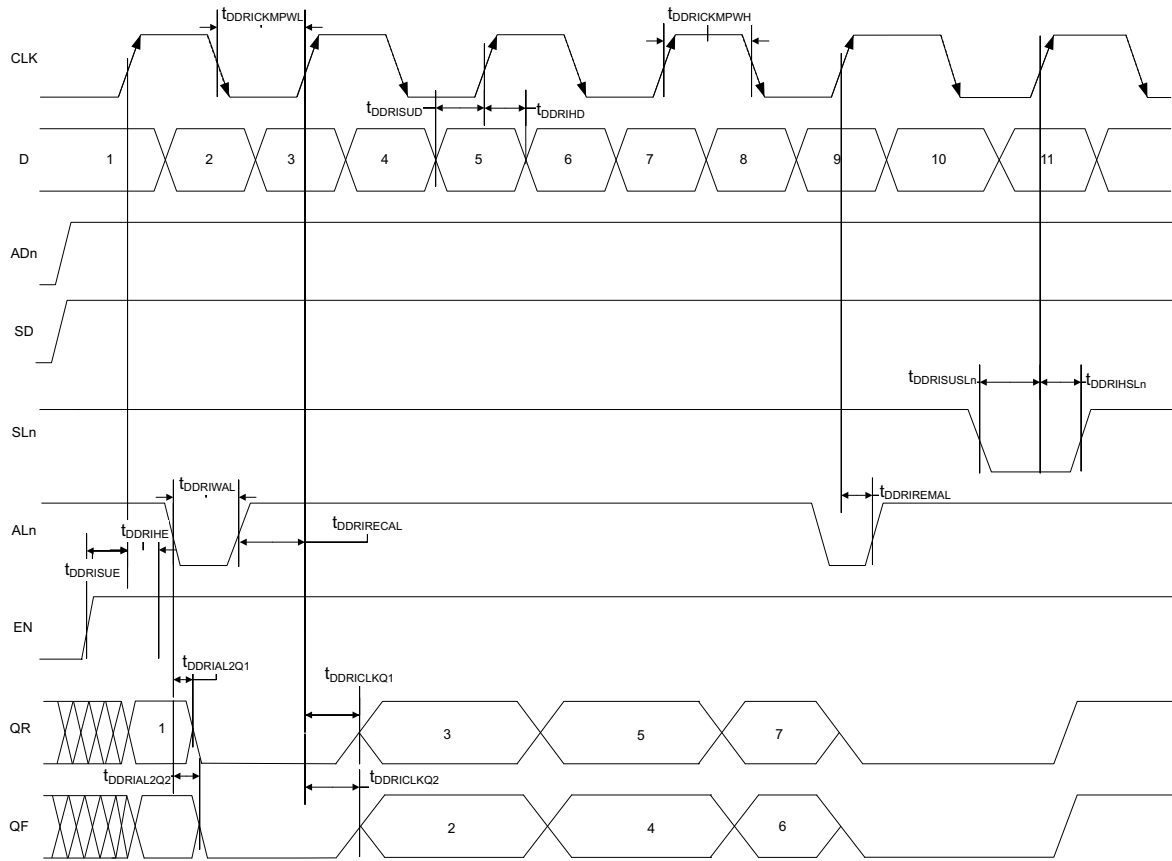


Figure 10 • Input DDR Timing Diagram

### 8.10.3 Timing Characteristics

**Table 110 • Input DDR Propagation Delays**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	Speed Grade -1	Units
tDDRICKQ1	Clock-to-Out Out_QR for Input DDR	B,C	0.165	ns
tDDRICKQ2	Clock-to-Out Out_QF for Input DDR	B,D	0.172	ns
tDDRISUD	Data Setup for Input DDR	A,B	0.372	ns
tDDRILD	Data Hold for Input DDR	A,B	0	ns
tDDRISUE	Enable Setup for Input DDR	E,B	0.475	ns
tDDRILHE	Enable Hold for Input DDR	E,B	0	ns
tDDRISUSLn	Synchronous Load Setup for Input DDR	G,B	0.475	ns
tDDRILSLn	Synchronous Load Hold for Input DDR	G,B	0	ns
tDDRIAL2Q1	Asynchronous Load-to-Out QR for Input DDR	F,C	0.606	ns
tDDRIAL2Q2	Asynchronous Load-to-Out QF for Input DDR	F,D	0.558	ns
tDDRIREMAL	Asynchronous Load Removal time for Input DDR	F,B	0	ns
tDDRIRECAL	Asynchronous Load Recovery time for Input DDR	F,B	0.076	ns
tDDRILWAL	Asynchronous Load Minimum Pulse Width for Input DDR	F,F	0.313	ns
tDDRICKMPWH	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for Input DDR	B,B	0.078	ns
tDDRICKMPWL	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for Input DDR	B,B	0.164	ns



### 8.10.4 Output DDR Module

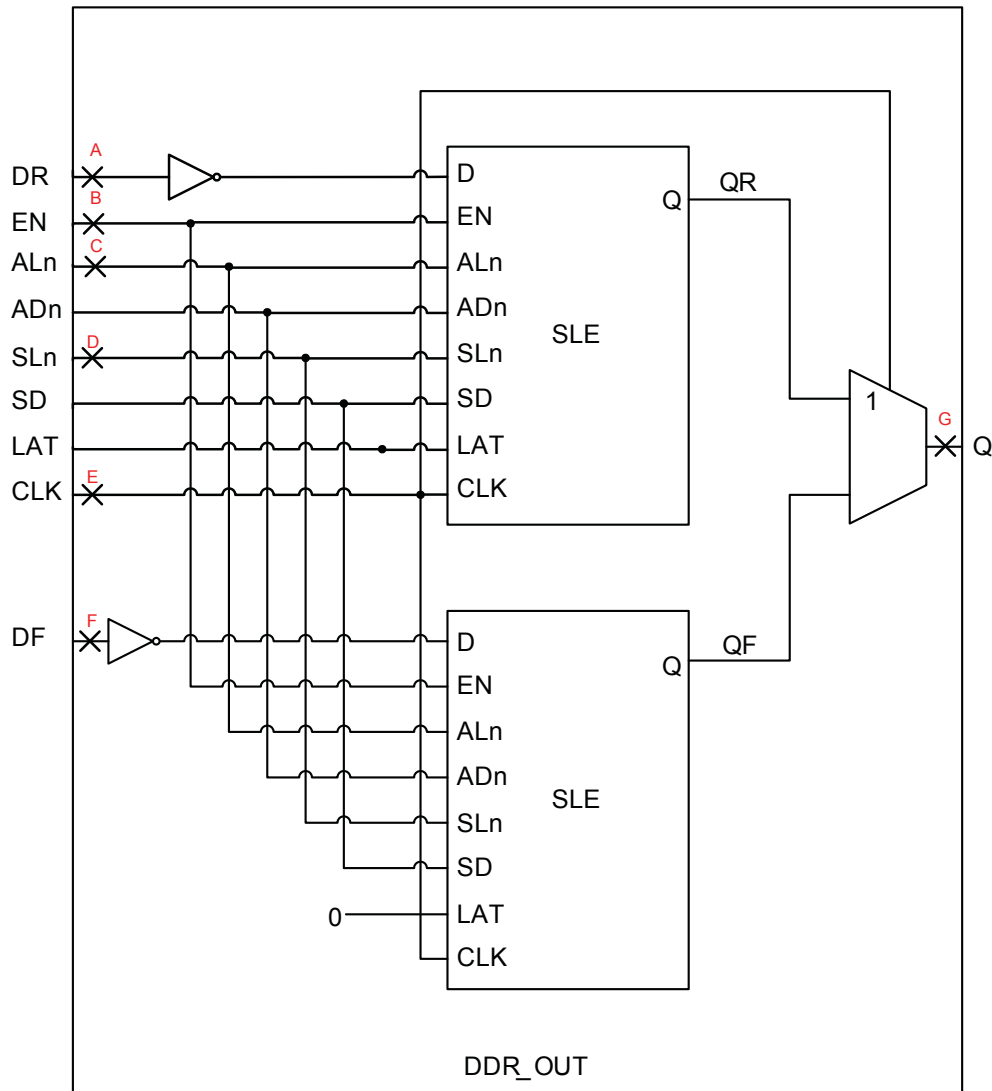
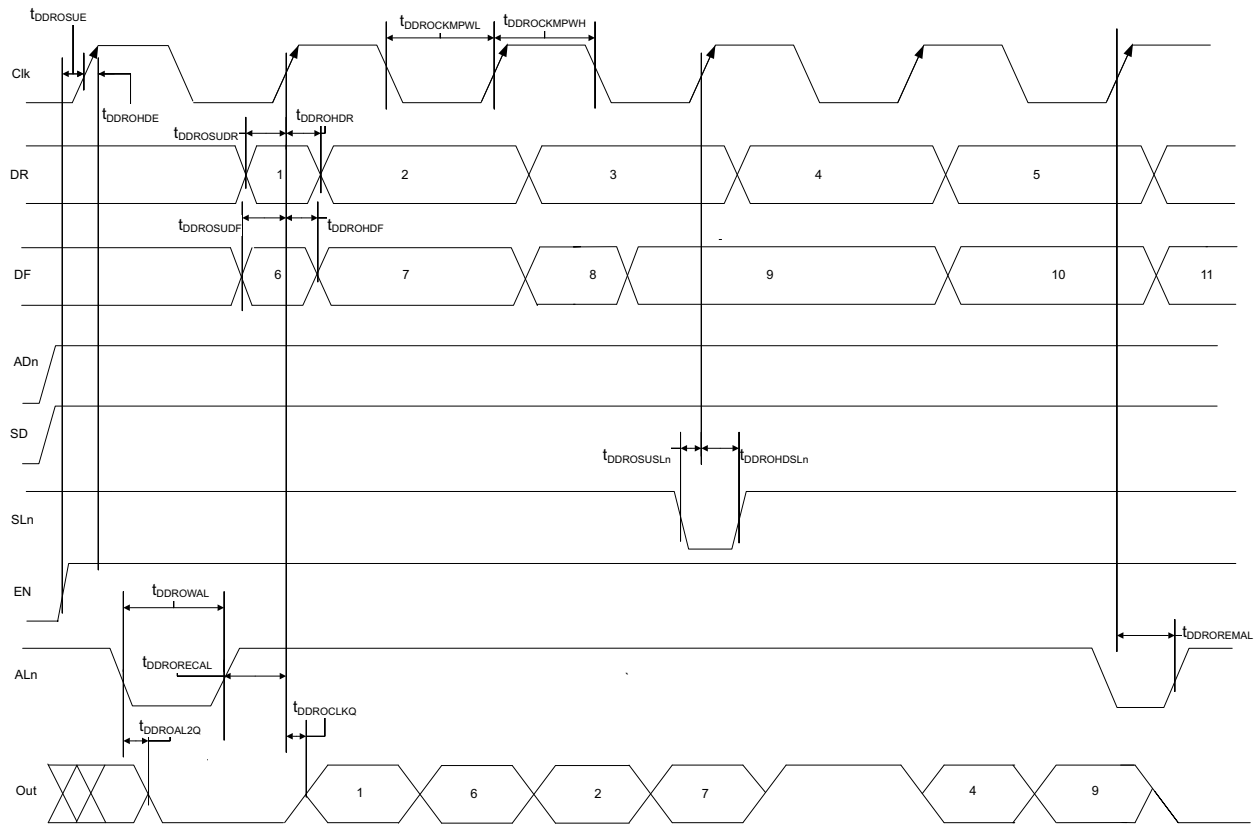


Figure 11 • Output DDR Module


**Figure 12 • Output DDR Timing Diagram**

## 8.10.5 Timing Characteristics

**Table 111 • Output DDR Propagation Delays**

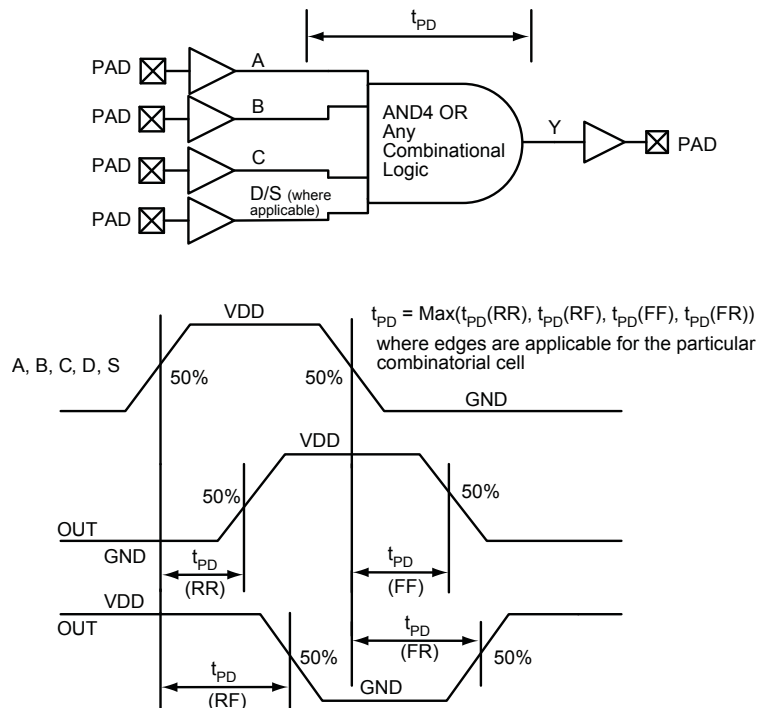
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Measuring Nodes (from, to)	Speed Grade -1	Units
tDDROCLKQ	Clock-to-Out of DDR for Output DDR	E,G	0.272	ns
tDDROSUDF	DF Data Setup for Output DDR	F,E	0.148	ns
tDDROSUDR	DR Data Setup for Output DDR	A,E	0.196	ns
tDDROHDF	DF Data Hold for Output DDR	F,E	0	ns
tDDROHDR	DR Data Hold for Output DDR	A,E	0	ns
tDDROSUE	Enable Setup for Output DDR	B,E	0.433	ns
tDDROHE	Enable Hold for Output DDR	B,E	0	ns
tDDROSUSLn	Synchronous Load Setup for Output DDR	D,E	0.203	ns
tDDROHSLn	Synchronous Load Hold for Output DDR	D,E	0	ns
tDDROAL2Q	Asynchronous Load-to-Out for Output DDR	C,G	0.545	ns
tDDROREMA	Asynchronous Load Removal time for Output DDR	C,E	0	ns
tDDRORECAL	Asynchronous Load Recovery time for Output DDR	C,E	0.035	ns
tDDROWAL	Asynchronous Load Minimum Pulse Width for Output DDR	C,C	0.266	ns
tDDROCKMPWH	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Output DDR	E,E	0.065	ns
tDDROCKMPWL	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Output DDR	E,E	0.139	ns

## 9. Logic Element Specifications

### 9.1 4-input LUT (LUT-4)

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs offer a fully permutable 4-input LUT. In this section, timing characteristics are presented for a sample of the library. For more details, refer to the [SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Macro Library Guide](#).



**Figure 13 • LUT-4**

Timing Characteristics

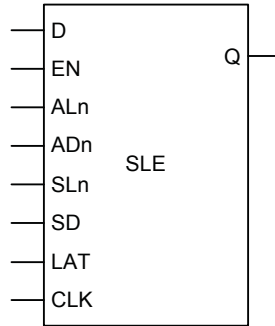
**Table 112 • Combinatorial Cell Propagation Delays**

Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Combinatorial Cell	Equation	Parameter	Speed Grade -1	Units
INV	$Y = !A$	$t_{PD}$	0.106	ns
AND2	$Y = A \cdot B$	$t_{PD}$	0.17	ns
NAND2	$Y = !(A \cdot B)$	$t_{PD}$	0.157	ns
OR2	$Y = A + B$	$t_{PD}$	0.17	ns
NOR2	$Y = !(A + B)$	$t_{PD}$	0.157	ns
XOR2	$Y = A \oplus B$	$t_{PD}$	0.17	ns
XOR3	$Y = A \oplus B \oplus C$	$t_{PD}$	0.236	ns
AND3	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C$	$t_{PD}$	0.217	ns
AND4	$Y = A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot D$	$t_{PD}$	0.384	ns

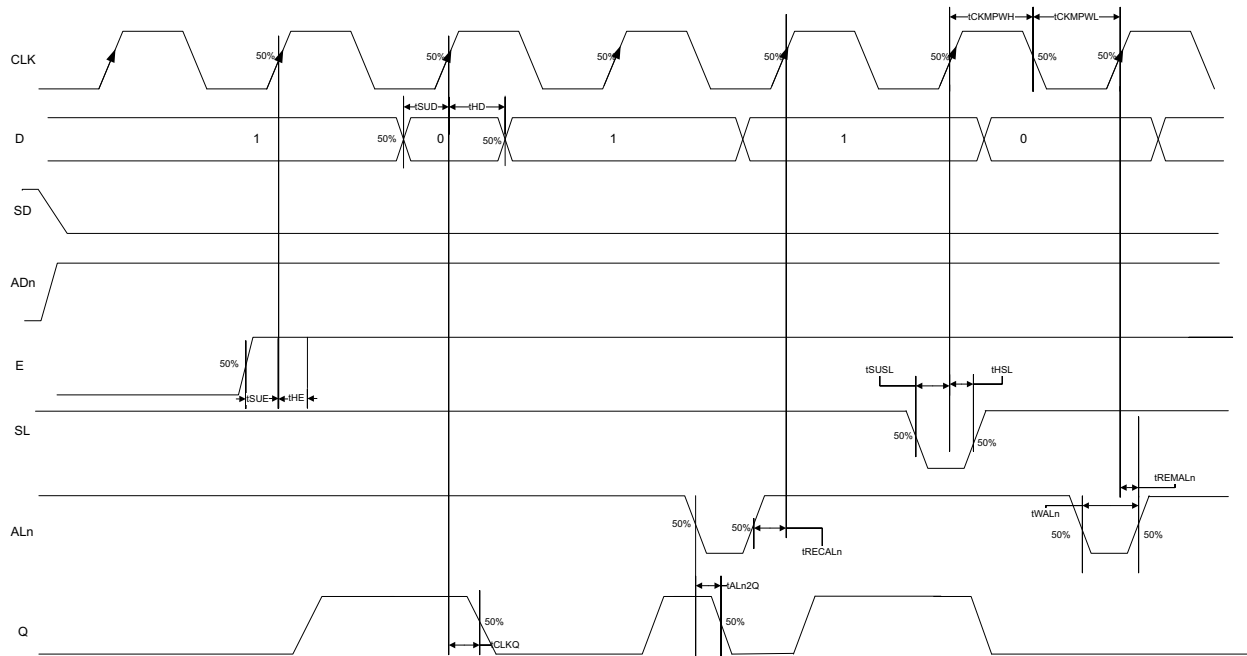
## 9.2 Sequential Module

IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs offer a separate flip-flop which can be used independently from the LUT. The flip-flop can be configured as a register or a latch and has a data input and optional enable, synchronous load (clear or preset), and asynchronous load (clear or preset).



**Figure 14 • Sequential Module**

Figure 15 shows a configuration with SD = 0 (synchronous clear) and ADn = 1 (asynchronous clear) for a flip-flop (LAT = 0).



**Figure 15 • Sequential Module Timing Diagram**

## 9.2.1 Timing Characteristics

**Table 113 • Register Delays**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tCLKQ	Clock-to-Q of the Core Register	0.112		ns
tSUD	Data Setup Time for the Core Register	0.262		ns
tHD	Data Hold Time for the Core Register	0		ns
tSUE	Enable Setup Time for the Core Register	0.346		ns
tHE	Enable Hold Time for the Core Register	0		ns
tSUSL	Synchronous Load Setup Time for the Core Register	0.346		ns
tHSL	Synchronous Load Hold Time for the Core Register	0		ns
tALn2Q	Asynchronous Clear-to-Q of the Core Register (ADn=1)	0.49		ns
	Asynchronous Preset-to-Q of the Core Register (ADn=0)	0.466		ns
tREMAIn	Asynchronous Load Removal Time for the Core Register	0		ns
tRECAIn	Asynchronous Load Recovery Time for the Core Register	0.364		ns
tWALn	Asynchronous Load Minimum Pulse Width for the Core Register	0.266		ns
tCKMPWH	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High for the Core Register	0.065		ns
tCKMPWL	Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low for the Core Register	0.139		ns

## 10. Global Resource Characteristics

The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA devices offer a powerful, low skew global routing network which provides an effective clock distribution throughout the FPGA fabric. Refer to the [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#) for the positions of various global routing resources.

**Table 114 • M2S150T Device Global Resource**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tRCKL	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.788	0.868	ns
tRCKH	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.46	1.594	ns
tRCKSW	Maximum Skew for Global Clock	–	0.134	ns

**Table 115 • M2S090T Device Global Resource**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tRCKL	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.793	0.847	ns

**Table 115 • M2S090T Device Global Resource (continued)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tRCKH	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.412	1.498	ns
tRCKSW	Maximum Skew for Global Clock	–	0.086	ns

**Table 116 • M2S050T Device Global Resource**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tRCKL	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.793	0.861	ns
tRCKH	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.436	1.55	ns
tRCKSW	Maximum Skew for Global Clock	–	0.114	ns

**Table 117 • M2S025T Device Global Resource**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tRCKL	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.713	0.762	ns
tRCKH	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.306	1.391	ns
tRCKSW	Maximum Skew for Global Clock	–	0.085	ns

**Table 118 • M2S010T Device Global Resource**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tRCKL	Input Low Delay for Global Clock	0.598	0.639	ns
tRCKH	Input High Delay for Global Clock	1.116	1.192	ns
tRCKSW	Maximum Skew for Global Clock	–	0.076	ns

## 11. FPGA Fabric SRAM

Refer to the *UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide* for more information.

### 11.1 FPGA Fabric Large SRAM (LSRAM)

**Table 119 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 1Kx18**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade –1		Units
		Min	Max	
t <sub>cy</sub>	Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
t <sub>clkmpwh</sub>	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns
t <sub>clkmpwl</sub>	Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
t <sub>plcy</sub>	Pipelined Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
t <sub>plclkmpwh</sub>	Pipelined Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns
t <sub>plclkmpwl</sub>	Pipelined Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
t <sub>clk2q</sub>	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.346	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	2.346	ns
	Access Time with Feed-Through Write Timing	–	1.578	ns
t <sub>addr<sub>su</sub></sub>	Address Setup Time	0.455	–	ns
t <sub>addr<sub>hd</sub></sub>	Address Hold Time	0.282	–	ns
t <sub>dsu</sub>	Data Setup Time	0.352	–	ns
t <sub>dhd</sub>	Data Hold Time	0.11	–	ns
t <sub>blksu</sub>	Block Select Setup Time	0.214	–	ns
t <sub>blkhd</sub>	Block Select Hold Time	0.223	–	ns
t <sub>blk2q</sub>	Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	1.578	ns
t <sub>blkmpw</sub>	Block Select Minimum Pulse Width	0.218	–	ns
t <sub>rdesu</sub>	Read Enable Setup Time	0.463	–	ns
t <sub>rdehd</sub>	Read Enable Hold Time	0.173	–	ns
t <sub>rdplesu</sub>	Pipelined Read Enable Setup Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.256	–	ns
t <sub>rdplehd</sub>	Pipelined Read Enable Hold Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.106	–	ns
t <sub>r2q</sub>	Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay	–	1.561	ns
t <sub>rstrem</sub>	Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	0.522	–	ns
t <sub>rstrec</sub>	Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.005	–	ns
t <sub>rstmpw</sub>	Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.352	–	ns
t <sub>plrstrem</sub>	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	-0.288	–	ns
t <sub>plrstrec</sub>	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.338	–	ns
t <sub>plrstmpw</sub>	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.33	–	ns



**Table 119 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 1Kx18**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tsrstu	Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.233	–	ns
tsrsthd	Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.037	–	ns
twesu	Write Enable Setup Time	0.402	–	ns
twehd	Write Enable Hold Time	0.25	–	ns
Fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	300	MHz

**Table 120 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 2Kx9**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tcy	Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
tclkmpwh	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns
tclkmpwl	Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
tpcy	Pipelined Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
tpclkmpwh	Pipelined Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns
tpclkmpwl	Pipelined Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
tclk2q	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.346	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	2.346	ns
	Access Time with Feed-Through Write Timing	–	1.578	ns
taddrsu	Address Setup Time	0.49	–	ns
taddrhd	Address Hold Time	0.282	–	ns
tdsu	Data Setup Time	0.346	–	ns
tdhd	Data Hold Time	0.084	–	ns
tblksu	Block Select Setup Time	0.214	–	ns
tblkhd	Block Select Hold Time	0.223	–	ns
tblk2q	Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	1.578	ns
tblkmpw	Block Select Minimum Pulse Width	0.218	–	ns
trdesu	Read Enable Setup Time	0.5	–	ns
trdehd	Read Enable Hold Time	0.073	–	ns
trdplestu	Pipelined Read Enable Setup Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.256	–	ns
trdplehd	Pipelined Read Enable Hold Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.106	–	ns
tr2q	Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay	–	1.569	ns

**Table 120 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 2Kx9**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
trstrem	Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	0.522	–	ns
trstrec	Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.005	–	ns
trstmpw	Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.352	–	ns
tplrstrem	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	-0.288	–	ns
tplrstrec	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.338	–	ns
tplrstmpw	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.33	–	ns
tsrstu	Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.233	–	ns
tsrsthd	Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.037	–	ns
twesu	Write Enable Setup Time	0.428	–	ns
twehd	Write Enable Hold Time	0.05	–	ns
Fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	300	MHz

**Table 121 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 4Kx4**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		
		Min	Max	Units
tcy	Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
tclkmpwh	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns
tclkmpwl	Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
tpcy	Pipelined Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
tpclkmpwh	Pipelined Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns
tpclkmpwl	Pipelined Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
tclk2q	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.334	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	2.346	ns
	Access Time with Feed-Through Write Timing	–	1.56	ns
taddrsu	Address Setup Time	0.56	–	ns
taddrhd	Address Hold Time	0.282	–	ns
tdsu	Data Setup Time	0.345	–	ns
tdhd	Data Hold Time	0.084	–	ns
tblk-su	Block Select Setup Time	0.214	–	ns
tblkhd	Block Select Hold Time	0.223	–	ns
tblk2q	Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	1.56	ns
tblkmpw	Block Select Minimum Pulse Width	0.218	–	ns

**Table 121 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 4Kx4**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		
		Min	Max	Units
trdesu	Read Enable Setup Time	0.532	–	ns
trdehd	Read Enable Hold Time	0.073	–	ns
trdplestu	Pipelined Read Enable Setup Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.256	–	ns
trdplehd	Pipelined Read Enable Hold Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.106	–	ns
tr2q	Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay	–	1.562	ns
trstrem	Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	0.522	–	ns
trstrec	Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.005	–	ns
trstmpw	Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.352	–	ns
tplrstrem	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	-0.288	–	ns
tplrstrec	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.338	–	ns
tplrstmpw	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.33	–	ns
tsrstsu	Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.233	–	ns
tsrsthd	Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.037	–	ns
twesu	Write Enable Setup Time	0.473	–	ns
twehd	Write Enable Hold Time	0.05	–	ns
Fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	300	MHz

**Table 122 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 8Kx2**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tcy	Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
tclkmpwh	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns
tclkmpwl	Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
tpcy	Pipelined Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
tpclkmpwh	Pipelined Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns
tpclkmpwl	Pipelined Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
tclk2q	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.332	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	2.346	ns
	Access Time with Feed-Through Write Timing	–	1.56	ns
taddrsu	Address Setup Time	0.631	–	ns
taddrhd	Address Hold Time	0.282	–	ns

**Table 122 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 8Kx2**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tdsu	Data Setup Time	0.34	–	ns
tdhd	Data Hold Time	0.084	–	ns
tblksu	Block Select Setup Time	0.214	–	ns
tblkhd	Block Select Hold Time	0.223	–	ns
tblk2q	Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	1.56	ns
tblkmpw	Block Select Minimum Pulse Width	0.218	–	ns
trdesu	Read Enable Setup Time	0.546	–	ns
trdehd	Read Enable Hold Time	0.073	–	ns
trdpleSU	Pipelined Read Enable Setup Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.256	–	ns
trdplehd	Pipelined Read Enable Hold Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.106	–	ns
tr2q	Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay	–	1.583	ns
trstrem	Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	0.522	–	ns
trstrec	Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.005	–	ns
trstmpw	Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.352	–	ns
tplrstrem	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	-0.288	–	ns
tplrstrec	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.338	–	ns
tplrstmpw	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.33	–	ns
tsrstSU	Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.233	–	ns
tsrsthd	Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.037	–	ns
tweSU	Write Enable Setup Time	0.504	–	ns
twehd	Write Enable Hold Time	0.05	–	ns
Fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	300	MHz

**Table 123 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 16Kx1**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tcy	Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
tclkmpwh	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns
tclkmpwl	Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
tpcy	Pipelined Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
tpclkmpwh	Pipelined Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns

**Table 123 • RAM1K18 – Dual-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 16Kx1**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade –1		Units
		Min	Max	
tpclkmpwl	Pipelined Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
tclk2q	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.332	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	2.342	ns
	Access Time with Feed-Through Write Timing	–	1.559	ns
taddrsu	Address Setup Time	0.646	–	ns
taddrhd	Address Hold Time	0.282	–	ns
tdsu	Data Setup Time	0.332	–	ns
tdhd	Data Hold Time	0.084	–	ns
tblksu	Block Select Setup Time	0.214	–	ns
tblkhd	Block Select Hold Time	0.223	–	ns
tblk2q	Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	1.559	ns
tblkmpw	Block Select Minimum Pulse Width	0.218	–	ns
trdesu	Read Enable Setup Time	0.547	–	ns
trdehd	Read Enable Hold Time	0.073	–	ns
trdpleSU	Pipelined Read Enable Setup Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.256	–	ns
trdplehd	Pipelined Read Enable Hold Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.106	–	ns
tr2q	Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay		1.603	ns
trstrem	Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	0.522	–	ns
trstrec	Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.005	–	ns
trstmpw	Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.352	–	ns
tplrstrem	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	-0.288	–	ns
tplrstrec	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.338	–	ns
tplrstmpw	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.33	–	ns
tsrstsu	Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.233	–	ns
tsrsthd	Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.037	–	ns
twesu	Write Enable Setup Time	0.468	–	ns
twehd	Write Enable Hold Time	0.05	–	ns
Fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	300	MHz

**Table 124 • RAM1K18 – Two-Port Mode for Depth x Width Configuration 512x36**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
t <sub>cy</sub>	Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
t <sub>clkmpwh</sub>	Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns
t <sub>clkmpwl</sub>	Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
t <sub>plcy</sub>	Pipelined Clock Period	3.333	–	ns
t <sub>plclkmpwh</sub>	Pipelined Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.5	–	ns
t <sub>plclkmpwl</sub>	Pipelined Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.5	–	ns
t <sub>clk2q</sub>	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.346	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	2.322	ns
t <sub>addr<sub>su</sub></sub>	Address Setup Time	0.323	–	ns
t <sub>addr<sub>hd</sub></sub>	Address Hold Time	0.282	–	ns
t <sub>dsu</sub>	Data Setup Time	0.348	–	ns
t <sub>dhd</sub>	Data Hold Time	0.114	–	ns
t <sub>blksu</sub>	Block Select Setup Time	0.214	–	ns
t <sub>blkhd</sub>	Block Select Hold Time	0.208	–	ns
t <sub>blk2q</sub>	Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	2.322	ns
t <sub>blkmpw</sub>	Block Select Minimum Pulse Width	0.218	–	ns
t <sub>rdesu</sub>	Read Enable Setup Time	0.463	–	ns
t <sub>rdehd</sub>	Read Enable Hold Time	0.173	–	ns
t <sub>rdplesu</sub>	Pipelined Read Enable Setup Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.256	–	ns
t <sub>rdplehd</sub>	Pipelined Read Enable Hold Time (A_DOUT_EN, B_DOUT_EN)	0.106	–	ns
t <sub>r2q</sub>	Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay	–	1.561	ns
t <sub>rstrem</sub>	Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	0.522	–	ns
t <sub>rstrec</sub>	Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.005	–	ns
t <sub>rstmpw</sub>	Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.352	–	ns
t <sub>plrstrem</sub>	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Removal Time	-0.288	–	ns
t <sub>plrstrec</sub>	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	0.338	–	ns
t <sub>plrstmpw</sub>	Pipelined Register Asynchronous Reset Minimum Pulse Width	0.33	–	ns
t <sub>srsts<sub>su</sub></sub>	Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.233	–	ns
t <sub>srsth<sub>d</sub></sub>	Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.037	–	ns
t <sub>wesu</sub>	Write Enable Setup Time	0.402	–	ns

**Table 124 • RAM1K18 – Two-Port Mode for Depth × Width Configuration 512x36**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
twehd	Write Enable Hold Time	0.25	–	ns
Fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	300	MHz

## 11.2 FPGA Fabric Micro SRAM (uSRAM)

**Table 125 • uSRAM (RAM64x18) in 64x18 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
t <sub>cy</sub>	Read Clock Period	4	–	ns
t <sub>clkmpwh</sub>	Read Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
t <sub>clkmpwl</sub>	Read Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
t <sub>pcy</sub>	Read Pipe-line clock period	4	–	ns
t <sub>plckmpwh</sub>	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
t <sub>plckmpwl</sub>	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
t <sub>clk2q</sub>	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.276	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	1.738	ns
t <sub>addr<sub>su</sub></sub>	Read Address Setup Time in Synchronous Mode	0.311	–	ns
	Read Address Setup Time in Asynchronous Mode	1.916	–	ns
t <sub>addr<sub>hd</sub></sub>	Read Address Hold Time in Synchronous Mode	0.094	–	ns
	Read Address Hold Time in Asynchronous Mode	-0.803	–	ns
t <sub>rdensu</sub>	Read Enable Setup Time	0.287	–	ns
t <sub>rdenhd</sub>	Read Enable Hold Time	0.059	–	ns
t <sub>blk<sub>su</sub></sub>	Read Block Select Setup Time	1.898	–	ns
t <sub>blk<sub>hd</sub></sub>	Read Block Select Hold Time	-0.671	–	ns
t <sub>blk2q</sub>	Read Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	2.102	ns
t <sub>rstrem</sub>	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Pipelined Clock)	-0.15	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.047	–	ns
t <sub>rstrec</sub>	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Pipelined Clock)	0.524	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.244	–	ns
t <sub>tr2q</sub>	Read Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay (with Pipe-Line Register Enabled)	–	0.869	ns

**Table 125 • uSRAM (RAM64x18) in 64x18 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tsrstu	Read Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.279	–	ns
tsrsthd	Read Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.062	–	ns
tccy	Write Clock Period	4	–	ns
tcclkmpwh	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tcclkmpwl	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tblkcsu	Write Block Setup Time	0.417	–	ns
tblkchd	Write Block Hold Time	0.007	–	ns
tdincsu	Write Input Data setup Time	0.119	–	ns
tdinchd	Write Input Data hold Time	0.155	–	ns
taddrcsu	Write Address Setup Time	0.091	–	ns
taddrchd	Write Address Hold Time	0.132	–	ns
twecsu	Write Enable Setup Time	0.41	–	ns
twechd	Write Enable Hold Time	-0.027	–	ns
fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	250	MHz

**Table 126 • uSRAM (RAM64x16) in 64x16 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tcy	Read Clock Period	4	–	ns
tclkmpwh	Read Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tclkmpwl	Read Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tplcy	Read Pipe-line clock period	4	–	ns
tplclkmpwh	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tplclkmpwl	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tclk2q	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.276	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	1.738	ns
taddrsu	Read Address Setup Time in Synchronous Mode	0.311	–	ns
	Read Address Setup Time in Asynchronous Mode	1.916	–	ns
taddrhd	Read Address Hold Time in Synchronous Mode	0.094	–	ns
	Read Address Hold Time in Asynchronous Mode	-0.803	–	ns
trdensu	Read Enable Setup Time	0.287	–	ns



**Table 126 • uSRAM (RAM64x16) in 64x16 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
trdenhd	Read Enable Hold Time	0.059	–	ns
tblksu	Read Block Select Setup Time	1.898	–	ns
tblkhd	Read Block Select Hold Time	-0.671	–	ns
tblk2q	Read Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	2.102	ns
trstrem	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Pipelined Clock)	-0.15	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.047	–	ns
trstrec	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Pipelined Clock)	0.524	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.244	–	ns
tr2q	Read Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay (With Pipe-Line Register Enabled)	–	0.866	ns
tsrstsu	Read Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.279	–	ns
tsrsthd	Read Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.062	–	ns
tccy	Write Clock Period	4	–	ns
tclkmpwh	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tclkmpwl	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tblksu	Write Block Setup Time	0.417	–	ns
tblkhd	Write Block Hold Time	0.007	–	ns
tdincsu	Write Input Data setup Time	0.119	–	ns
tdinchd	Write Input Data hold Time	0.155	–	ns
taddrsu	Write Address Setup Time	0.091	–	ns
taddrhd	Write Address Hold Time	0.132	–	ns
twecsu	Write Enable Setup Time	0.41	–	ns
twechd	Write Enable Hold Time	-0.027	–	ns
fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	250	MHz

**Table 127 • uSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128x9 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tcy	Read Clock Period	4	–	ns
tclkmpwh	Read Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns

**Table 127 • uSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128x9 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tclkmpwl	Read Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tpicy	Read Pipe-line clock period	4	–	ns
tplckmpwh	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tplckmpwl	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tclk2q	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.276	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	1.776	ns
taddrsu	Read Address Setup Time in Synchronous Mode	0.311	–	ns
	Read Address Setup Time in Asynchronous Mode	1.959	–	ns
taddrhd	Read Address Hold Time in Synchronous Mode	0.125	–	ns
	Read Address Hold Time in Asynchronous Mode	-0.704	–	ns
trdensu	Read Enable Setup Time	0.287	–	ns
trdenhd	Read Enable Hold Time	0.059	–	ns
tblksu	Read Block Select Setup Time	1.898	–	ns
tblkhd	Read Block Select Hold Time	-0.671	–	ns
tblk2q	Read Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	2.14	ns
trstrem	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Pipelined Clock)	-0.15	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.047	–	ns
trstrec	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Pipelined Clock)	0.524	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.244	–	ns
tr2q	Read Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay (with Pipe-Line Register Enabled)	–	0.865	ns
tsrstsu	Read Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.279	–	ns
tsrsthd	Read Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.062	–	ns
tccy	Write Clock Period	4	–	ns
tcclkmpwh	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tcclkmpwl	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tblksu	Write Block Setup Time	0.417	–	ns
tblkchd	Write Block Hold Time	0.007	–	ns
tdincsu	Write Input Data setup Time	0.104	–	ns
tdinchd	Write Input Data hold Time	0.142	–	ns
taddrcsu	Write Address Setup Time	0.091	–	ns

**Table 127 • uSRAM (RAM128x9) in 128x9 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
taddrchd	Write Address Hold Time	0.24	–	ns
twecsu	Write Enable Setup Time	0.41	–	ns
twechd	Write Enable Hold Time	-0.027	–	ns
fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	250	MHz

**Table 128 • uSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128x8 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tcy	Read Clock Period	4	–	ns
tclkmpwh	Read Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tclkmpwl	Read Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tpcy	Read Pipe-line clock period	4	–	ns
tpclkmpwh	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tpclkmpwl	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tclk2q	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.276	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	1.776	ns
taddrsu	Read Address Setup Time in Synchronous Mode	0.311	–	ns
	Read Address Setup Time in Asynchronous Mode	1.959	–	ns
taddrhd	Read Address Hold Time in Synchronous Mode	0.125	–	ns
	Read Address Hold Time in Asynchronous Mode	-0.704	–	ns
trdensu	Read Enable Setup Time	0.287	–	ns
trdenhd	Read Enable Hold Time	0.059	–	ns
tblksu	Read Block Select Setup Time	1.898	–	ns
tblkhd	Read Block Select Hold Time	-0.671	–	ns
tblk2q	Read Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	2.14	ns
trstrem	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Pipelined Clock)	-0.15	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.047	–	ns
trstrec	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Pipelined Clock)	0.524	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.244	–	ns

**Table 128 • uSRAM (RAM128x8) in 128x8 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tr2q	Read Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay (With Pipe-Line Register Enabled)	–	0.865	ns
tsrstu	Read Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.279	–	ns
tsrsthd	Read Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.062	–	ns
tccy	Write Clock Period	4	–	ns
tcclkmpwh	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tcclkmpwl	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tblksu	Write Block Setup Time	0.417	–	ns
tblkhd	Write Block Hold Time	0.007	–	ns
tdincsu	Write Input Data setup Time	0.104	–	ns
tdinchd	Write Input Data hold Time	0.142	–	ns
taddrcsu	Write Address Setup Time	0.091	–	ns
taddrchd	Write Address Hold Time	0.24	–	ns
twecsu	Write Enable Setup Time	0.41	–	ns
twechd	Write Enable Hold Time	-0.027	–	ns
fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	250	MHz

**Table 129 • uSRAM (RAM256x4) in 256x4 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tcy	Read Clock Period	4	–	ns
tclkmpwh	Read Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tclkmpwl	Read Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tpcy	Read Pipe-line clock period	4	–	ns
tpclkmpwh	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tpclkmpwl	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tclk2q	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.276	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	1.812	ns
taddrsu	Read Address Setup Time in Synchronous Mode	0.311	–	ns
	Read Address Setup Time in Asynchronous Mode	1.993	–	ns
taddrhd	Read Address Hold Time in Synchronous Mode	0.125	–	ns
	Read Address Hold Time in Asynchronous Mode	-0.669	–	ns
trdensu	Read Enable Setup Time	0.287	–	ns

**Table 129 • uSRAM (RAM256x4) in 256x4 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
trdenhd	Read Enable Hold Time	0.059	–	ns
tblkstu	Read Block Select Setup Time	1.898	–	ns
tblkhd	Read Block Select Hold Time	-0.671	–	ns
tblk2q	Read Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	2.166	ns
trstrem	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Pipelined Clock)	-0.15	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.047	–	ns
trstrec	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Pipelined Clock)	0.524	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.244	–	ns
tr2q	Read Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay (With Pipe-Line Register Enabled)	–	0.863	ns
tsrstsu	Read Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.279	–	ns
tsrsthd	Read Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.062	–	ns
tccy	Write Clock Period	4	–	ns
tcclkmpwh	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tcclkmpwl	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tblkcsu	Write Block Setup Time	0.417	–	ns
tblkchd	Write Block Hold Time	0.007	–	ns
tdincsu	Write Input Data setup Time	0.104	–	ns
tdinchd	Write Input Data hold Time	0.142	–	ns
taddrcsu	Write Address Setup Time	0.091	–	ns
taddrchd	Write Address Hold Time	0.253	–	ns
twecsu	Write Enable Setup Time	0.41	–	ns
twechd	Write Enable Hold Time	-0.027	–	ns
fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	250	MHz

**Table 130 • uSRAM (RAM512x2) in 512x2 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tcy	Read Clock Period	4	–	ns
tclkmpwh	Read Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns

**Table 130 • uSRAM (RAM512x2) in 512x2 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tclkmpwl	Read Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tpicy	Read Pipe-line clock period	4	–	ns
tpclkmpwh	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tpclkmpwl	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tclk2q	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.276	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	1.824	ns
taddrsu	Read Address Setup Time in Synchronous Mode	0.311	–	ns
	Read Address Setup Time in Asynchronous Mode	2.023	–	ns
taddrhd	Read Address Hold Time in Synchronous Mode	0.141	–	ns
	Read Address Hold Time in Asynchronous Mode	-0.599	–	ns
trdensu	Read Enable Setup Time	0.287	–	ns
trdenhd	Read Enable Hold Time	0.059	–	ns
tblksu	Read Block Select Setup Time	1.898	–	ns
tblkhd	Read Block Select Hold Time	-0.671	–	ns
tblk2q	Read Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	2.219	ns
trstrem	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Pipelined Clock)	-0.15	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.047	–	ns
trstrec	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Pipelined Clock)	0.524	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.244	–	ns
tr2q	Read Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay (With Pipe-Line Register Enabled)	–	0.862	ns
tsrstsu	Read Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.279	–	ns
tsrsthd	Read Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.062	–	ns
tccy	Write Clock Period	4	–	ns
tcclkmpwh	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tcclkmpwl	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tblkcsu	Write Block Setup Time	0.417	–	ns
tblkchd	Write Block Hold Time	0.007	–	ns
tdincsu	Write Input Data setup Time	0.104	–	ns
tdinchd	Write Input Data hold Time	0.142	–	ns
taddrcsu	Write Address Setup Time	0.091	–	ns

**Table 130 • uSRAM (RAM512x2) in 512x2 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
taddrchd	Write Address Hold Time	0.255	–	ns
twecsu	Write Enable Setup Time	0.41	–	ns
twechd	Write Enable Hold Time	-0.027	–	ns
fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	250	MHz

**Table 131 • uSRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024x1 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tcy	Read Clock Period	4	–	ns
tclkmpwh	Read Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tclkmpwl	Read Clock Minimum pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tplcy	Read Pipe-line clock period	4	–	ns
tplckmpwh	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tplckmpwl	Read Pipe-line clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tclk2q	Read Access Time with Pipeline Register	–	0.274	ns
	Read Access Time without Pipeline Register	–	1.839	ns
taddrsu	Read Address Setup Time in Synchronous Mode	0.311	–	ns
	Read Address Setup Time in Asynchronous Mode	2.041	–	ns
taddrhd	Read Address Hold Time in Synchronous Mode	0.141	–	ns
	Read Address Hold Time in Asynchronous Mode	-0.623	–	ns
trdensu	Read Enable Setup Time	0.287	–	ns
trdenhd	Read Enable Hold Time	0.059	–	ns
tblksu	Read Block Select Setup Time	1.898	–	ns
tblkhd	Read Block Select Hold Time	-0.671	–	ns
tblk2q	Read Block Select to Out Disable Time (when Pipe-Lined Registered is Disabled)	–	2.236	ns
trstrem	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Pipelined Clock)	-0.15	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Removal Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.047	–	ns
trstrec	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Pipelined Clock)	0.524	–	ns
	Read Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Non-Pipelined Clock)	0.244	–	ns

**Table 131 • uSRAM (RAM1024x1) in 1024x1 Mode**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Parameter	Description	Speed Grade -1		Units
		Min	Max	
tr2q	Read Asynchronous Reset to Output Propagation Delay (With Pipe-Line Register Enabled)	–	0.862	ns
tsrstu	Read Synchronous Reset Setup Time	0.279	–	ns
tsrsthd	Read Synchronous Reset Hold Time	0.062	–	ns
tccy	Write Clock Period	4	–	ns
tcclkmpwh	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width High	1.8	–	ns
tcclkmpwl	Write Clock Minimum Pulse Width Low	1.8	–	ns
tblksu	Write Block Setup Time	0.417	–	ns
tblkchd	Write Block Hold Time	0.007	–	ns
tdincsu	Write Input Data setup Time	0.003	–	ns
tdinchd	Write Input Data hold Time	0.142	–	ns
taddrclu	Write Address Setup Time	0.091	–	ns
taddrchd	Write Address Hold Time	0.255	–	ns
twecsu	Write Enable Setup Time	0.41	–	ns
twechd	Write Enable Hold Time	-0.027	–	ns
fmax	Maximum Frequency	–	250	MHz



## 12. Embedded NVM (eNVM) Characteristics

**Table 132 • eNVM Read Performance**

Worst-Case Conditions: VDD = 1.14 V, VPPNVM = VPP = 2.375 V

Symbol	Description	Operating Temperature Range						Unit
		-55°C to 125°C		-40°C to 100°C		0°C to 85°C		
T <sub>j</sub>	Junction Temperature Range	-55°C to 125°C		-40°C to 100°C		0°C to 85°C		°C
Speed grade		-1	Std	-1	Std	-1	Std	–
F <sub>MAXREAD</sub>	eNVM Maximum Read Frequency	25	25	25	25	25	25	MHz

**Table 133 • eNVM Page Programming**

Worst-Case Conditions: VDD = 1.14 V, VPPNVM = VPP = 2.375 V

Symbol	Description	Operating Temperature Range						Unit
		-55°C to 125°C		-40°C to 100°C		0°C to 85°C		
T <sub>j</sub>	Junction Temperature Range	-55°C to 125°C		-40°C to 100°C		0°C to 85°C		°C
Speed grade		-1	Std	-1	Std	-1	Std	–
t <sub>PAGEPGM</sub>	eNVM Page Programming Time	40	40	40	40	40	40	ms

## 13. Crystal Oscillator

Table 134 describes the electrical characteristics of the crystal oscillator in the IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs.

**Table 134 • Electrical Characteristics of the Crystal Oscillator – High Gain Mode (20 MHz)**

Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
FXTAL	Operating frequency	–	20	–	MHz
ACCXTAL	Accuracy	–	–	0.006	%
CYCXTAL	Output duty cycle	–	49-51	47-53	%
JITPERXTAL	Output Period Jitter (peak to peak)	–	200	300	ps
JITCYCXTAL	Output Cycle to Cycle Jitter (peak to peak)	–	200	550	ps
IDYNXTAL	Operating current	–	1.5	–	mA
VIHXTAL	Input logic level High	$0.9 \times V_{PP}$	–	–	V
VILXTAL	Input logic level Low	–	–	$0.1 \times V_{PP}$	V
SUXTAL	Startup time (with regard to stable oscillator output)	–	–	1	ms

**Table 135 • Electrical Characteristics of the Crystal Oscillator – Medium Gain Mode (2 MHz)**

Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
FXTAL	Operating frequency	–	2	–	MHz
ACCXTAL	Accuracy	–	–	0.003	%
CYCXTAL	Output duty cycle	–	49–51	47–53	%
JITPERXTAL	Output Period Jitter (peak to peak)	–	1	5	ns
JITCYCXTAL	Output Cycle to Cycle Jitter (peak to peak)	–	1	5	ns
IDYNXTAL	Operating current	–	0.3	–	mA
VIHXTAL	Input logic level High	$0.9 \times V_{PP}$	–	–	V
VILXTAL	Input logic level Low	–	–	$0.1 \times V_{PP}$	V
SUXTAL	Startup time (with regard to stable oscillator output)	–	–	4.5	ms

**Table 136 • Electrical Characteristics of the Crystal Oscillator – Low Gain Mode (32 kHz)**

Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
FXTAL	Operating frequency	–	32	–	kHz
ACCXTAL	Accuracy	–	–	0.006	%
CYCXTAL	Output duty cycle	–	49–51	45.5–54.5	%
JITPERXTAL	Output Period Jitter (peak to peak)	–	150	300	ns
JITCYCXTAL	Output Cycle to Cycle Jitter (peak to peak)	–	150	300	ns

**Table 136 • Electrical Characteristics of the Crystal Oscillator – Low Gain Mode (32 kHz)**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
IDYNXTAL	Operating current	–	0.044	–	mA
VIHXTAL	Input logic level High	$0.9 \times V_{PP}$	–	–	V
VILXTAL	Input logic level Low	–	–	$0.1 \times V_{PP}$	V
SUXTAL	Startup time (with regard to stable oscillator output)	–	–	120	ms

## 14. On-Chip Oscillator

Table 137 and Table 138 describe the electrical characteristics of the available on-chip oscillators in the IGLOO2 FPGAs and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs.

**Table 137 • Electrical Characteristics of the 50 MHz RC Oscillator**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
F50RC	Operating frequency	–	–	50	–	MHz
ACC50RC	Accuracy	–	–	1	8	%
CYC50RC	Output duty cycle	–	–	49–51	46–54	%
JIT50RC	Output jitter (peak to peak)	Period Jitter	–	200	500	ps
		Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter	–	320	900	ps
IDYN50RC	Operating current	–	–	8.5	–	mA

**Table 138 • Electrical Characteristics of the 1 MHz RC Oscillator**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
F1RC	Operating frequency	–	–	1	–	MHz
ACC1RC	Accuracy	–	–	1	6	%
CYC1RC	Output duty cycle	–	–	49–51	46.5–53.5	%
JIT1RC	Output jitter (peak to peak)	Period Jitter	–	10	36	ps
		Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter	–	10	50	ps
IDYN1RC	Operating current	–	–	0.1	–	mA
SU1RC	Startup time	–	–	–	20	$\mu\text{s}$

## 15. Clock Conditioning Circuits (CCC)

**Table 139 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Specification**

 Military Worst-Case Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
Clock conditioning circuitry input frequency $f_{IN\_CCC}$	All CCC	1	–	200	MHz	–
	32 kHz Capable CCC	0.032		200	MHz	–
Clock conditioning circuitry output frequency $f_{OUT\_CCC}$	–	0.078	–	400	MHz	1
PLL VCO frequency	–	500	–	1000	MHz	2
Delay increments in programmable delay blocks	–	–	75	100	ps	–
Number of programmable values in each programmable delay block	–	–	–	64	–	–
Acquisition time	–	–	70	100	$\mu\text{s}$	–
Input Duty Cycle (Reference Clock)	Internal Feedback					
	$1\text{ MHz} \leq f_{IN\_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$	10	–	90	%	–
	$25\text{ MHz} \leq f_{IN\_CCC} \leq 100\text{ MHz}$	25	–	75	%	–
	$100\text{ MHz} \leq f_{IN\_CCC} \leq 150\text{ MHz}$	35	–	65	%	–
	$150\text{ MHz} \leq f_{IN\_CCC} \leq 200\text{ MHz}$	45	–	55	%	–
	External Feedback (CCC, FPGA, Off-chip)					
	$1\text{ MHz} \leq f_{IN\_CCC} \leq 25\text{ MHz}$	25	–	75	%	–
	$25\text{ MHz} \leq f_{IN\_CCC} \leq 35\text{ MHz}$	35	–	65	%	–
	$35\text{ MHz} \leq f_{IN\_CCC} \leq 50\text{ MHz}$	45	–	55	%	–
Output duty cycle	010, 025, and 050 Devices	46	–	52	%	–
	090 and 150 Devices	44	–	52	%	–
<b>Spread Spectrum Characteristics</b>						
Modulation frequency range	–	25	35	50	kHz	–
Modulation depth range	–	0	–	1.5	%	–
Modulation depth control	–	–	0.5	–	%	–
<b>Notes:</b>						
1. The minimum output clock frequency is limited by the PLL. For more information refer to the <a href="#">UG0449: SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Clocking Resources User Guide</a> .						
2. The PLL is used in conjunction with the Clock Conditioning Circuitry. Performance will be limited by the CCC output frequency.						

**Table 140 • IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Jitter Specifications**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Conditions/Package Combinations					Units	Notes
CCC Output Peak-to-Peak Period Jitter fOUT_CCC							
010, 050 FG484 Packages	SSO = 0	0 < SSO <= 2	SSO <= 4	SSO <= 8	SSO <= 16	–	*
20 MHz to 100 MHz	Max(110, $\pm 1\% \times (1/f_{\text{OUT\_CCC}})$ )		Max(150, $\pm 1\% \times (1/f_{\text{OUT\_CCC}})$ )			ps	–
100 MHz to 400 MHz	120	150		170		ps	–
025 FG484 Package	0 < SSO <=16						*
20 MHz to 74 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/f_{\text{OUT\_CCC}})$					ps	–
74 MHz to 400 MHz	210					ps	–
090 FG484 and 150 FC1152 Packages	0 < SSO <=16						*
20 MHz to 100 MHz	$\pm 1\% \times (1/f_{\text{OUT\_CCC}})$					ps	–
100 MHz to 400 MHz	150					ps	–
<i>Note: *SSO Data is based on LVCMOS 2.5 V MSIO and/or MSIOD Bank I/Os.</i>							

## 16. JTAG

**Table 141 • JTAG 1532**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	-1 Speed Grade					Units
		010	025	050	090	150	
tTCK2Q	Clock to Q (data out)	7.91	7.95	8.15	9.21	8.85	ns
tRSTB2Q	Reset to Q (data out)	6.54	6.27	7.54	7.94	8.99	ns
tDISU	Test Data Input Setup Time	-0.70	-0.70	-0.31	-1.33	-1.02	ns
tDIHD	Test Data Input Hold Time	2.38	2.47	2.13	2.71	2.59	ns
tTMSSU	Test Mode Select Setup Time	-0.86	-1.13	0.26	-1.03	-0.56	ns
tTMDHD	Test Mode Select Hold Time	1.48	1.98	0.21	1.69	1.05	ns
tTRSTREM	ResetB Removal Time	-1.1	-1.38	-0.49	-0.8	-1.07	ns
tTRSTREC	ResetB Recovery Time	-1.1	-1.38	-0.47	-0.8	-1.07	ns
FTCKMAX	TCK Maximum frequency	25	25	25	25	25	MHz

## 17. DEVRST\_N Characteristics

**Table 142 • DEVRST\_N Characteristics**Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Symbol	Description	All Devices/Speed Grades			Units	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
TRAMPDEVRSTN	DEVRST_N ramp rate	–	–	10	ns	*

*Note:* \* Slower ramp rates are susceptible to board level noise.

## 18. System Controller SPI Characteristics

**Table 143 • System Controller SPI Characteristics**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Devices/Speed Grades			Units	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
sp1	SC_SPI_SCK minimum period	–	20	–	–	ns	–
sp2	SC_SPI_SCK minimum pulse width high	–	10	–	–	ns	–
sp3	SC_SPI_SCK minimum pulse width low	–	10	–	–	ns	–
sp4	SC_SPI_SCK, SC_SPI_SDO, SC_SPI_SS rise time (10%-90%) 1	I/O Configuration: LVTTTL 3.3V- 20mA AC Loading: 35pF Test Conditions: Typical Voltage, 25C	–	1.239	–	ns	*
sp5	SC_SPI_SCK, SC_SPI_SDO, SC_SPI_SS fall time (10%-90%) 1	I/O Configuration: LVTTTL 3.3V- 20mA AC Loading: 35pF Test Conditions: Typical Voltage, 25C	–	1.245	–	ns	*
sp6	Data from master (SC_SPI_SDO) setup time	–	160	–	–	ns	–
sp7	Data from master (SC_SPI_SDO) hold time	–	160	–	–	ns	–
sp8	SC_SPI_SDI setup time	–	20	–	–	ns	–
sp9	SC_SPI_SDI hold time	–	20	–	–	ns	–

*Note:* \*For specific Rise/Fall Times, board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/design-resources/ibis-models>. Use the supported I/O Configurations for the System Controller SPI in Table 144.

**Table 144 • Supported I/O Configurations for System Controller SPI (for MSIO Bank Only)**

Voltage Supply	I/O Drive Configuration	Units
3.3 V	20	mA
2.5 V	16	mA
1.8 V	12	mA
1.5 V	8	mA
1.2 V	4	mA

## 19. Mathblock Timing Characteristics

The fundamental building block in any digital signal processing algorithm is the multiply-accumulate function. Each IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC mathblock supports 18x18 signed multiplication, dot product, and built-in addition, subtraction, and accumulation units to combine multiplication results efficiently.

**Table 145 • Mathblocks With All Registers Used**  
Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Mathblock With All Registers Used		Speed Grade -1		Units
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	
TMISU	Input, Control Register Setup time	0.149	–	ns
TMIHD	Input, Control Register Hold time	0.08	–	ns
TMOCDINSU	CDIN Input Setup time	1.68	–	ns
TMOCDINH	CDIN Input Hold time	-0.419	–	ns
TMSRSTENSU	Synchronous Reset/Enable Setup time	0.185	–	ns
TMSRSTENHD	Synchronous Reset/Enable Hold time	0.011	–	ns
TMARSTREM	Asynchronous Reset Removal time	0	–	ns
TMARSTREC	Asynchronous Reset Recovery time	0.088	–	ns
TMOCQ	Output Register Clock to Out delay	–	0.232	ns
TMCLKMP	CLK Minimum period	2.245	–	ns

**Table 146 • Mathblock With Input Bypassed and Output Registers Used**  
Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Mathblock With Input Bypassed and Output Registers Used		Speed Grade -1		Units
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	
TMOSU	Output Register Setup time	2.294	–	ns
TMOHD	Output Register Hold time	-0.444	–	ns
TMOCDINSU	CDIN Input Setup time	1.68	–	ns
TMOCDINH	CDIN Input Hold time	-0.419	–	ns
TMSRSTENSU	Synchronous Reset/Enable Setup time	0.115	–	ns
TMSRSTENHD	Synchronous Reset/Enable Hold time	0.011	–	ns
TMARSTREM	Asynchronous Reset Removal time	0	–	ns
TMARSTREC	Asynchronous Reset Recovery time	0.014	–	ns
TMOCQ	Output Register Clock to Out delay	–	0.232	ns
TMCLKMP	CLK Minimum period	2.179	–	ns



**Table 147 • Mathblock With Input Register Used and Output in Bypass Mode**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Mathblock With Input Register Used and Output in Bypass Mode		Speed Grade -1		Units
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	
TMISU	Input Register Setup time	0.149	–	ns
TMIHD	Input Register Hold time	0.08	–	ns
TMSRSTENSU	Synchronous Reset/Enable Setup time	0.185	–	ns
TMSRSTENHD	Synchronous Reset/Enable Hold time	-0.012	–	ns
TMARSTREM	Asynchronous Reset Removal time	-0.005	–	ns
TMARSTREC	Asynchronous Reset Recovery time	0.088	–	ns
TMICQ	Input Register Clock to Output delay	–	2.52	ns
TMCDIN2Q	CDIN to Output delay	–	1.951	ns

**Table 148 • Mathblock With Input and Output in Bypass Mode**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Mathblock With Input and Output in Bypass Mode		Speed Grade -1		Units
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	
TMIQ	Input to Output delay	–	2.568	ns
TMCDIN2Q	CDIN to Output delay	–	1.951	ns

## 20. Flash\*Freeze Timing Characteristics

**Table 149 • Flash\*Freeze Entry and Exit Times**

 Military Worst-Case conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Entry/Exit Timing	Units	Notes
TFF_ENTRY	Entry time	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON	160	$\mu\text{s}$	1
		eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = OFF	215	$\mu\text{s}$	1

**Table 149 • Flash\*Freeze Entry and Exit Times (continued)**
**Military Worst-Case conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 125°C, VDD = 1.14 V**

TFF_EXIT	Exit Time with respect to MSS PLL Lock	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F	100	µs	1
		eNVM=ON and MSS/HPMS PLL =OFF during F*F and MSS/HPMS PLL turned back on at exit	136	µs	1
		eNVM and MSS PLL=OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit	200	µs	1
		eNVM=OFF and MSS PLL = ON during F*F and eNVM turned back on at exit	200	µs	1
	Exit Time with respect to Fabric PLL Lock	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F	1.5	ms	1,2
		eNVM and MSS PLL=OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit	1.5	ms	1,2
	Exit Time with respect to Fabric buffer output	eNVM and MSS/HPMS PLL = ON during F*F	21	µs	1,2
		eNVM and MSS PLL=OFF during F*F and both are turned back on at exit	65	µs	1
<b>Notes:</b> 1. F*F entry and exit times were measured with FCLK = 100 MHz 2. PLL Lock Delay set to 1024 cycles (default)					

## 21. DDR Memory Interface Characteristics

**Table 150 • DDR Memory Interface Characteristics**

Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Standard	Supported Data Rate			Unit
	Min	Typ	Max	
DDR3	667			Mbps
DDR2	667			Mbps
LPDDR	50	–	400	Mbps

## 22. SFP Transceiver Characteristics

IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SERDES complies with small form-factor pluggable (SFP) requirements as specified in SFP INF-80741. [Table 151](#) provides the electrical characteristics.

**Table 151 • SFP Transceiver Electrical Characteristics**

**Worst-Case Military Conditions:**  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Pin	Direction	Differential Peak-Peak Voltage			Unit	Note
		Min	Typ	Max		
RD+/-	Output	1600	–	2400	mV	1
TD+/-	Input	350	–	2400	mV	2

**Notes:**

1. Based on default SERDES transmitter settings for PCIe Gen1. Lower amplitudes are available through programming changes to TX\_AMP setting.
2. Based on Input Voltage Common-Mode (VICM) = 0 V. Requires AC Coupling.

## 23. PCIe Electrical and Timing AC and DC Characteristics

PCIe® is a high speed, packet-based, point-to-point, low pin count, serial interconnect bus. The IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs has up to four hard high-speed serial interface blocks. Each SERDES block contains a PCIe system block. The PCIe system is connected to the SERDES block.

**Table 152 • Transmitter Parameters**

Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
VTX-DIFF-PP	Differential swing PCIe Gen1	0.8	–	1.2	V
VTX-CM-AC-P	Output common mode voltage PCIe Gen1	–	–	20	mV
VTX-RISE-FALL	Rise and fall time (20% to 80%) PCIe Gen1	0.125	–	–	UI
ZTX-DIFF-DC	Output impedance – differential	80	–	120	$\Omega$
LTX-SKEW	Lane-to-lane TX skew within a SERDES block PCIe Gen1	–	–	500 ps + 2 UI	ps
RLTX-DIFF	Return loss differential mode PCIe Gen1	–10	–	–	dB
RLTX-CM	Return loss common mode PCIe Gen1	–6	–	–	dB
TX-LOCK-RST	Transmit PLL lock time from reset	–	–	10	$\mu\text{s}$

**Table 153 • Receiver Parameters**

Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
VRX-DIFF-PP-CC	Input levels PCIe Gen1	0.175	–	1.2	V
VRX-CM-DC-P	Input common mode range (DC coupled) Note: PCIe standard mandates AC coupling	NA	NA	NA	–
VRX-CM-AC-P	Input common mode range (AC coupled)	–	–	150	mV
VRX-DIFF-PP-CC	Differential input sensitivity Gen1	0.175	–	–	mV
ZRX-DIFF-DC	Differential input termination	80	100	120	$\Omega$
REXT	External calibration resistor	1,188	1,200	1,212	$\Omega$
CDR-LOCK-RST	CDR relock time from reset	–	–	15	$\mu\text{s}$
RLRX-DIFF	Return loss differential mode PCIe Gen1	–10	–	–	dB
RLRX-CM	Return loss common mode PCIe Gen1	–6	–	–	dB
	CID limit (set by 8B/10B coding, not the receiver PLL)	–	–	4	UI
VRX-IDLE-DET-DIFF-PP	Signal detect limit	65	–	175	mV

**Table 154 • SERDES Reference Clock AC Specifications**

Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Worst-Case  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Symbols	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
FREFCLK	Reference Clock Frequency	100	–	160	MHz
TRISE	Reference Clock Rise Time	0.6	–	4	V/ns
TFALL	Reference Clock Fall Time	0.6	–	4	V/ns
TCYC	Reference Clock Duty Cycle	40	–	60	%
Mmrefclk	Reference Clock Mismatch	–300	–	300	ppm
SSCref	Reference Spread Spectrum Clock	0	–	5000	ppm

**Table 155 • HCSL Minimum and Maximum DC Input Levels (Applicable to SERDES REFCLK Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Recommended DC Operating Conditions</b>						
VDDI	Supply Voltage	–	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
<b>HCSL DC Input Voltage Specification</b>						
VI	DC Input voltage	–	0	–	2.625	V
<b>HCSL Differential Voltage Specification</b>						
VICM	Input common mode voltage	–	0.05	–	2.4	V
VIDIFF	Input differential voltage	–	100	–	1100	mV

**Table 156 • HCSL Maximum AC Switching Speeds (Applicable to SERDES REFCLK Only)**

Symbols	Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>HCSL AC Specifications</b>						
Fmax	Maximum Data Rate (for MSIO IO Bank)	–	–	–	350	Mbps
<b>HCSL Impedance Specifications</b>						
Rt	Termination Resistance	–	–	100	–	Ω

## 24. SmartFusion2 Specifications

### 24.1 MSS Clock Frequency

**Table 157 • Maximum Frequency for MSS Main Clock**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade –1	Units
M3_CLK	Maximum frequency for the MSS Main Clock (FCLK)	133	MHz

### 24.2 SmartFusion2 Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C) Characteristics

This section describes the DC and switching of the I<sup>2</sup>C interface. Unless otherwise noted, all output characteristics given are for a 100 pF load on the pins. For timing parameter definitions, refer to [Figure 16 on page 112](#).

**Table 158 • I<sup>2</sup>C Characteristics**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Definition	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
VIL	Input low voltage	Refer to the "Single-Ended I/O Standards" section on page 27 for more information. I/O standard used for illustration: MSIO bank– LVTTTL 8 mA low drive.	–0.3	–	0.8	V	–
VIH	Input high voltage	Refer to the "Single-Ended I/O Standards" section on page 27 for more information. I/O standard used for illustration: MSIO bank – LVTTTL 8 mA low drive.	2	–	3.45	V	–

**Table 158 • I2C Characteristics**
**Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)**

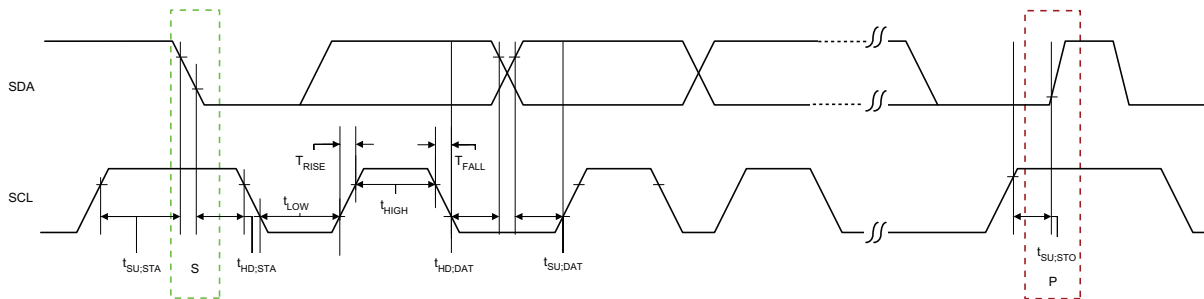
Parameter	Definition	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
VHYS	Hysteresis of Schmitt triggered inputs for $V_{DDI} > 2\text{ V}$	Refer to Table 20 on page 27 for more information.	$0.05 \times V_{DDI}$	–	–	V	–
IIL	Input current high	Refer to the "Single-Ended I/O Standards" section on page 27 for more information.	–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$	–
IIH	Input current low	Refer to the "Single-Ended I/O Standards" section on page 27 for more information.	–	–	10	$\mu\text{A}$	–
Tir	Input rise time	Standard Mode	–	–	1000	ns	–
–	–	Fast Mode	–	–	300	ns	–
Tif	Input fall time	Standard Mode	–	–	300	ns	–
–	–	Fast Mode	–	–	300	ns	–
VOL	Maximum output voltage low (open drain) at 3 mA sink current for $V_{DDI} > 2\text{ V}$	Refer to the "Single-Ended I/O Standards" section on page 27 for more information. I/O standard used for illustration: MSIO bank – LVTTTL 8 mA low drive.	–	–	0.4	V	–
Cin	Pin capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$ , $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	–	–	10	pF	–
$t_{OF}$	Output fall time from $V_{IHMin}$ to $V_{ILMax}$	$V_{IHmin}$ to $V_{ILMax}$ , $C_{load} = 400\text{ pF}$	–	21.04	–	ns	1
		$V_{IHmin}$ to $V_{ILMax}$ , $C_{load} = 100\text{ pF}$	–	5.556	–	ns	
$t_{OR}$	Output rise time from $V_{ILMax}$ to $V_{IHMin}$	$V_{ILMax}$ to $V_{IHmin}$ , $C_{load} = 400\text{ pF}$	–	19.887	–	ns	1
		$V_{ILMax}$ to $V_{IHmin}$ , $C_{load} = 100\text{ pF}$	–	5.218	–	ns	
Rpull-up	Output maximum pull-down buffer resistance	–	–	–	50	$\Omega$	2, 3
Rpull-down	Output maximum pull-up buffer resistance	–	–	–	131.25	$\Omega$	2, 4
Dmax	Maximum data rate	Fast mode	–	–	400	Kbps	–
		Standard mode	–	–	100	Kbps	–
$t_{FILT}$	Pulse width of spikes which must be suppressed by the input filter	Fast mode	–	50	–	ns	–

**Notes:**

1. These values are provided for MSIO Bank - LVTTTL 8 mA Low Drive at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ , typical conditions. For Board Design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/design-resources/ibis-models>.
2. These maximum values are provided for information only. Minimum output buffer resistance values depend on  $V_{DDI}$ , drive strength selection, temperature, and process. For board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the SoC Products Group website: <http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/design-resources/ibis-models>.
3.  $R(\text{PULL-DOWN-MAX}) = (V_{OLspec}) / I_{OLspec}$
4.  $R(\text{PULL-UP-MAX}) = (V_{DDImax} - V_{OHspec}) / I_{OHspec}$

**Table 159 • I<sup>2</sup>C Switching Characteristics**  
 Worst-Case Military Conditions: T<sub>J</sub> = 125°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.14 V

Parameter	Definition	Conditions	Speed Grade -1		Units
			Min	Max	
t <sub>LOW</sub>	Low period of I2C_x_SCL	–	1	–	clk cycles
t <sub>HIGH</sub>	High period of I2C_x_SCL	–	1	–	clk cycles
t <sub>HD;STA</sub>	START hold time	–	1	–	clk cycles
t <sub>SU;STA</sub>	START setup time	–	1	–	clk cycles
t <sub>HD;DAT</sub>	DATA hold time	–	1	–	clk cycles
t <sub>SU;DAT</sub>	DATA setup time	–	1	–	clk cycles
t <sub>SU;STO</sub>	STOP setup time	–	1	–	clk cycles



**Figure 16 • I<sup>2</sup>C Timing Parameter Definition**



## 24.3 Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Characteristics

This section describes the DC and switching of the SPI interface. Unless otherwise noted, all output characteristics given are for a 35 pF load on the pins and all sequential timing characteristics are related to SPI\_x\_CLK. For timing parameter definitions, refer to Figure 17 on page 115.

**Table 160 • SPI Characteristics**

Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Devices/Speed Grades			Unit	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
sp1	<b>SPI_[0 1]_CLK minimum period</b>						
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/2	–	12	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/4	–	24.1	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/8	–	48.2	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/16	–	0.1	–	–	μs	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/32	–	0.19	–	–	μs	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/64	–	0.39	–	–	μs	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/128	–	0.77	–	–	μs	–
sp2	<b>SPI_[0 1]_CLK minimum pulse width high</b>						
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/2	–	6	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/4	–	12.05	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/8	–	24.1	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/16	–	0.05	–	–	μs	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/32	–	0.095	–	–	μs	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/64	–	0.195	–	–	μs	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/128	–	0.385	–	–	μs	–
sp3	<b>SPI_[0 1]_CLK minimum pulse width low</b>						
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/2	–	6	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/4	–	12.05	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/8	–	24.1	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/16	–	0.05	–	–	μs	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/32	–	0.095	–	–	μs	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/64	–	0.195	–	–	μs	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/128	–	0.385	–	–	μs	–

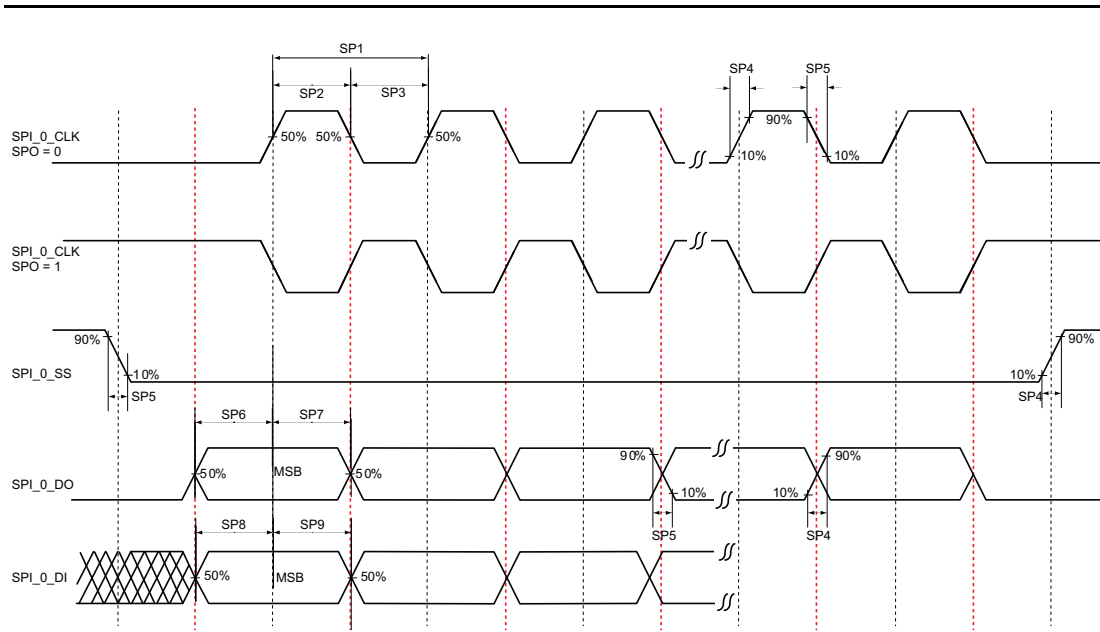
**Notes:**

- For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website:  
<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/design-resources/ibis-models>.
- For allowable pclk configurations, refer to the Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide.

**Table 160 • SPI Characteristics**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Devices/Speed Grades			Unit	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
sp4	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS rise time (10%-90%)	IO Configuration: LVCMOS 2.5 V - 8mA AC Loading: 35pF Test Conditions: Typical Voltage, 25°C	–	2.77	–	ns	1
sp5	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS fall time (10%-90%)	IO Configuration: LVCMOS 2.5 V - 8mA AC Loading: 35pF Test Conditions: Typical Voltage, 25°C	–	2.90 6	–	ns	1
<b>SPI Master Configuration</b>							
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time	–	$(\text{SPI\_x\_CLK\_period}/2) - 3.0$	–	–	ns	2
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time	–	$(\text{SPI\_x\_CLK\_period}/2) - 2.5$	–	–	ns	2
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time	–	8	–	–	ns	2
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time	–	2.5	–	–	ns	2
<b>SPI Slave Configuration</b>							
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time	–	$(\text{SPI\_x\_CLK\_period}/2) - 12.0$	–	–	ns	2
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time	–	$(\text{SPI\_x\_CLK\_period}/2) + 3.0$	–	–	ns	2
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time	–	2	–	–	ns	2
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time	–	3	–	–	ns	2
<b>Notes:</b> 1. For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website: <a href="http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/design-resources/ibis-models">http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/design-resources/ibis-models</a> . 2. For allowable pclk configurations, refer to the Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide.							



**Figure 17 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)**

## 25. CAN Controller Characteristics

**Table 161 • CAN Controller Characteristics**

Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
FCANREFCLK	Internally Sourced CAN Reference Clock Frequency	–	–	128	MHz	*
BAUDCAN	CAN Performance Baud Rate	0.05	–	1	Mbps	–

*Note:* PCLK to CAN controller must be a multiple of 8 MHz.

## 26. USB Characteristics

**Table 162 • USB Characteristics**Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
FUSBREFCLK	Internally Sourced USB Reference Clock Frequency	–	–	133	MHz
TUSBCLK	USB Clock Period	–	–	16.66	ns
TUSBPD	Clock to USB Data Propagation Delay	–	–	9.0	ns
TUSBSU	Setup Time for USB Data	–	–	6.0	ns
TUSBHD	Hold Time for USB Data	0	–	–	ns

## 27. IGLOO2 Specifications

### 27.1 HPMS Clock Frequency

**Table 163 • Maximum Frequency for HPMS Main Clock**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade -1	Units
HPMS_CLK	Maximum Frequency for the HPMS Main Clock (FCLK)	133	MHz

### 27.2 IGLOO2 Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Characteristics

This section describes the DC and switching of the SPI interface. Unless otherwise noted, all output characteristics given are for a 35 pF load on the pins and all sequential timing characteristics are related to SPI\_0\_CLK. For timing parameter definitions, refer to [Figure 18 on page 120](#).

**Table 164 • SPI Characteristics**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$ 

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Devices/Speed Grades			Units	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
sp1	<b>SPI_[0 1]_CLK minimum period</b>						
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/2	–	12	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/4	–	24.1	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/8	–	48.2	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/16	–	0.1	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/32	–	0.19	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/64	–	0.39	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/128	–	0.77	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–
sp2	<b>SPI_[0 1]_CLK minimum pulse width high</b>						
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/2	–	6	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/4	–	12.05	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/8	–	24.1	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/16	–	0.05	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/32	–	0.095	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/64	–	0.195	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/128	–	0.385	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–

**Table 164 • SPI Characteristics**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Devices/Speed Grades			Unit	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
sp3	<b>SPI_[0 1]_CLK minimum pulse width low</b>						
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/2	–	6	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/4	–	12.05	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/8	–	24.1	–	–	ns	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/16	–	0.05	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/32	–	0.095	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/64	–	0.195	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–
	SPI_[0 1]_CLK = PCLK/128	–	0.385	–	–	$\mu\text{s}$	–
sp4	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS rise time (10%-90%)	I/O Configuration: LVCMOS 2.5 V- 8mA AC Loading: 35pF Test Conditions: Typical Voltage, 25°C	–	2.77	–	ns	1
sp5	SPI_[0 1]_CLK, SPI_[0 1]_DO, SPI_[0 1]_SS fall time (10%-90%)	I/O Configuration: LVCMOS 2.5 V- 8mA AC Loading: 35pF Test Conditions: Typical Voltage, 25°C	–	2.90 6	–	ns	1
<b>SPI Master Configuration</b>							
sp6m	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time	–	$(\text{SPI}_x\_CLK\_period/2) - 3.0$	–	–	ns	2
sp7m	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time	–	$(\text{SPI}_x\_CLK\_period/2) - 2.5$	–	–	ns	2
sp8m	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time	–	8	–	–	ns	2
sp9m	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time	–	2.5	–	–	ns	2
<b>SPI Slave Configuration</b>							
sp6s	SPI_[0 1]_DO setup time	–	$(\text{SPI}_x\_CLK\_period/2) - 12.0$	–	–	ns	2
sp7s	SPI_[0 1]_DO hold time	–	$(\text{SPI}_x\_CLK\_period/2) + 3.0$	–	–	ns	2
sp8s	SPI_[0 1]_DI setup time	–	2	–	–	ns	2

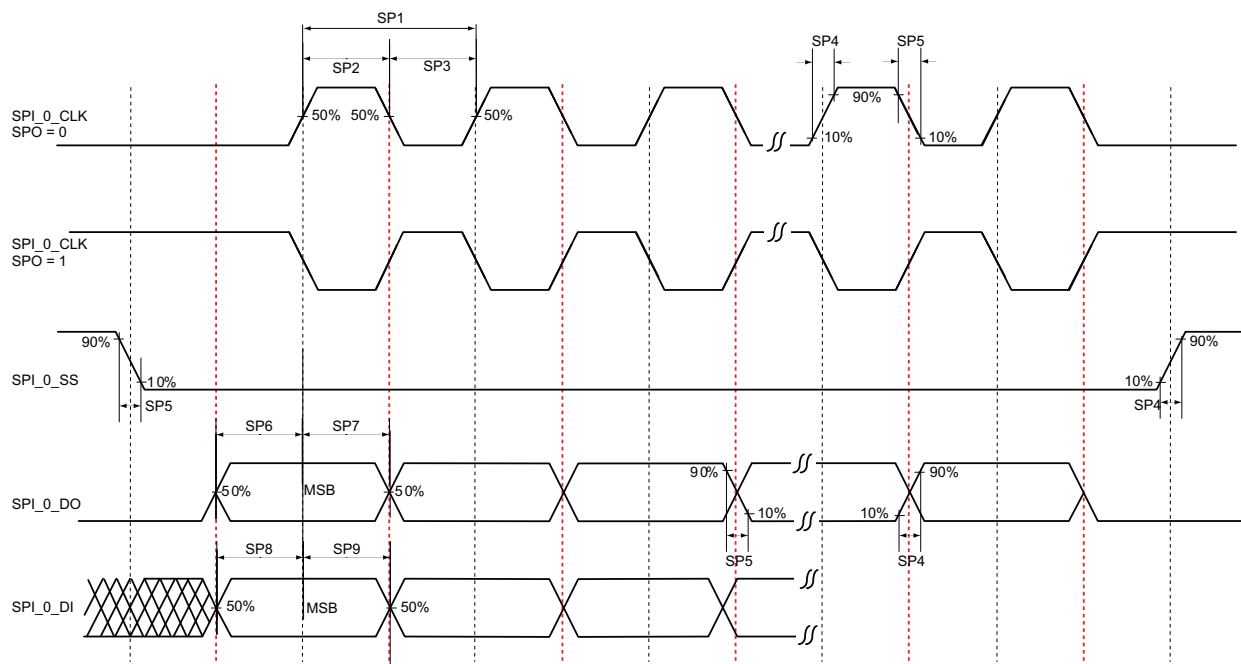
**Table 164 • SPI Characteristics**

 Worst-Case Military Conditions:  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 1.14\text{ V}$  (continued)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Devices/Speed Grades			Unit	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
sp9s	SPI_[0 1]_DI hold time	–	3	–	–	ns	2

**Notes:**

- For specific Rise/Fall Times board design considerations and detailed output buffer resistances, use the corresponding IBIS models located on the Microsemi SoC Products Group website:  
<http://www.microsemi.com/products/fpga-soc/design-resources/ibis-models>.
- For allowable pclk configurations, refer to the Serial Peripheral Interface Controller section in the UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide.


**Figure 18 • SPI Timing for a Single Frame Transfer in Motorola Mode (SPH = 1)**



## Datasheet Information

### List of Changes

The following table shows important changes made in this document for each revision.

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 4 (September 2015)	Updated Table 9: "SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current – Typical Process" for typical process values (SAR 69218).	17
	Updated Table 10: "SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Quiescent Supply Current – Worst-Case Process" for worst process values (SAR 69218).	18
	Updated Table 140: "IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Jitter Specifications" for FG484 package (SAR 69804).	101
Revision 3 (June 2015)	Updated Table 1: "IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Device Status" (SAR 68620).	10
Revision 2 (June 2015)	Updated Table 1: "IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Device Status"	10
	Updated Table 3: "Recommended Operating Conditions"	12
	Updated Table 4: "FPGA Operating Limits" (SAR 63109).	14
	Updated Table 7: "Package Thermal Resistance"	15
	Updated Table 65: "DDR2/SSTL18 AC Specifications (Applicable to DDRIO Bank Only)" and Table 69: "DDR3/SSTL15 AC Specifications" (SAR 67210).	49, 51
	Added "Embedded NVM (eNVM) Characteristics" (SAR 52509).	97
	Updated Table 139: "IGLOO2 and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGAs CCC/PLL Specification" (SAR 65958, SAR 62012, and SAR 56666).	100
	Updated Table 141: "JTAG 1532"	101
	Added "DEVRST_N Characteristics" (SAR 64100).	102
	Added "DDR Memory Interface Characteristics" (SAR 66223).	107
	Added "SFP Transceiver Characteristics" (SAR 63105).	108
	Added "CAN Controller Characteristics" (SAR 50424).	116
	Added "USB Characteristics" (SAR 50424).	117
Updated Table 157: "Maximum Frequency for MSS Main Clock" and Table 163: "Maximum Frequency for HPMS Main Clock" (SAR 66314).	110, 118	
Revision 1 (December 2014)	Initial release.	NA

## Datasheet Categories

### Categories

In order to provide the latest information to designers, some datasheet parameters are published before data has been fully characterized from silicon devices. The data provided for a given device, as highlighted in [Table 1 on page 10](#) is designated as either "Product Brief," "Advance," "Preliminary," or "Production." The definitions of these categories are as follows:

### Product Brief

The product brief is a summarized version of a datasheet (advance or production) and contains general product information. This document gives an overview of specific device and family information.

### Advance

This version contains initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production.

This label only applies to the DC and Switching Characteristics chapter of the datasheet and will only be used when the data has not been fully characterized.

### Preliminary

The datasheet contains information based on simulation and/or initial characterization. The information is believed to be correct, but changes are possible.

### Production

This version contains information that is considered to be final.

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